

ARMY

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SEA AND AIR



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WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 19, 1927

ONE YEAR, SERVICE MEMBERS, \$4
CIVILIANS AND ORGANIZATIONS, \$5

What Appropriations Bill Does for Army

By HON. HENRY E. BARBOUR,
Acting Chairman of House Subcommittee on Appropriations for War Department.

THE War Department appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1928, carries the regular annual appropriations for all activities of the War Department, including both the military, which are chargeable to the National Defense, and the nonmilitary, which are not directly so chargeable. It provides for a strength of 118,750 enlisted men, 11,961 officers, 1,219 warrant officers, and 6,445 Philippine Scouts. The first increment of commissioned officers and enlisted personnel under the five-year program provided by the Air Corps Act are included within such total commissioned and enlisted strength. Additional officers and enlisted men for the Air Corps are not provided in the 1928 appropriation bill for the reason that it did not appear that there would be need for these additions until the materiel expansion had progressed to the point where they could be properly absorbed.

Rations Provided For.

Provision is made for a garrison ration costing 40 cents. This is an increase of nearly four cents over the estimated average cost of the ration for the present fiscal year. It is expected that a law will be enacted placing the Army ration more nearly upon an equality with the Navy and Marine Corps. The Navy ration for 1928 is based on a cost of 55 cents, while that for the Marine Corps is estimated at 50 cents. The components of the Navy and Marine Corps rations are fixed by law, while the Army ration is prescribed by Executive order and has not been changed over a period of eighteen years.

School Training Included.

The training of 200 officers at the Command and General Staff School at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, is provided for.

The bill carries appropriations for the purchase of 2,150 horses for cavalry, artillery, and engineers, 1,450 mules, and 125 motor cars at a cost not to exceed \$1,000 each.

The sum of \$24,500 is appropriated
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Government Strengthens Its Forces to Pacify Nicaragua

INDICATING a decision on the part of the American Government to demand, and enforce, the cessation of fighting in Nicaragua, sixteen hundred Marines are en route or under orders to proceed to Nicaragua to augment the seven hundred Marines now at the disposal of Rear Admiral Julian L. Latimer, U. S. N., commander of the Special Service Squadron.

Orders were issued on Feb. 17 for 200 Marines on the ships of the Scouting Fleet to be detached and sent to Nicaragua, and this detachment sailed from Guantanamo aboard the U. S. S. Trenton on Friday, the 18th.

San Diego Sends Quota.

A company of Marines and an air detachment of 100 officers and men, with six D. H. planes, left San Diego on the Melville Feb. 16 for Corinto. The planes are to be utilized for communication and observation purposes and in case of emergency can be used for bombing or fighting.

Approximately 1,000 Marines at Quantico
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War Department Reports on Wurzbach Bill

LATEST developments on the Army Promotion situation in Congress are the expected passage of the Wadsworth Promotion Bill which the Senator will bring up at the first opportunity and an unfavorable report from the War Department on the Wurzbach Promotion Bill as exclusively predicted by the Army and Navy Journal.

Indications are that there will be little opposition to the Wadsworth Bill in the Senate. Senator Robinson (Ark.), Minority Leader of the Senate, endorsed the bill. He said:

Bill Should Pass.

"The Promotion and Retirement Bill recently reported by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs is designed to increase the efficiency of the military establishment by affording relief from abnormal conditions arising from the induction into the Regular Army of almost six thousand officers during the World War period. It will require a long period to restore the personnel situation to normal, even under the terms of this bill. The cost will not be considerable. The bill carries a measure of justice and I believe it should pass."

The Secretary of War in a letter to Chairman Morin gave the War Department's views on the Wurzbach Bill as follows:

Pursuant to your request, report is hereby made on H. R. 16613—a bill "to increase the efficiency of the Military Establishment, and for other purposes" (intro-

duced in the House of Representatives January 24, 1927, by Mr. Wurzbach).

I shall not undertake at this time to discuss the provisions of this bill in great detail, but shall confine the expression of my views to the salient, outstanding features of it, which, to my mind, constitute the elements that determine whatever value it may have as a remedial measure to effect an improvement in the deplorable personnel situation confronting the Army as explained at some length in my letters of December, 1926, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

As stated in those letters, the War Department has recently made an exhaustive study of alleged injustices existing in the Single Promotion List of the Army, and, in conjunction therewith, a very careful study of the existing Promotion and Retirement Systems of the Army in respect of their satisfactory applicability to the Army in its present constitution of personnel.

Views Have Not Changed.

These studies, together with the approved report thereon of a board consisting of the two Assistant Secretaries of the War and the Chief of Staff of the Army, were transmitted to the Senate and House of Representatives with the letters above referred to.

The conclusions reached as a result of these studies, and the recommendations submitted as to the remedial legislation action deemed necessary in the best interests of the Army, represent the very best thought of the War Department on the subjects, which, I may very frankly state, has undergone no essential change as a result of study of the bill in reference.

The bill in reference, in many respects, is in harmony with the War Department thought as expressed in the conclusions and recommendations referred to, while in some respects it represents features which are
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Marine Corps Promotion Bill Is Drafted

AFTER months of intensive work the Marine Corps Personnel Board, headed by Brig. Gen. Ben H. Fuller, has completed the draft of a proposed bill to "Regulate the distribution and promotion of commissioned officers of the Marine Corps."

Prior to his final approval and the submission of the bill to Congress, Major General John A. Lejeune has ordered copies sent throughout the service with instructions that officers generally be given an opportunity to study the proposed legislation and submit such suggestions for changes they may desire. Under this arrangement the service will be given until next September to get its reaction in and an effort made to get congressional action at the next session.

The following official resume of their findings has been prepared:

Summary of the Situation.

The first problem to be faced is the effect on the Marine Corps of the steadily mounting cost of the commissioned active list. This increase is caused by the large number of officers in the lower grades who are receiving compensation of the pay period next higher than the period intended to apply to the average officers in those grades. The increase is at the average rate of \$45,000 per year and will reach its peak in about 20 years, when it will amount to an annual excess of \$900,000 over present appropriations. As the present budget system is based on the principle of allowing no increase in appropriations for regular operating expenses, this increased cost of the commissioned personnel of the Corps may result in serious curtailment of personnel.

The other serious problems are the slow and irregular flow of promotion, the present stagnation, and the absence in the present system of some measure that stimulates in our officers a higher degree of zeal and professional interest.

Slight Attrition Retards Promotion.

Slow promotion is due to small average annual attrition. The average service in his grade which may be expected by the junior in each grade is Lieutenant (1st and

2nd combined), 11 years; Captain, 19 years; Major, 21 years. An analysis of the above shows that a newly commissioned 2nd Lieutenant will spend practically all his active career in the grades below lieutenant colonel and will then pass through the higher grades in a very few years before retirement.

From 1900 to 1920 a reasonable rate of promotion was maintained by increases in the total commissioned strength of the Corps. This can no longer be expected.

"Humps" Cause Variation.

Irregular promotion is due to the great variation in the number of commissioned entries from year to year. Minor "humps" are caused by the comparatively large classes of 1900, 1903 to 1906, 1909, 1913 and 1916, and the major "hump" by 317 commissioned in the Regular Marine Corps in 1917 and 502 in 1920, of which latter two groups about 490 are still on the active list, or practically half the commissioned strength of the Corps.

Under present conditions the senior officer in rank of the 1917-20 hump will be a major by 1932 and has a good chance of being retired at 64 years old as a general; while the junior, only two years younger, will not be a captain until 1932, and will retire at 64 years old as a major about half way up the list. Such inequality of opportunity is naturally conducive to a lowering of morale.

U. S. M. C. Promotion Lags.

Another serious aspect of the situation is the fact that promotion in the Marine Corps in each grade is several years behind that of officers of the line and staff of the Navy in equivalent grades. In some cases Marine officers are two grades behind their contemporaries of the Navy. The approximate total commissioned service of the junior officers in each grade of the two services is as follows: Navy Captains, 21 years; Colonels, 27 years; Commanders, 16 years; Lieutenant Colonels, 23 years; Lieutenant Commanders, 11 years; Majors, 14 years; Navy Lieutenant, 6 years; Marine Captains, 10 years. As the two services are constantly associated, this condition breeds dissatisfaction because of its obvious inequality.

With regard to the present lack of proper stimulus to endeavor, the board believes that a system of promotion is faulty that
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Congress Reacts To Rejection of Parley

REJECTION of the President's disarmament conference proposal has had these results:

- 1—Determination of the Senate to insist upon its amendment making appropriation for the three cruisers of the 1924 program.
- 2—Weakening of the opposition to such action in the House.
- 3—Certainty that the battleship modernization bill will be enacted.
- 4—Solidification of the feeling against any rebatement of the French and Italian debts.

House Favors Cruiser Bill.

In spite of the most earnest efforts of Congressman Butler, Chairman of the House Naval Committee, he has not yet been able to induce the Rules Committee to report a rule for the consideration of the bill authorizing the construction of ten cruisers. Mr. Butler is insisting that this measure is in accordance with the President's program, and must be adopted. If the bill should get before the House, it will pass overwhelmingly.

Members of the House are predicting as a result of the negative replies received to the Disarmament proposal, that provision will be made within the next two years for fifteen cruisers. This, however, is pure speculation. As to the 1924 cruisers, much depends upon the President's attitude, and that will not be made known until he has heard from Great Britain and Japan. The Senate, uninfluenced by the Executive, proposes to stand by its demand that the cruisers be built. The action the House will take continues doubtful, but the chances for acceptance of the Senate's decision are favorable.

President in Earnest.

From what is known relative to the President's viewpoint, he was emphatically in earnest when in his message he intimated that the United States could not regard the execution of the "far-reaching building programs laid down by certain powers" without concern. Members of Congress are especially calling attention to his statement:

"I am sure that all governments and all peoples would choose a system of naval limitation in preference to con-
(Continued on Page 590.)

Conference on New Promotion Policies Granted to Reserves

THE Secretary of War has granted a conference to Brig. Gen. Roy Hoffman, Inf.-Res., President of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States, on a date to be selected by the latter between March 1 and 15.

General Hoffman in a signed statement given to the Army and Navy Journal at National Reserve Association Headquarters February 18 discussed the new War Department policies regarding Reserves as follows:

Policies Provoke Discussion.

"The new policies of the War Department, published January 10, governing the Reserve Corps, have provoked a great deal of discussion among reserve officers generally. Many of the State Departments, and local chapters of this association have held special meetings for the purpose of studying these policies, with the result that the new provisions governing classification and promotion are found to be unsatisfactory by a great many officers.

"Our association has for years worked
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While Approving Naval Conference, Editors Back 5-5-3 Ratio

THE President's memorandum to the four great naval powers suggesting the calling of a new naval conference to limit the classes of ships, cruisers, destroyers and submarines, which were not covered by the Washington Treaties, came upon the world like a clap of thunder on a sunny summer's afternoon. A perusal of the national press convinces one that while the majority of the editors, with some notable exceptions, are in full accord with the President's aim for world reduction of armament, they are in earnest agreement that America's navy must be maintained at the 5-5-3 ratio. They also appear in many instances skeptical as to European reaction to this suggestion when the shoe will be on the other foot, so to speak, and the bulk of the scrapping falls to the lot of foreign navies or the abandoning of their naval programs.

The *Chicago Tribune* (Republican) is one of the exceptions to the general approval of the idea of calling a separate naval conference. It says:

"The *Tribune* distrusts conferences in which American idealists, meet European realists, and this distrust is without any feeling against the realists. * * * They believe that if they do not take care of their own country, no one will unless it be advantageous for the other side to do so. Great Britain and Japan have protected themselves under the Washington agreement. * * * The United States has not. We believe the position of the United States is better if it retains its independence of action. * * * We doubt the American ability to take anything away from the other powers."

THE *Philadelphia Public Ledger* (Republican independent) argues that whatever happens at the proposed conference "we shall probably have to build a few to catch up to whatever basis is fixed."

The *San Francisco Chronicle* (Republican) says the United States has already shown its willingness to meet the other powers half way in regard to disarmament and that President Coolidge need not be surprised if the reaction in America to his latest call for naval disarmament is an insistence that our government "Trust in God and keep our powder dry." It goes on to say that we have no means of knowing how the European governments will view this new move "and until we do know and know that the 5-5-3 ratio is to be established in fact as well as in theory, the American people we are sure, feel that it is up to our government to proceed to build the ships we need to put us where we belong."

The *St. Louis Globe Democrat* (Democratic) says:

"He (the President) believes it entirely practicable to isolate the naval problem and to solve it, without interfering with or hampering the consideration of general disarmament. The fact that naval disarmament is a question that concerns but a comparatively few of the powers, and therefore affects fewer and less diverse interests, and that the problem it presents is in itself comparatively simple, tends to justify the President's optimism."

THE *Kansas City Star* (Republican independent) believes the President has made a "gesture of good-will" by inviting a conference. It also says that even if no important results are attained from his action in doing this "it demonstrates once more, the sincere purpose of the United States to take the leadership for peaceful settlement of disputes."

The *Boston Herald* (Republican) voices the following: "The President's message to Congress on the subject of further limiting Naval disarmament points the way for this country and for all the world to step forward toward the goal of permanent peace. He does not expect to work a miracle. He does expect to gain ground."

The *Springfield Republican* (Republican) thinks the President, by suggesting a Naval Conference, has made a move that may prove to be of major importance in future peaceful international relations throughout the entire world. Also:

"To override him for the purpose of appropriating a paltry \$1,200,000 toward a

nominal yet provocative beginning of three cruisers which will actually cost \$35,000,000 when finished, would be a piece of monumental folly. It would tend to advertise to the other powers that the President lacks the confidence and support of Congress at the very time when he needs a demonstration of support in order to accomplish a great end."

THE *Hartford Courant* (Republican) says the President's suggestion for further Naval disarmament is worth attempting even if it comes to naught. It continues:

"Whatever the United States may do with respect to other matters, however indifferent it may be to the efforts of other nations to grope their way into a permanent peace, it has no desire to be a law unto itself in respect to naval armament. * * *

"But isn't it funny how we isolate ourselves from the world powers one moment and in the next open negotiations with them with respect to matters that affect our national expenditure! Some day somebody will have to explain why tying up our naval construction with the other powers doesn't constitute an entangling alliance, whereas if we agree with them to respect territorial integrity and set up devices to lessen the risk of war, we become hopelessly entangled."

THE *Brooklyn Eagle* (Independent) regards the President's memorandum on limitation of naval armament as well put but not well timed. To demonstrate this, it points out, it comes at a time when Congress is in the midst of a debate on cruisers which gives the impression abroad that there is serious difference of opinion between the executive and legislative branches of our government. Also that it comes on the heels of our refusal to join the powers in their peace promoting labors in the World Court, and finally we are asking the powers to limit auxiliary naval armament "at the very moment when a serious disturbance in China emphasizes the need for auxiliary warships."

The *Herald-Tribune* (Republican) believes the American people want and intend to have a treaty ratio navy.

"If other naval powers are not willing to extend the 5-5-3 ratio and prefer to go ahead constructing auxiliary ships, there will be nothing left for us to do but to take up the challenge. * * * "We are so far behind now in cruisers that we would probably have to authorize and build many more, even after the ratio were extended."

THE *New York Times* (Democratic) feels the President should be heartily commended for pursuing the idea of naval disarmament. The Times says:

"In the matter of cruisers our navy has nothing to offer. It cannot propose such a sacrifice as it made at the Washington Conference in the item of battle-ships. Indeed, one result of the agreement which the President suggests would be, if the ratio of 5-5-3 were applied all along the line, that the United States might be entitled to build more cruisers while Great Britain and Japan would have to abandon a part of their cruiser program. Another difficulty, which our representatives at Geneva would be sure to encounter, lies in the doubt whether the Senate would ratify any such naval treaty as the President indicates."

The *Raleigh News and Observer* (Democratic) in an editorial entitled "Mr. Coolidge Wakes Up," says if this country had followed Wilson in 1919 the reduction of armament would long ago have been accomplished without so many bites of a cherry, which up to date has amounted to nothing except as to capital ships. * * *

"After three years of a do-nothing policy, President Coolidge now takes the lead in requesting Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan to negotiate a treaty 'without delay at the Geneva Conference.' The immediate occasion for this action after pursuing a policy of manana is to defeat the Senate bill for additional cruisers."

What Appropriations Bill Does for Army

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

CONFEREES REPORT ARMY BILL.

THE Conference Report on the Army Appropriation Bill was submitted to the Congress February 15 and was adopted by the Senate February 16.

The following are main features of the bill as adopted:

Pay of Army, etc.	\$124,688,704
Subsistence of the Army	17,676,923
Regular supplies, Army	12,936,034
Incidental expenses, Army	3,626,724
Army transportation	14,683,253
Horses	504,750
Seacoast defenses	118,500
National Guard	10,192,000
Organized Reserves	858,100

for joint maneuvers of the Army and Navy off the New England coast.

The experimental and development work of the Ordnance Department will be carried on as heretofore, and provision is made for the manufacture of 30,000 gas masks by the Chemical Warfare Service.

Guns For Canal Zone.

The work of installing fire control apparatus at Sandy Hook, Chesapeake Bay and Los Angeles will be carried on, as will the installation of the battery of four sixteen-inch guns at Bruja Point, Canal Zone. Two of the guns are now installed, and with the appropriations carried in the 1928 bill the other two will be replaced. Provision is also made for the installation of power equipment and the completion of three magazines.

Increased appropriations are made for the Air Corps, and the money supplied will take care of as nearly one-fifth of the new program as it has been possible to estimate.

The transport Grant, which has for

some time been tied up at San Francisco, will be converted to an oil burner and placed in condition for economical operation. When conditioned, the Grant will be available to supplant the old transport Thomas on the San Francisco-Manila run.

Provision has been made for maintaining the National Guard at its present strength, and for forty-eight armory drills, and fifteen days' training in camps.

More Funds For Reserve.

Increased appropriations are provided for the Organized Reserves which will insure maintenance of present strength, and fifteen days' training for the same number of officers as during the present fiscal year.

No reduction is contemplated in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and appropriations for the Citizens' Military Training Camps will provide training for 35,000 young men.

By allowing an increase of \$361,000 in the appropriation for the new Mess Hall at West Point, it is believed that the building can be finished and equipped during the fiscal year 1928.

Provision For Housing Repairs.

A substantial increase in the appropriation for barracks and quarters will enable the Quartermaster Corps to provide much needed repairs to buildings at Army posts.

The foregoing are some of the principal military activities provided for in the 1928 appropriation bill. The non-military activities are well cared for. The bill carries a total of over 364 millions, of which about 79 millions are for non-military activities, and the remainder for the military. It is believed that the amounts carried in the bill will provide a well-rounded program for 1928.

Candidates for U. S. M. A. Announced

THE following candidates have been designated for the entrance examination for the U. S. Military Academy to be held beginning March 1, with a view to admission to the Academy on July 1, 1927:

California: 1st District—S. F. McCaskey, 747 Irwin St., San Rafael; W. P. Held, 1st alt., 963 W. Perkins St., Ukiah; R. B. McLane, 2nd alt., Orland.

Colorado: 3d District—J. T. Hakes, 1st alt., 112 W. Vermijo St., Colorado Springs; J. H. Rothrock, 2nd alt., 212 W. Caramillo St., Colorado Springs.

District of Columbia: District Columbia Commissioners—C. H. Bonesteel, III, 3220 Klinge Road, N. W., Washington, D. C.; F. M. Thuney, 1st alt., 216 Upshur St., N. W., Washington, D. C.; D. R. Patterson, 2d alt., 3107 N Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Illinois: 7th District—J. H. Stark, 5100 Palmer Square, Chicago; Ellwood E. Elmhorn, 1st alt., 4224 Armitage Ave., Chicago; M. M. Nelson, 2d alt., 2511 N. Kimball Ave., Chicago. 20th District—Anthony Geers, 1st alt., Carrollton; Leroy Kuerin, 2d alt., Tallula. Senator Deneen—A. Del Campo, Jr., 3012 Walnut St., Chicago; Jonathan Albert Rowell, 1st alt., 508 E. Graham St., Bloomington; C. G. Easley, 2d alt., 2240 S. Grove St., Berwyn. 11th District—E. G. Anderson, 1st alt., R. F. D. No. 4 Maple Park; R. E. Locke, 2d alt., 706 Highland Ave., Glen Ellyn.

Indiana: 3rd District—R. H. Vogel, 608 11th St., Tell City; R. L. Montgomery, 1st alt., Scottsburg.

Kansas: 1st District—J. M. Churchill, 2d alt., Fort Leavenworth.

Maine: 3rd District—L. B. Getchell, Ash Place, Bar Harbor; R. M. Lee, 1st alt., Western Ave., Augusta; L. B. Cottrell, 2d alt., Monmouth.

Minnesota: 7th District—O. G. Herts-gard, Madison; S. A. Nelson, 1st alt., Hector; P. T. E. Halverson, 2d alt., 217 N. 8th St., Montevideo.

Missouri: 4th District—T. B. Holmes, 1208 N. 8th St., St. Joseph; N. L. Vermillion, 1st alt., 821 Vine St., St. Joseph; Jake Lubo, 2d alt., 1118 Olive St., St. Joseph. 7th District—Nathaniel Davis, Fayette. 13th District—A. R. McClard, 1st alt., Leadwood.

Montana: Senator Wheeler—O. M. Wood, Havre; L. Russell Wirak, 1st alt., 1365 Evans St., Butte. 1st District—R. L. Cardell, 734 Gerald Ave., Missoula; N. B. Wilson, 1st alt., 210 E. Third Ave., S. Bozeman;

J. E. Mayo, 2d alt., 12 E. Galena St., Butte. **Nebraska:** 5th District—W. C. Kelly, 1st alt., Missoula Hotel, Missoula; L. E. Case, Curtis; C. S. Marchek, 1st alt., Lawrence; R. A. Kroll, 2d alt., 311 W. Division St., Grand Island.

New Jersey: 4th District—C. O. Ruegger, 71 Beechwood Ave., Bound Brook; J. B. Austin, 2d alt., 623 N. Church St., Bound Brook. 7th District—W. S. Hall, Jr., 823 E. 22d St., Paterson; Robert Quackenbush, 1st alt., 255 17th Ave., Paterson; E. J. Smith, 2d alt., 78 Pennington Ave., Passaic.

New York: 18th District—E. W. Weber, 413 E. 90th St., N. Y. City. 23d District—C. F. Nielson, 1st alt., 375 E. Moshulu Parkway N., N. Y. City. 25th District—H. A. McCormack, 2d alt., Croton-on-Hudson. 34th District—M. W. Groves, Grand Gorge; G. H. Flaherty, 1st alt., 47 Rotary Ave., Binghamton; W. C. Thompson, 2d alt., 145 Main St., Delhi; C. F. Buck, Jr., 42 Davis St., Binghamton; G. W. Halpers, 1st alt., Fleischmanns; W. H. Sachs, 2d alt., 50 Lincoln Ave., Binghamton. 42d District—J. R. Dolce, 496 Swan St., Buffalo Ave., Buffalo; N. G. Young, 2d alt., 1228 S. Park Ave., Lackawanna.

North Dakota: 3d District—J. H. McGee, Minot; L. A. Ayers, Shields; M. V. McCurdy, 1st alt., Washburn.

Ohio: 9th District—J. F. Rodenhauer, 820 Islington St., Toledo; J. A. Dalton, 1st alt., 644 Willard St., Toledo.

South Carolina: 6th District—J. H. Mitchell, 1st alt., Bennettsville; Joe Williamson, 2d alt., Conway.

Tennessee: 1st District—Lawrence Edwards, Cumberland Gap; R. A. Young, 1st alt., Elizabethton; H. G. Sheen, 2d alt., 501 Maryland Ave., Bristol.

Texas: 8th District—F. C. Mohr, 6444 Canal Ave., Houston; S. J. Scott, 1st alt., 705 Avendale, Houston; E. J. Macherey, 2d alt., 215 Linwood St., Houston.

Utah: 2d District—D. A. Herman, 1st alt., 1125 Emerson Ave., Salt Lake City.

Virginia: 3d District—P. H. Lash, 2d, 1601 N. Davis Ave., Richmond; Frank Thornton West, IV, 1st alt., 1921 Stuart Ave., Richmond; O. C. B. Wev, 2d alt., 1339 W. Grace St., Richmond.

Washington: 1st District—R. H. Harrison, 324 30th Ave., South Seattle; J. H. Hankins, 1st alt., 1401 Eighth Ave., West Seattle.

West Virginia: 2d District—J. L. Skinner, Charles Town; F. P. Corbin, Jr., 1st alt.

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Did You Read

the following important service stories last week?

Legislators' Views on Army Promotion Varied; President's Arms Proposal Meets With Approval by John Callan O'Laughlin; U. S. Army Opposes Bill for Transport Transfer; Jadwin's Plain Duty Was Support of Fiske, by Hon. S. Wallace Dempsey, Chairman Rivers and Harbors Committee; U. S. Must Have 5-5-3 Navy, by Hon. R. E. Updike, House Naval Affairs Committee; List of Master Sergeants, Army Air Corps, Announced; Navy Bills Await Rule; Credit for Navy Airship Duty, and May Probe British Propaganda.

If not, you did not read the Army and Navy Journal.

You cannot secure this vital information from any other source!

ARMY-NAVY RECEPTION

THE President and Mrs. Coolidge concluded the annual series of four State receptions with the one given at the White House on Feb. 17 in honor of the Army and Navy of the United States. This affair, always one of the most colorful of the annual series of State functions, was attended by more than 2,000 persons.

By special invitation, holders of the congressional medal, whether officers or enlisted men of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, now living in Washington, D. C., were present. Included in the Congressional Medal of Honor group were Rear Adms. E. A. Anderson, F. Fletcher, H. M. P. Huse, W. A. Moffett, H. O. Stickney, Capt. R. V. Johnston, J. P. Lannon, A. Staton, J. C. Townsend and W. R. Rush. Another specially interesting group of guests were the delegates of the Society of Navy Sponsors, holding its annual meeting in Washington.

The guests were introduced to the President and Mrs. Coolidge by Col. Sherwood A. Cheney, U. S. A., and Capt. Adolphus Andrews, U. S. N., White House aides. President and Mrs. Coolidge, in accordance with their custom, received alone while the cabinet and other specially invited guests stood behind the line in the blue room. Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall, Chief of Staff, U. S. A., was the first in the long line of Army officers to be received, while Rear Adm. and Mrs. Eberle, followed by the nine chiefs of bureaus and their wives and families, led the Navy line.

Mrs. Coolidge wore a gown of heavy white grosgrain, with large flowers in pastel shades. From the waistline there fell a narrow, double square train of the same material, lined with soft blue. She carried a bag of fine gold mesh. Mrs. Daves was gowned in white chiffon, made on simple lines and trimmed in crystal beads and wore a green tulle scarf around her throat. Mrs. Dwight F. Davis was in a robe de style model, the skirt being fashioned of pale green and rose taffeta, the green predominating. The bodice was cut with extremely low back, fine gold lace forming the front of the bodice and extending into a point in the back. Mrs. Curtis D. Wilbur was wearing a gown of sapphire blue sequins trimmed in pink tulle.

TRANSPORT CONFERENCE HELD.

A MEETING was held on Thursday, Feb. 17, in the office of the Chief Coordinator at which the recent proposal of the Shipping Board to take over and operate the Army and Navy Transport Service was discussed.

Adm. W. S. Benson and Caldwell Jenkins presented the views of the Shipping Board, while Adm. E. W. Eberle represented the Navy, and Maj. Gen. B. Frank Cheatham and Mr. Rossbottom, manager of the Panama Steamship Line, spoke for the Army. No decision was reached.

Conference on New Promotion Policies Granted to Reserves

(Continued from First Page.)

for higher standards of professional fitness in all grades, and, particularly, for some plan for the elimination of what has come to be referred to as the 'deadwood' within our Corps, but there is much comment to the effect that the new requirements are inclined to be too severe in the amount of work to be required of each officer each year, and that many exceedingly valuable officers, in time of war, would be practically forced out of the service by the terms of the new provisions.

"The National Council of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States, not having received the changes for study prior to their publication, now desire to go over them with the view of making some suggestions to the War Department looking to a few modifications, which, if adopted, will I firmly believe satisfy all concerned.

"A conference has been asked for with the Secretary of War and the Chief of Staff to enable us to present our views on these vital subjects, and with the splendid spirit of cooperation we have always received from the responsible heads of the War Department, we are confident that our opinions and suggestions will be given careful and sympathetic consideration.

"The announcement of the new policies has stimulated a degree of interest unprecedented, and will no doubt prove most beneficial in the long run, to the Reserve officers individually and collectively.

"Our association is experiencing the greatest growth in its history and our members are applying themselves as never before in an effort to fit themselves for the high trust that has been placed in them, should a great emergency develop again.

(Signed) ROY HOFFMAN,
Brig. Gen., Inf.-Res., President.

SEEKS MUNITIONS BATTALION.

IN spite of the most determined effort on the part of Assistant Secretary MacNider, the Army Appropriation bill, as reported by the Conferees, failed to contain the appropriation of \$78,000 for the "Munitions Battalion." It will be recalled that this force was to be recruited from colleges, and the young men, after graduation, and service for a short time in the Army, were to be discharged in order to pursue civil avocations. It was expected that a certain percentage of these young men would manifest executive ability, and be of great service to the Government in case of emergency in connection with procurement matters. Mr. MacNider is not disheartened, but is bombarding the Bureau of the Budget with a view to having an estimate included in the Budget for the next session.

STANDING OF NAVY SHIPS.

FOLLOWING is the standing of the highest of the following classes of vessels in the United States Navy in engineering for the year to date indicated below:

Minesweeper Class—For the year to January 1, 1927:

(1) Whippoorwill, (2) Umpqua, (3) Maropac, (4) Gannet, (5) Tanager, (6) Teal, (7) Pelican, (8) Wandank, (9) Grebe, (10) Ontario.

Tender Class—For the year to February 1, 1927:

(1) Black Hawk, (2) Langley, (3) Shawmut, (4) Bushnell, (5) Melville, (6) Antares, (7) Procyon, (8) Dobbin, (9) Holland, (10) Jason.

ASK ADEQUATE DEFENSE.

AT a meeting in the Capitol, Washington, D. C., Feb. 18, which brought together for the first time in history the heads of the G. A. R., United Spanish War Veterans, Veterans of Foreign Wars, the American Legion and Disabled Veterans of the World War, representing millions of men and women of the United States, a letter was composed to the President of the United States, the Congress and the People, in which they declared themselves united for National Defense. The letter condemned unequal disarmament, unanimously demanded the carrying out of the spirit and intent of the National Defense Act, and also sufficient appropriations to build a Navy equal to that of any other country.

Government Strengthens Its Forces to Pacify Nicaragua

(Continued from First Page.)

tico of the Fifth Regiment, under command of Col. L. M. Gulick, U. S. M. C., are under orders to embark on the transport Henderson on her arrival there and this force will be augmented by about 200 Marines at Parais Island, S. C. The Henderson, delayed several days at Philadelphia, where she has been undergoing repairs for generator trouble, left there on Feb. 18 for Newport where she is to take on 800 apprentice seamen for the Scouting Fleet and will put in at Quantico and take aboard the Marines there. With a capacity under normal conditions for transporting 1,400, the transport will be taxed to the limit to carry the 2,000 personnel even for the short cruise to Guantanamo, where the bluejackets will be disembarked.

Following a conference on Feb. 15 between Major Gen. John A. Lejeune and Postmaster General New, orders were issued withdrawing the remaining 1,000 Marines on mail guard duty to be completed by midnight Feb. 19. It had been the plan to keep this last contingent on mail guard duty at least until the first of July but the withdrawal of practically all of the Marines from San Diego and Quantico made it necessary to call them in at this time in order that a force would be available for any emergency call.

The officer roster of the 5th Regiment is:

Col. L. M. Gulick, Lt. Col. R. Y. Rhea, Maj. H. C. Pierce, M. E. Shearer, F. S. N. Erskine.

Capt. F. C. Cushing, A. Q. M., L. E. Egan, M. S. Berry, C. H. Martin, G. E. Hayes, G. D. Hatfield, E. S. Tuttle, H. F. Bleasdale, A. B. Sage, A. T. Lewis, R. M. Montague, R. Winans, J. Groff, S. J. Bartlett, L. L. Gover and J. J. Burks.

1st Lts. W. P. Leutze, S. L. Zea, F. D. Harbaugh, W. H. Hollingsworth, R. P. Coffman,

President Signs Ration Order.

THE President has signed an Executive Order which will raise the cost of the components of the Army ration from 35 cents to 50 cents. As the 1928 Army Appropriation Bill provides for an increase of 5 cents per ration per man, it is expected that a supplemental estimate will be submitted to Congress this session which will take care of the difference in cost. The order becomes effective July 1, 1927. The signing of the order indicates that the President intends to have a "well-fed" Army.

BIDS FOR NAVY CLOTH.

THE Navy is taking advantage of the low cotton market and has invited bids to be opened on February 23 for a large quantity of dry goods: Bids are requested on 750,000 yards of bleached, checked, nainsook; 160,000 yards of bleached shrunk drill; 42,000 yards of blue denim; 120,000 yards of cotton braid; 30,000 yards of buckram; 50,000 yards of blue cotton checks; 8,000 yards of black silesia; 415,000 yards of cotton 550,000 yards of 42-inch sheeting.

D. A. Stafford, J. Ackerman, G. C. Darnall, J. J. Brennan, A. W. Paul, F. S. Chappelle and C. H. Yost.

2nd Lts. R. S. A. Gladden, J. G. Walraven, G. J. O'Shea, J. G. Hooper, F. W. Brown, L. N. Utz, F. T. McQuillen, H. J. Withers, F. W. Bener, P. A. Putnam, L. Norman, K. H. Cornell, E. T. Peters, T. J. McQuade, M. R. Carroll, E. H. Phillips, R. C. Orrison, A. G. Bliesener, F. E. Sessions, A. T. Hunt, W. S. Brown, D. K. Claude, A. L. Gardner, J. P. S. Devereux, R. E. Hogaboom, F. B. Loomis, J. H. Coffman, J. H. Griebel, J. A. Donahue and T. C. Guen.

Mar. Gnrs. J. J. Faragher, W. J. Holloway, D. Loomis and J. Y. Aster. Q. M. Clk. C. F. Burrall and Pay Clk. F. R. Powers.

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and Navy Journal.



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"THE LAMPLIGHTER"
Robert Louis Stevenson

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GENERAL ELECTRIC

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Marine Corps Promotion Bill Is Drafted

(Continued from First Page.)

fails to create in the commissioned personnel a positive incentive not merely to get by but to excel. A correct system should stimulate an officer's interest in his profession, arouse his energy, and bring forth his best efforts.

Considered Many Factors.

While keeping before it the three major objects of reducing the cost, obtaining more rapid and regular flow of promotion, and creating a greater incentive to efficiency, the board also gave its attention and consideration to the other unfavorable conditions regarding the commissioned personnel of the Corps. These are as follows:

(a) The adverse disproportion of officers in certain grades of the Marine Corps as compared with equivalent grades in the other defense services. This particularly applies to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel.

(b) The hopeless promotion prospects of our junior Majors and those Captains and First Lieutenants who were commissioned during the World War.

(c) The excessive age of many of our company officers.

(d) The problem presented by the large number of permanent staff officers now in the grade of colonel and the even larger number that will eventually be in that grade, thus reducing the number of line colonels who are urgently needed to perform duties commensurate with that grade.

Radical Change Required.

The board reached the conclusion that the many unfavorable conditions of the active list as discussed herein can only be corrected by a radical change in our present methods of promotion. In conformity with this condition, the board set to work to devise such a system. As a guide in this task, the following principles were followed:

(a) The three parties whose interest must be protected are the taxpayers, the Marine Corps and the officers now on the active list.

(b) The precedence of those promoted should not be changed.

(c) The comparative fitness of officers

applied to the Marine Corps. This principle may be briefly summarized as follows:

An even flow of promotion, based on service of about seven years in each grade (the two lowest grades being considered as one), to be obtained by separation from the active list of a number of officers, in addition to the normal attrition, sufficient to maintain the desired rate of promotion.

Service-in-Grade Provisions.

The transfer of officers so separated to the retired list or to a special class of the Reserve, depending on length of service, as provided by the Britten Bill; together with the rates of compensation provided in that measure, were, in the main, considered applicable to the Marine Corps; but required changes in some minor details to prevent injustice to certain groups of officers in the Corps.

That the provisions of the Britten Bill with regard to officers separated from the active list and not placed on the retired list are fair may be seen from the table on this page.

It will be seen from the table that the total of the lump sum gratuity and seven years fractional pay which the proposed law would grant to an officer who is transferred to the reserve with under 20 years total service is, with two exceptions, well under the equity in retired pay which such an officer would have earned during his active service.

The basis of separation employed in the Britten Bill, separation upon reaching a certain total service, differing with each grade, was held by the board to be inapplicable to the Marine Corps for the following two reasons:

First. The great variation in the number of entries into the commissioned ranks of the Corps from year to year would cause a most inequitable variation in the percentage of each group separated in any grade.

Second. Due to the very small size of many annual entry groups, there would be periods of several years when practically no officers would be available for separation, thus causing a continuation of the

Comparison of Transferred Reserve Pay and Equity in Retired Pay.

Years Service	Age	Annual Active Pay	Lump Sum Gratuity	Annual Reserve Pay for 7 Years	Total Reserve Pay	Equity Earned in Total Retired Pay
6	28	\$2,200	\$4,400	\$366.33	\$6,966.33	\$7,714
7	29	2,200	4,400	366.33	6,966.33	9,000
8	30	2,200	4,400	366.33	6,966.33	10,284
9	31	2,300	4,600	383.33	7,283.33	11,568
10	32	2,760	8,280	920.00	14,720.00	12,852
11	33	2,760	8,280	920.00	14,720.00	14,136
12	34	2,880	8,640	960.00	15,360.00	15,420
13	35	2,880	8,640	960.00	15,360.00	16,704
14	36	2,880	8,640	960.00	15,360.00	18,000
15	37	3,000	9,000	1,000.00	16,000.00	19,284
16	38	3,000	9,000	1,000.00	16,000.00	20,568
17	39	3,750	11,250	1,250.00	20,000.00	21,852
18	40	3,900	11,700	1,300.00	20,800.00	23,136
19	41	3,900	11,700	1,300.00	20,800.00	24,420

NOTE—Retirement for age is at 64 years. Average service upon retirement for age, 42 years. Expectancy of life at age 64 years, 12 years. Average annual pay on retirement for age, \$4,500. Average total amount received on retired list, \$54,000. Equity for one year's service (1-42 of \$54,000), \$1,285.71.

cers for promotion should be recognized.

(d) A reasonable and uniform rate of promotion should be established.

(e) Equality of opportunity irrespective of age or length of service should be accorded to all.

(f) Those forced to leave the active list should have just remuneration.

(g) The services of those who leave the active list should be conserved for the emergency needs of the Marine Corps.

(h) The advantages and disadvantages of the system should be equitably distributed among all the grades.

(i) The special status of the permanent staff officers remaining on the active list, accorded them at the time of their amalgamation with the line, should be recognized.

Action of the Board.

In seeking a solution for the present personnel problem of the Marine Corps, the board also considered the necessity for uniformity, as far as the conditions in the two services will permit, in personnel laws for the Navy and for the Marine Corps. With this consideration in view, the board made a careful study of the Navy "Britten Bill" and of a proposed Marine Corps Bill, based thereon, which had been submitted to it by the Major General Commandant. It was agreed that the main principle of the Britten Bill was fair and equitable and should be

stagnation and irregular flow of promotion existing at present.

Transfer Bill Provided For.

For the basis of separation employed in the Britten Bill the board made provision for a transfer list, from which are to be transferred from the active list each year sufficient officers in each grade to create the necessary annual flow of promotion. Such transfers are to be made irrespective of age or length of service, but solely by seniority from the transfer list. The actual difference from the Britten Bill is slight as, by that measure, officers not recommended for promotion would remain in the grade until they complete a certain length of service, and then be separated from the active list.

Based on its findings as to the commissioned personnel situation in the Corps, and its study of other proposed service personnel plans, the board formulated a detailed personnel bill, and recommended its adoption.

The salient features of the board's proposed bill are contained in the following summary:

Summary of Bill.

It provides that all promotions, except to the grades of major general and first lieutenant, be made from promotion lists prepared annually by boards of officers; and that the rate of promotion be such that an officer spends approximately seven years in each grade. This rate is maintained by either voluntary or involuntary transfers from the active list to the retired list, or to the reserve, of sufficient officers each year to keep the flow to this minimum rate. The officers transferred who have over 30 years' total service go to the retired list direct and all others go to the Marine Corps Reserve. Of this latter class those who have over 20 years' total service stay in the reserve until they complete 30 years' total service, including service on the active list and in the reserve, and then go on the retired list, and those with less than 20 years' total service serve seven years in the reserve and are discharged at the expiration of this time. The officers who have over 20 years' service receive 2½ per cent pay for each year of total service at the time of transfer from the active list

(Continued on Page 599.)

Letters to the Editor

THE Army and Navy Journal invites its readers to take advantage of the "Letters to the Editor" columns to express opinions pro and con concerning the Army Promotion Board report and suggested legislative remedies. Action on promotion will vitally affect every officer in the Army. This paper desires to be a medium wherein officers can exchange views on the subject. It is suggested that letters be kept within 300 words when possible.

SUGGESTS LIEUTENANT PROMOTION.

The Editor, Army and Navy Journal:
THE undesirability of hasty enactment of any of the promotion legislation now pending is obvious. A different solution of the retirement problem can doubtless be arrived at in time with more consideration for the older officers in each grade. However, this more favorable solution argues, as the House Committee demands, further study; which in turn implies the expenditure of more or less time. And of course anything other than immediate enactment will force the legislation over until the next session of Congress. This means that at least a year will elapse before the officer receives any relief from the present situation.

In view of the foregoing, why not temporary legislation (pending enactment of the ultimate bill) to make effective the three-year rule of promotion of second lieutenants? This is the one feature of the whole scheme which above all others is recognized as the most urgently in need of passage. From my observation of the matter since the report of the Secretary of War I conclude that it is so well understood in both House and Senate that the pay of the second lieutenants is entirely inadequate that such a measure would be passed readily enough before the close of this session of Congress.

I find that most married second lieutenants have already been forced to resign and many others are considering such a step. And of course the men who can command such desirable offer from outside concerns as to make their resignation advisable are, in most cases, the most desirable of the young officers; those whom it is to the best interest of the Service to retain. The newly appointed officer generally has money; not a great deal, but enough to constitute a reserve to cover the ever threatening emergency. However, after two or three years at \$143.60 a month, however frugally he lives, this married lieutenant usually finds this fund exhausted in the maintenance of his household. More than that, he is probably head over heels in debt, his credit stretched to the breaking point and he himself engaged in a mad dance, a frantic scramble to place at once his fingers in all the holes in the dike. This sort of thing can continue for just so long; it has a limit.

It is in just such a state of affairs that a very intimate friend of mine receives an offer from a large and reliable firm. From a purely financial point of view, all the advantages of the Service considered, this job is worth more than his present one. And he is promised that if he takes the job, presuming efficiency in its discharge, in a year he will be making \$6,000. This is a big temptation to a man who does not wish to leave the Service—whose wife is strongly opposed to leaving it. But it simply resolves itself into a choice between a job carrying a living wage, and one which offers an inadequate salary.

Again, why not temporary legislation affecting the promotion to first lieutenant after three years? Should not such a measure be easy to enact during the present session of Congress? OFFICER.

LINCOLN AND LEE HONORED.

THE 118th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln was celebrated at New York University Feb. 11, and at the same time exercises were held in the honor of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

The ceremonies were held by the New York Young Republican Club. A group of Civil War Veterans, representing both the Union and Confederate armies, Spanish-American and World War Veterans, and the entire Cadet Regiment of New York University attended. Wreaths were placed on the busts of Lincoln and Lee in the Hall of Fame and the National Salute of 21 guns was fired by Cadets of the R. O. T. C.

Two Civil War leaders, Gen. Edwin Seligman, past commander of the Confederate Camp, and Gen. William Patton Griffith, past commander of the Union Legion of the G. A. R., were the principal speakers.

A copy of the official report of the Promotion Study Board will be mailed to all new subscribers for The Journal or those who extend their present subscriptions for a year.

DISCUSSES RESERVE PROMOTION.

The Editor, Army and Navy Journal:
I HAVE just read in the Journal the article, "Reserve Officers Resent War Department Plan."

I protest against the statement, "The Medical Corps would be disrupted by this policy, it is said, by causing the resignation of many of the leading surgeons and physicians of this country." Nonsense! In 1916 every leader in medicine and surgery was a First Lieutenant, Medical Reserve Corps and had been for many years.

Let me emphasize again, practically every distinguished physician and surgeon was in the Reserve Corps with the rank of a Lieutenant. The government and country can rest assured "dhoobi" rank is of no concern to the medical profession. If patriotism depends upon ranks in the reserves the good Lord help us.

The rapid promotion in the Reserve Corps since the World War has been absurd.

MEDICO RESERVIST.

WOMEN BACK DEFENSES.

THE Women's Patriotic Conference which was held in Washington, D. C., recently, passed a resolution urging immediate construction of three additional cruisers for the U. S. Navy; urging that the Navy be maintained fully in the 5-5-3 ratio provided at the Washington arms conference; calling on Congress to authorize ten additional cruisers, and urging support of the National Defense Act.

The conference also urged expansion of the Army and Navy Air Service and support of the Chemical Warfare Service. It pledged itself to a never-ceasing fight against the pacifist, defeatist and radical individuals and declared war on those who would abolish the Reserve Officers' Training Camps and the Citizens' Military Training Camps.

NEW COURSE FOR SIGNAL SCHOOL.

A NEW COURSE is to be included in the list of subjects at the Army Signal School, at Fort Monmouth, N. J. The new course, which has been approved by the War Department, will be that of still and motion photography and is the first of its kind to be offered in an Army school. The object of this course is to impart the principles of governing photography and to train the students in the making of historical and news pictures to the end that the Army will be better able to preserve pictorial records both of its present and future activities.

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Coast Guard
Reserve Forces

PROSPECTIVE GENERAL OFFICER APPOINTMENTS.

THE next retirement for age among general officers of the line of the Army will be that of Major Gen. Benjamin A. Poore, commanding the Seventh Corps Area with headquarters at Omaha, Neb., which occurs on June 22 next. This retirement will create two vacancies for general officers, as there will be a selection from the brigadier generals for the major generalship, which will cause a vacancy in the list of brigadier generals to be filled from among the colonels.

As there are 46 brigadier generals of the line from which selections can be made, it is impossible to speculate as to who may be the lucky officer for the major generalship, and with several hundred colonels to select from for the vacancy to occur among the brigadier generals, speculation here is equally difficult.

In the appointment of the four last brigadier generals, Learned, Jackson and Williams were colonels of Infantry, and the last appointment, Hamilton, was from the Coast Artillery. Officers of Engineers, Cavalry, and Field Artillery, are naturally looking with hope that the selection may come from their branch.

Of the 46 present Brigadier Generals of the Line, Brig. Gen. Eli A. Helmick (Inspector General with temporary rank of Major General) is the senior as he and Gens. Robert Alexander, Malvern-Hill Barnum and John M. Jenkins will retire for age this year. They of course will hardly be considered among those eligible for advancement to the grade of Major General.

The second senior Brig. General on the active list is Gen. Dwight E. Aultman, who is not due to retire for age until Feb. 2, 1936. The third senior is Gen. Henry D. Todd, Jr., who is not due to retire for age until Aug. 29, 1930. The fourth is Gen. Albert J. Bowly, who is not due to retire for age until Nov. 24, 1933.

Others high up on the list who are eligible to selection are Gen. Robert E. Callan, who is not due to be retired for age until March 24, 1936; Gen. Joseph C. Castner, not due to retire for age until Nov. 18, 1933; Gen. George V. H. Moseley, who is not due to retire for age until Sept. 28, 1938, and Gen. Paul B. Malone, who is not due to retire for age until May 8, 1936.

Of course, while it is possible selections may be made from those above named, it is also possible that selection may be made from officers lower down on the list. All of the above named officers have excellent records of service.

The 10 senior Colonels of the line from which an appointment of brigadier may be made are the following: Mason M. Patrick, Corp of Engrs. (Chief of Air Corps with rank of major general); Selah R. H. Tompkins, Cav.; William F. Martin, Inf.; Arthur Thayer, Cav.; Peter E. Traub, Cav.; Nathaniel F. McClure, Cav.; William C. Rivers, Cav.; William S. McNair, Field Art.; William J. Snow, Field Art. (Chief of Field Art. with rank of major general), and Ernest V. Smith, Inf.

OFFICERS ON DUTY IN WASHINGTON IN BOXER CAMPAIGN.

THE item in this column last week concerning the officers of the Regular Army now on the active list on duty in Washington, who served in China in 1900 against the Boxers, was read with considerable interest and served to revive old and interesting memories of experiences in the Flowery Kingdom. In addition to the names of the officers mentioned last week, the names of two others on duty at the War Department should be noted. They are Major Gen. Malin Craig, G. S. C., and Col. Fred R. Brown, Inf., on duty in the office of the Chief of Staff. General Craig while serving with the expedition in China was a second lieutenant in the 6th Cavalry, and General Chaffee called the attention of the War Department to his meritorious and arduous duties as an assistant to Capt. F. DeW. Ramsey, 9th Inf., Q. M. and C. S., and said "he was a young officer showing promise of future excellence."

Colonel Brown was a second lieutenant in the 9th Infantry and among other duties took part in the battle of Tientsin. While attached to Co. A, 9th Infantry, he was sent in command of some 50 men to reinforce the U. S. Marines and French at a railroad station, occupying the round house, which was heavily shelled by the enemy with shrapnel.

NAVY OFFICERS ON PERU MISSION DECORATED.

IN recognition of his services to the Peruvian Navy as head of the American Naval Mission, Commander Frank B. Freyer, U. S. N., now assistant Judge Advocate General, has been awarded the decoration of the Order of the Sun of Peru by the Peruvian government.

This decoration will be held in custody at the State Department until such time as he may be authorized by Congress to accept it. Another naval officer whose work with the Peruvian Navy won him special recognition was Lt. Harold B. Crow, who recently resigned from the Navy after several years of duty with the naval mission in order to undertake the development and supervision of the Peruvian naval aviation. His commission in the U. S. Naval Reserve was announced on Feb. 12 and at the same time orders were issued to Lt. Comdr. H. P. Burnett, who has for some time been assigned to duty in C. and R., for duty on the mission in Peru.

DEMONSTRATION BEING PLANNED FOR INFANTRY SCHOOL.

PLANS are being perfected for an elaborate demonstration at the Infantry School at Fort Benning, Ga., for the benefit of the student officers there, in which it is understood various combat arms will be used, including cavalry, if the use of the latter can be obtained. This maneuver, which is planned to be held early in May next will give the Air Corps an opportunity to demonstrate an attack on troops on the march, in bivouac, and in position. In addition to the bombardment planes it is understood that observation, pursuit, and other planes, will take part. The demonstration will be held under the direction of Brig. Gen. Edgar T. Collins, U. S. A., Commandant of the school.

IMPROVING NATIONAL GUARD MARKSMANSHIP.

CONSIDERABLE study has been given by the Militia Bureau of the War Department, to the vitally important matter of target practice in the National Guard, and how best to develop and increase the efficiency in marksmanship. Maj. Gen. Creed C. Hammond, chief of the Militia Bureau, states that the greatest obstacle to marksmanship in the National Guard is the general lack of proper preparatory training prior to actual range firing, but a marked improvement was shown during the past year over previous years.

With a gradually increasing number of accessible ranges at home stations, General Hammond hopes that eventually all range firing will be completed at home stations prior to the annual field firing of an organization.

General Hammond also states "that still another means of reducing the time consumed in range firing during the field training period, which is producing excellent results, is the adoption of the shorter courses. Much good has been accomplished in this direction, as evidenced by the matter of organizations who have fired course D, with a corresponding saving in time for other subjects of training which cannot be taken during the armory training period. The saving in this respect for the coming year will be even greater, since a recently published policy of the War Department limits all firing during the field training period of course D, only. This policy will permit a reduction in the number of days now allowed for the conduct of range practice in summer training camps, for those troops not provided with home ranges."

CAPTAIN KAUTZ MAY BE ORDERED TO BERLIN.

CAPT. AUSTIN KAUTZ, U. S. N., who is to be relieved of his command of the U. S. S. Arizona by Capt. Luther M. Overstreet, who has been on duty in Naval Intelligence, probably will be ordered to Berlin as naval attache.

Comdr. R. C. McFall, commanding Destroyer Division 31, is to be ordered to the Naval Academy on arrival on the east coast. Comdr. O. L. Cox is to be detached from duty on R. H. Jackson's staff and ordered to the Bureau of Engineering to relieve Comdr. M. A. Libbey, who has not yet been assigned.

CREDIT FOR CONSTABULARY SERVICE.

ONE of the provisions of the Wurzbach Promotion Bill which has caused considerable comment is that which would give commissioned service in the Philippine Constabulary a value equal to that of Regular Army service in rearranging the promotion list, as there are about 45 officers in the Regular Army who have not received credit for service in the Constabulary who would benefit by this provision.

It is pointed out that the Reorganization Act of 1920 did not recognize Constabulary service and the officers affected are holding junior grades in the Regular Army.

Proponents of the adoption of this particular provision of the Wurzbach Bill cite the statements of Maj. Gens. J. G. Harbord, H. T. Allen and M. L. Hersey and Col. Peter E. Traub in a questionnaire concerning the Constabulary, in which these officers attest the value of Constabulary training as military service.


General Harbord, who served as Assistant Chief of the Philippine Constabulary, is quoted as considering that the Philippine Constabulary performed the most active and arduous field service from 1901-1917 in the Islands.

Maj. Gen. Henry T. Allen said, "The service of the Constabulary was an exceptional preparation and a fine school for learning the military game in one of its most difficult phases. It was indeed constructive and most valuable. The officers who had that training and later joined the Regular Army established themselves as good and fine men during the great war."

General Hersey has declared that "the Philippine Constabulary far exceeded the others in the number of days in field and the five days of battle at Bagsok Jolo excepted, in results obtained."

Several attempts have been made in Congress to secure legislation on Constabulary credit in the past few years, but no bills have been enacted. Advocates of the Wurzbach bill provision have expressed the hope that the clause will be contained in any promotion measure finally passed.

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THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Quartermaster Corps Said to Have Found Fast Khaki Dye

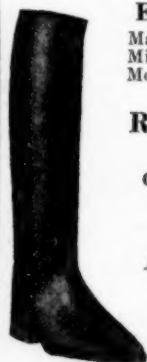
IT will be good news to officers and enlisted men in the Army to learn that the Quartermaster Corps, after 25 years' effort to induce American cloth companies and dye works to produce a fast dyed cotton khaki equal to that of British manufacturers, has pretty well succeeded. It is unofficially understood that the development of a fast-dyed standard shade has reached a satisfactory stage. Enterprising American manufacturers of cloth have submitted samples to the Quartermaster General of the Army, and it is understood they have withstood unusual and rigorous tests, and are said to be close to 100 per cent of what is desired in the way of standardized shade and fastness of dye.

While it may be some time before a new supply of cotton cloth of khaki color is contracted for, owing to the large number of present unsuitable uniforms now in storage, the Quartermaster General will, as soon as possible to do so, make arrangements with cloth manufacturers for new khaki after proposals have been sent out. Cloth manufacturers whose samples have withstood the rigid Army tests as to quality and fastness of dye, undoubtedly will be given the preference when the final decision is made.

The Quartermaster General of the Army has been in quest of a standard shade, fast-dye khaki since this type of uniform was adopted for the United States Army immediately after the Spanish-American War. Up to now, it has been impossible to secure an American-made cloth of fast color that would withstand frequent washings, or perspiration. The only fast color of khaki has been that used in the British Army, which is proof against losing its color. In the United States Army, uniforms, after being laundered, lost considerable of their color. Thus it has been impossible to obtain any uniformity of shade. The uniforms under these conditions look very sloppy. Out in the Philippines enlisted men have been purchasing uniforms made of British cloth from Hong Kong rather than wear the mottled and easily fading uniform issued by the Quartermaster Corps.

1ST INFANTRY RIFLE TEAM.

IN order to develop the qualities for competitive firing among the leading marksmen of the First Infantry and to keep alive enthusiasm in shooting during the off season, the indoor small-bore range in the gymnasium has been made available for the development and selection of company, battalion and regimental teams. In order to select three battalion teams each Battalion Commander will conduct a competition among the rifle companies of his battalion to determine the best company teams. Each rifle company will enter one team and a match will be fired between the nine rifle companies of the regiment.



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Army Notes.

WASHINGTON, whose birthday will be celebrated on Tuesday, may fittingly be called the grandfather of the United States Military Academy. The establishment of some such military school appealed to him, and to Knox and Hamilton, as early as 1776. Throughout the Revolution, Washington never lost sight of his ideal. From his headquarters in Newburgh, New York, in 1783, preparatory to issuing orders for the disbandment of the Army, Washington called for comments from his officers regarding the future military policy of the country. Practically all of the remarks tended to conform to his own on the one particular of a military school. These were that a Military Academy should be founded, and that it should be located at West Point.

COL. ALBERT E. TRUBY, Med. Corps, U. S. A., who has been on duty in San Francisco, Calif., in command of the Letterman General Hospital, has been appointed surgeon on the staff of Major Gen. James H. McRae, U. S. A., commanding the 2d Corps Area, with headquarters on Governors Island, N. Y. He succeeds Brig. Gen. Frank R. Keefer, recently elevated to the post of assistant surgeon-general of the Army. The appointment marks Colonel Truby's second detail to Governors Island. He was attending surgeon there from 1912 to 1916, when he was ordered to Panama to be superintendent of the Ancon Government Hospital, and later Chief Health Officer of the Canal Zone.

THE Army and Navy League of Portland, Oregon, was the guest of honor on Army Day at Vancouver Barracks recently. Colonel and Mrs. F. J. Morrow, Colonel and Mrs. T. M. Knox, and Major and Mrs. F. D. Eckles were the hosts and hostesses for the occasion.

The Seventh Infantry paraded in honor of the ladies of the League who stood with the regimental commander. Mrs. Isaac Lee Patterson, the wife of the Governor of Oregon and Mrs. George White, wife of The Adjutant General of Oregon received the review with Colonel Morrow.

Company C gave a physical drill to music which impressed the ladies from the view point of mothers thinking of the summer civilian training camp for their sons.

Guard mounting by Company L, and a tour of Company B and Company D barracks concluded the program for the day. A resolution of appreciation to Mrs. Morrow, Mrs. Knox and Mrs. Eckles was unanimously adopted.

The officers of the Army and Navy League of Portland are Mrs. D. D. Dennis, wife of Colonel Dennis, Reserve Corps; Secretary and Mrs. W. H. C. Whiting, wife of Major Whiting, Regular Army, President.

War Department Publications

THE following publications were issued by the War Department

Changes 1, Jan. 3, 1927, War Department changing T. R. 440-40, June 30, 1926, Par. 12, Sec. 11, relating to insignia and compensation.

Changes 1, Jan. 3, 1927, War Department, changes Training Regulations 435-26.

Changes 1, Jan. 3, 1927, War Department, changes T. R. 420-255, May 18, 1925, relating to signals.

Changes 2, Jan. 3, 1927, War Department, changes T. R. 420-55, March 31, 1925, Par. 127, relating to the inspection.

Army Regulations 350-1030, Dec. 30, 1926, War Department, relating to the Medical Service School.

ARMY BAND TO PLAY AT CAPITOL.

THE United States Army Band, Capt. William J. Stannard, leader, has been designated to play in the Lobby of the House of Representatives for a joint session of Congress on Washington's Birthday, Feb. 22.

Special music will be played and the band will do honors for President Coolidge who will address the assembly. The program will be broadcast on 38 stations, covering the entire nation.

WARRANT OFFICERS' ELECTION.

AN election for national officers of the Warrant Officers' Association, United States Army, will be held in April next, the different councils voting by mail. The Washington, D. C., Council No. 10, have just submitted the following names to the National Council as their candidates for officers:

For president, William L. Alf. For Vice President, William P. Coakley and Perry Twitchell.

For Directors, George E. Vass, James Healy, William C. White, Michael Survis, Charles H. Collins and Douglas S. Seaborn.

Warrant Officer Earl T. Halstead, U. S., on duty in the office of the Chief of Chaplains, Washington, D. C., has been elected on the National Council of the Warrant Officers' Association to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Warrant Officer Peter C. Tyler, on duty at Baltimore, Md.

Mr. Halstead is known as a hard and efficient worker for the organization. He will leave Washington in May next for duty in San Francisco, and will sail for that city on May 18 from New York City. His place in the office of the Chief of Chaplains will be filled by Warrant Officer W. O. O'Mara, from Hawaii.

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THE U. S. NAVY

--

THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Surgeon General Stitt Calls
Navy Rations Overbalanced

A special study of the Navy ration with a view to making recommendations that will tend to secure a better balanced diet for the average enlisted man on board ship in conformity with recent discoveries in the field of nutritional science, has been made during the past year by the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department.

The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts furnished ration returns from three battleships showing all food actually issued on board, comprising 241,656 man-day rations.

"Presumably," says Surgeon General Stitt, "these returns fairly represented general mess dietaries afloat. Analytical study indicated that the average man received such a small amount of calcium in the food served to him that it is difficult to escape the conclusion that the daily intake of this essential element, for many men, at least, falls far short of metabolic requirements. The returns showed that good foods of high fuel value were served in abundance and in such variety that the men must have considered themselves well fed, provided the foods were reasonably well cooked.

"But the proportionate amounts of milk and milk preparations and of the green vegetables and fruits, which are important sources of vitamins and mineral elements, were too low. These defects which are really of great hygienic importance should be corrected, but it is doubtful if they can be fully corrected without increasing the cost of the ration.

"The commissary officer on board ship is greatly handicapped in endeavoring to provide a well balanced ration by a rule which has been in effect for many years. That is, 'of the total quantities ordered under contract or procured by open purchase during any one month, or in any port when fitting out for sea, at least 70 per cent of all fresh vegetables shall be Irish potatoes.'"

"This requirement tends constantly to make the enlisted man's diet overbalanced with meats, wheat flour, and potatoes."

Navy Notes

PASSAGE of the pending bill that would make possible the use of engineer officers of the rank of commander and above as engineer officers of ships is being strongly urged by the Navy Department. Under the existing law these officers are available for sea duty only as fleet and squadron engineers and this restriction to staff duty prevents the utilization of the services of some of the men best fitted for engineering duty on the larger ships.

One illustration of the disadvantage of the present limitation is cited in the case of the engineer officer of the Saratoga who is now a commander. For the complex and difficult engineering job on the new carriers, the special training that these officers who have specialized in this branch of the service makes them ideally equipped and the department desires to have the existing restriction removed.

The amendment would make it possible for engineering officers of the upper ranks to be assigned, at their own request, to individual ships. The bill has been favorably reported and is expected to pass both houses.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Robinson left Washington on Feb. 16 for New York where he will review the Naval Reserve Unit at Flushing, L. I., and attend a dinner of the Republican Club at Nyack, N. Y., and a luncheon of the Kiwanis Club of Staten Island, returning to Washington on Monday morning, Feb. 21.

Rear Admiral L. E. Gregory, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, has been recently elected a Trustee and Director of the Society of American Military Engineers.

Admiral Gregory has recently signed a contract with the J. F. Manning Company, Washington, D. C., for a memorial to be erected at Arlington in memory of the late Rear Admiral Mordecai T. Endicott, the first Civil Engineer officer to serve as Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks. This memorial is being erected by officers of the Civil Engineer Corps and two friends of Admiral Endicott.

The retirement of Rear Admiral F. R. Harris, Civil Engineer Corps, will become effective April 5, 1927. This will leave a vacancy in this grade in the Corps. No announcement has been made as to the designation of a selection Board to fill this vacancy.

Lieutenant Commander R. L. Pettigrew, Civil Engineer Corps, until recently Executive Officer to the Engineer in Chief, Department of Public Works, Republic of Haiti, has submitted his resignation from the Naval Service, to become effective March 31, 1927. It is understood that he will take charge of a large agricultural development in Haiti.

Legislation now pending makes provision for a number of important Public Works at various Navy Yards and Stations. Details of the various projects will be announced in a later issue.

NAVY NURSES TO CHINA.

WHEN the U. S. S. Chaumont sailed from San Diego on February 3, three Navy nurses were ordered aboard. They were attached to the transport in order to be available for any possible refugee work or in event it should be necessary to take American women and children aboard for passage.

This is the first time that members of the Navy Nurse Corps have accompanied an expeditionary force on relief work, although they served in the relief work in Japan following the disastrous earthquake several years ago. The nurses are: Miss Ruby Russell, chief nurse, U. S. N.; Miss Winifred March, nurse, U. S. N.; and Miss Celia D. Krogh, nurse, U. S. N.

Marine Corps Items.

AN amendment concerning the Marine Corps letter on the examinations for Chief Warrant Officer, U. S. M. C., which will be effective July 1, 1927, has been announced by Marine Corps Headquarters. It reads:

"The Secretary of the Navy has prescribed a physical, mental, moral and professional examination for promotion to all chief warrant ranks, the professional examination for the present to be based on records, and the subjects of 'Drill' (the Rifle Company, Sec. 3, TR 420-50) and 'Explosives and Demolitions' (TR 195-30) for chief marine gunner and administration of the department to which assigned for chief quartermaster clerk and chief pay clerk."

A change in the reenlistment or extension of enlistment in the Marine Corps has been made public. It states:

Any enlisted man who has been or shall hereafter be discharged after completing the required service for transfer to the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve (16 or 20 years naval service), will not be reenlisted unless he first executes a written statement to the effect that, in consideration of his being accepted for reenlistment, he voluntarily waives his right to apply for transfer to the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve until he shall have completed two years of service under such enlistment; and any enlisted man who desires to extend his enlistment, after he shall have completed the required service for transfer to the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, will not be permitted to make such extension unless he first executes a waiver similar to that required for reenlistment.

Grade 3 small arms ammunition will be turned in to the Depot Quartermaster, Philadelphia, Pa., who will turn it in to the Frankford Arsenal for salvage. Such shipments will be made via government transportation wherever possible. Where government transportation is available

New Lauds Marine Guard.

THE following letter was sent to Secretary of the Navy Willbur by Postmaster General New on Feb. 16:

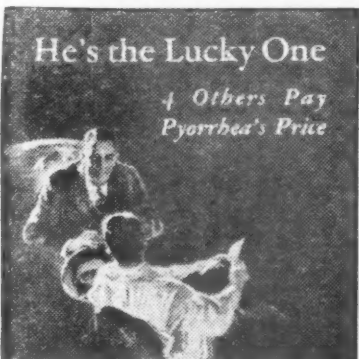
General Lejeune has informed me that the exigencies of the service require the withdrawal of the last of the contingent of United States Marines that have been detailed to service with the Post Office Department in the guarding of United States mails for the last four months. This Department parts with them with regret. The service they have rendered has been of the highest order of excellence and the fact that during their presence on duty there has not been a single attempt by organized banditry at robbery of the mails is in itself convincing on that point.

On behalf of the Post Office Department, I wish to express to the Navy Department our appreciation of the help the Marines have rendered. Will you please convey this expression to General Lejeune and the officers and men of the Marine Corps.

only occasionally, the shipment will be held until such transportation becomes available. From posts in the West Indies and posts in the vicinity of Hampton Roads the shipments will be made to the Depot Quartermaster, Hampton Roads, Va. From posts on the Pacific Coast and posts in Hawaii, Guam, the Philippines and China the shipments will be made either direct to the Depot Quartermaster, Philadelphia, Pa., or to the Depot Quartermaster, Hampton Roads, Va., or to the Depot Quartermaster, San Francisco, Calif., according to availability of government transportation.

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Be on the safe side. Have your dentist examine teeth and gums at least twice a year. Start using Forhan's for the Gums, today!

Receiving toll from 4 out of 5 after 40 (thousands younger), Pyorrhea ravages health. Its poison sweeps through the system often causing many serious ailments.

If used regularly and in time, Forhan's prevents Pyorrhea or checks its course. It firms gums. It makes teeth white and protects them against acids which cause decay.

See your dentist every six months. Start using Forhan's for the Gums, morning and night. Teach your children this good habit. Get a tube, today... All druggists, 35c and 50c.

Formula of R. J. Forhan, D. D. S.
Forhan Company, New York

Forhan's for the gums

More Than a Tooth Paste... It Checks Pyorrhea

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They lie flat against the leg in smooth, even spirals. No stiff, heavy

surfaces to numb, scrape and irritate the legs.

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ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

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Articles submitted by our readers should be accompanied by return postage if return is desired in the event of unavailability for publication.

"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interests will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—
From Vol. 1, No. 1 of The Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1927.

National defense is one of the cardinal duties of a statesman.
—JOHN ADAMS.

THE ANSWER TO THE FRENCH AND ITALIANS.

OBVIOUSLY without the participation of France and Italy in the proposed naval disarmament conference, there is but one course for the United States to pursue. That is to proceed instantly with the construction of a sufficient number of cruisers and fleet submarines to place our country upon the same level of strength as other nations signatory of the Washington Treaty. No more than the United States can Great Britain accept the French principle of "global tonnage," since such approval would permit France and Italy to devote the entire amount allotted to them to build the types which, in their judgment, best would promote their aims. In the case of the French, it would be largely submarines; and Great Britain could not agree to permit complacently the menace which overwhelming construction of this class would cause. A three power conference, therefore, would accomplish little, and might even produce a political situation where the participating nations would see aligned against them under French leadership all the small nations of the world.

President Coolidge's message contained a veiled ultimatum which has escaped general public notice. He pointed out that "far reaching naval programs have been laid down by certain powers" and that a sentiment in support of such construction has appeared not only in the United States but abroad. And he added:

"In such sentiments lies the germ of renewed naval competition. I am sure that all governments and all peoples would choose a system of naval limitation in preference to consciously reverting to competitive building."

In other words, if Europe chooses competition, it can have it. The President moreover definitely committed his administration to the 5-5-3 ratio in capital ships and an equal ratio in auxiliaries. Now that a conference will prove impossible and even dangerous, politically, there is but one thing for the President and the Congress to do: Proceed with the construction of cruisers and fleet submarines at such a rate that our equality upon the seas will be established and the rest of the world will realize that America intends to assure protection of its own interests by a fleet which will be at least the equal of any other in the world.

THE LIVING WORDS OF WASHINGTON.

IF George Washington were alive today, this is what he would say:

"Let us consider my own experience. Had we formed a permanent army in the beginning of the Revolution, which, by the continuance of the same men in service had been capable of discipline, we never should have had to retreat with a handful of men across the Delaware in 1776, trembling for the fate of America, which nothing but the infatuation of the enemy could have saved; we should not have remained all the succeeding winter at their mercy, with sometimes scarcely a sufficient body of men to mount the ordinary guards, liable at every moment to be dissipated, if the British had only thought proper to march against us; we should not have been at Valley Forge with less than half the force of the enemy, destitute of everything, in a situation neither to resist nor to retire; we should not have been the greatest part of the war inferior to the enemy, indebted for our safety to their inactivity, enduring frequently the mortification of seeing inviting opportunities to ruin them pass unimproved for want of a force which the country was completely able to afford, and of seeing the country ravaged, our towns burnt, the inhabitants plundered, abused, murdered with impunity from the same cause. The derangement of our finances was essentially to be ascribed to our condition. The expenses of the war and the paper emissions were greatly multiplied by it. Had we kept a permanent army on foot the enemy would have had nothing to hope for, and the war instead of lasting more than seven years would have been more speedily terminated. So, my fellow countrymen, remember that a well kept army and a strong navy are essential to our security, and remember further that to be prepared for war is the best guarantee of our safety as well as the maintenance of peace."

Our pacifist friends may deride the above as an distortion of the views of "the Father of his country." If so, we beg to refer them to Washington's writings from which the above excerpts have been taken.

Let us heed the advice of the wisest man of his time!

THERE'S A REASON FOR SURVIVAL.

WHO would have thought that the Army and Navy Journal, now in its 64th year of usefulness and service, is the twenty-sixth oldest publication in America? Such, however, is the fact.

In the February issue of Publishing appears an article entitled "Periodicals of Long Ago and Now" by John T. De Bell, of the N. W. Ayer organization, and in his directory of "veteran publications" he lists only 25 ahead of the Army and Navy Journal. We are pleased to be grouped with the Saturday Evening Post, founded in 1728; the North American Review, started in 1815; the Country Gentleman, which came into existence in 1825; the Atlantic Monthly, born in 1857; and other publications of similar note.

When one thinks of the thousands of publications that have bloomed for a day and faded since 1863 when this Service paper was founded, one can not but recall the expression, "it must have been good to have lived so long."

But, age, of itself, does not make a publication worthy, nor does the mere accumulation of years entitle it to support. To survive, a publication must fill a need, shoulder a responsibility and faithfully discharge its duties to its readership. This, we believe, the Army and Navy Journal has done and is doing. The irrefutable evidence of that fact is furnished not alone by the respect, esteem and confidence in which it is held, but by its international renown as the spokesman of the American defense forces and its being referred to as the final public authority on things military and naval in America. Were further proof needed, the constantly increasing list of subscribers and advertisers would suffice. The Journal's merit, character and prestige have been and will continue to be measured by the support accorded it by the members of the Services.

SERVICE HUMOR

OUR PAPER NAVY.

By Fairfax Downey, son of Brig. Gen. George F. Downey, U. S. A.

Oh, she was built in Congress yards
Of resolutions strong.
Her plans were drawn from dark to dawn

By speechwriters working long.
To ride the tide of politics,
A sea with foolscaps checkered

They fitted her with armor plate:
Stout copies of the Record.
In vain the filibusterers

Into her hold made dives
To scuttle this fine paper ship
With vicious paper knives.

That valiant paper battleship
From foes would not recoil.

The enemy encountered her,
Though patriots saved oil.

A shell struck clean her magazine
Through Records, dry and fat,
Capsizing her until she looked

A typical cocked hat.
The sea maw's gulp then made her

pulp—
No expert could red tape her.
And so her basket masts went down

She'd lost a scrap of paper.
—New York Herald-Tribune.

Midshipman (laughing)—You're the 5-5-3.

Femme—What's that?

Midshipman—The limit!

WOOF! WOOF!

She—That dog's bark is worse than his bite.

He—It ought to be. He's toothless.

THE CHUMP CHAMP.

When the knock-out came aboard ship.
First Gob—"There goes our champ."

Second Gob—"Spell it with a 'u'; spell it with a 'u'; he's been hittin' the booze."
—R. S. S., 71st Inf., N. Y.

Applicant—"How much do I get for doing the weeping act in this show?"

Manager—"Thirty-five cents an hour."

Applicant—"What! For crying out loud!"—Royal Gabboon.

BE FRIVOLOUS!

"Why do gentlemen prefer blondes?"

"I don't know. Why do gentlemen prefer blondes?"

"Because they're light-headed!"

Co-Ed (watching player being carried off the field)—"Oh, dear, do you think he is hurt?"

Escort—"No, the boys are playing house and are putting the baby to bed."
—Exchange.

CONSUMPTIVE MOUNT.

A new arrival at a western ranch was persuaded to mount a bucking horse. He was scarcely on the animal's back before he was off again—over the horse's head.

"What's the matter?" asked the old-timer who picked him up.

"Why, she bucked," said the tender-foot.

"Bucked?" returned the other.

"Bucked? Go on! She only coughed."

WIM! WIGOR! WITALITY!

THERE are many who are acquainted with the three R's—reading, 'riting, 'rithmetic—these are the keystones of Education. In the same fashion the three W's—wim, wigor and witality—are the keystones of Wit. Send us your quota, and above all be wigorous about it! Address Humor Editor.

WHEN YOU ARE TRANSFERRED

ASK the Journal about living conditions, housing facilities, servant hire, necessary clothing, educational facilities, etc., concerning the Army Post to which you have been directed to proceed. The Journal will be glad to tell you what troops are there, what is the nearest town, where supplies are obtainable, the transportation facilities and everything else you will want to know.

All questions will be answered by Captain Charles J. Sullivan, 26th Infantry, U. S. A., author of the book "Army Posts and Towns," who has made a thorough study of conditions and facilities at all Army Posts.

B. G.—The climate at Ft. Armstrong, Honolulu, T. H., is very healthful. It is never very hot nor cold. Cotton khaki or white is worn the year round. It is advisable to take wool clothing with you for the trip out and back.

L. A.—The officers' quarters at Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., consist of 38 sets for married officers, some dating back to the 80's, others comparatively new; these are equipped with coal ranges and are heated by stoves and grates. There are eight two-room suites in a new mess building for the bachelors.

ASK THE JOURNAL

ALL questions on which our readers desire information will be answered as soon as possible after receipt in this column. If there is any query you have in mind, send it to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR. It will save you time and trouble. Avoid yourselves of this "Service to the Services."

H. S. S. Q., Camp Devens.—Co. "L," 1st Infantry, arrived in P. I. May 12, 1901, on the U. S. A. T. Kilpatrick, and returned to the U. S. April 4, 1903.

C. E. B., Schofield Brks., T. H.—A man enlists for service in Hawaii. Is he entitled to the initial allowance in effect in the U. S. or that in Hawaii?

A. He is entitled to Tropic Service Allowance.

(2). Before arrival in Hawaii he is issued one hat service. After arrival he is issued one cap service and one hat service additional. Is the additional hat service issued in Hawaii a credit to initial allowance or a charge against maintenance allowance?

A. (2) See par. 2 AR 615-40. Additional hat charged against maintenance.

IN THE JOURNAL 60 YEARS AGO

MAJOR GENERAL SHERIDAN, commanding the Department of the Gulf, directed the commanding officer of the Nineteenth U. S. Colored Troops to proceed with his regiment to Baltimore, Md., and report to the Chief Mustering Officer of that State for discharge and final payment.

Sergeant M. J. Amick, formerly of the Fifteenth Illinois Cavalry and a scout under Generals Sherman and Howard, was one of those in Captain Duncan's party which went down the Ogeechee River in an open boat carrying the news of General Sherman's arrival at Savannah to Admiral Dahlgren, was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the Tenth U. S. Cavalry.

Mr. Leach to New York

REALIZING the importance of the Second Corps Area and Third Naval District as a Service news center, the Army and Navy Journal takes pleasure in announcing the appointment of Mr. Charles J. Leach, a leading military authority, as its New York representative. Mr. Leach's address will be 16 Lenox Avenue, Cranford, N. J.

Mr. Leach is in his 56th year of continuous service with the Army and Navy Journal, and has served on this paper in various capacities, including reporter, copy reader, and managing editor. He saw the numerous and important changes in the Army, Navy, and National Guard, and gave accurate accounts of their many activities, including maneuvers, Indian campaigns, the Spanish-American War, the Philippine Insurrection, the Boxer Rebellion, and the World War. It is also interesting to note that he is one of the very few men alive today who was present on the celebrated old rifle range at Creedmoor, Long Island, when the first shot was fired in 1873,

which inaugurated the first system of rifle practice in the United States, and was the first given by the National Rifle Association of America. The late Col. William C. Church, the founder of the Army and Navy Journal, was president of the N. R. A. at that time, and the N. R. A. was organized in the office of the Army and Navy Journal. Mr. Leach has also reported the activities of the Services since the World War, spending the past two years in Washington, D. C.

When Mr. Leach goes to New York City he will not be as a "stranger in a strange land" for he is well known in Service circles there. He covered the Brooklyn Navy Yard when Navy men wore whiskers—the era of "wooden ships and iron men." The old Army building at Houston and Greene Sts. was as familiar to him as the present Army Building at 39 Whitehall St.

Mr. Leach is particularly well acquainted in the New York National Guard circles, having covered news of the Empire State's armed forces for more than 40 years. The esteem and affection in which he is held by all who

COL. J. WHEELER, U. S. A., RETIRES.
COL. JOSEPH WHEELER, Jr., Adjutant General's Department, U. S. A., was retired from active service Feb. 14, 1927, on account of disability incident thereto. He was a son of the late Major Gen. Joseph Wheeler, U. S. A., and was born in Alabama March 23, 1872. He was graduated from the U. S. M. A., in the class of 1895, and was assigned to the Artillery. Colonel Wheeler is a distinguished graduate of the Coast Artillery School.

know him is exemplified by the following from the 71st N. Y. N. G.:

"The 71st always feels honored in having you in your pet seat, or any other place in the armory. Will see that you get the ticket you want. But all you have to do at any affair here is to tell who you are. We have many old friends but only one Leach.

"There is a good fellow named Leach,
Who a million writers could teach
The points of the game
And so great is his fame,
That his friends promptly say
'HE'S A PEACH.'"

Gen. McRae Defends R. O. T. C.

MAJOR GENERAL JAMES H. McRAE, U. S. A., Commanding the Second Corps Area, in a speech before the American Legion at a recent dinner given by the New York Department in honor of Howard P. Savage, National Commander:

"During the past few years there has been a growing tendency on the part of propagandists to discourage military training in the schools and colleges, and in this field alone the Legion man can do a great work:

"If the pacifists were successful in their efforts we would have no military training in colleges, and in a comparatively few years the reserve component would be ineffective, due to a shortage of personnel. The Legion posts in college communities can render the country a great service by hunting out and denouncing these enemies of the Government."

Another speaker at the dinner was F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War for Aeronautics, who made a strong plea for commercial airports and stated that commercial aeronautics was the most important reserve for the Military and Naval flying forces.



Broadcasting calls for intense concentration and I find I am more comfortable and "at home" when enjoying a cigarette. I am fully convinced that there is nothing injurious to the voice in doing this—otherwise I wouldn't do it—and I find the height of smoking enjoyment in Lucky Strikes.

J. Andrew White

"This Is WJZ"—A Voice Millions Hear

Clear, resonant, appealing, J. Andrew White's voice is constantly safeguarded

AS the dean of radio announcers, J. Andrew White's voice is known to people throughout the land. Mr. White has won a large following of admirers because of the constant dependability of his voice, ever in perfect condition. He smokes Lucky Strikes, both for finer flavor and throat protection.

Lucky Strikes have become the favorites of men whose priceless voices thrill their audiences, as they have with the millions because, first, they afford greater enjoyment and second, they are certain not to irritate even the most sensitive throat.

The world's finest Turkish and domestic tobaccos, properly aged, perfectly blended, give them their richer flavor.

But in addition, a costly extra process—toasting for 45 minutes—develops the hidden flavors of the choicest tobaccos and at the same time removes all "bite" and harshness.

Smoke Lucky Strikes. They give added pleasure—you'll like them.

"It's toasted"

Your Throat Protection



ORGANIZED RESERVE

FINANCE RESERVE OFFICERS.

THE next session of the Army Finance School for courses for Finance Reserve Officers, will be held in the rooms of the Finance School at Washington, commencing on March 8. The studies will include pay accounts of enlisted men, pay in general, rates of pay, pay stoppage, etc.

R. O. A. INCREASING.

THERE are many new applications for membership in the Reserve Officers Association of the United States, several hundred having been enrolled during the past few weeks. In fact, the applications are now more numerous than they have been for the past two years, and at the present rate the aggregate membership of the association at the end of the present year will show a very large increase.

104TH DIVISION RESERVES.

THE annual smoker of the 104th Division Reserves will be held at the Elks' Club, Salt Lake City, Utah, Thursday night, Feb. 24, and will be attended by Army, National Guard, Reserve, Navy, Marine Corps, officers, R. O. T. C., cadet officers.

N. Y. ORDANCE RESERVES.

ORDNANCE Reserve Officers in New York City began pistol practice in the armory of the 102d Engineers on Feb. 16. Capt. Charles H. Keck, U. S. A., was in charge of the practice. There are quite a number of expert pistol shots among the Reserves, and among those attending the pistol practice were: Major R. A. Smith, Capt. Christopher L. Levien, Capt. J. H. Hession, and Capt. Clarence H. Bibb.

322D INFANTRY RESERVES.

THE 322d Infantry, Col. R. Waring, will train at Fort Bragg, N. C., in June of this year. The regimental commander is looking towards one of the largest attendances the regiment has ever had. Facilities for taking care of a large class of officers are available at Fort Bragg. There are many attractions during the off hours. A nine-hole golf course is one of them. Every Sunday there is a first-class polo game. Pinehurst and Sand Hill are close by. There will be few dull moments at Fort Bragg.

The Greensboro Chapter of the Reserve Officers' Association in connection with the American Legion is contemplating the building of a club house and a rifle and pistol range. Col. O. F. Snyder, P. M. S. & T. at Oak Ridge Institute, a distinguished marksman, has offered his services in connection with the rifle and pistol range.

U. S. NAVAL RESERVE.

RECENT commissions have been issued in the U. S. Naval Reserve Force by the Secretary of the Navy to the following:

E. F. Bourne, Lt. (j.g.), P. O. Box 488 Hialeah, Florida; J. A. Burleigh, Lt. (j.g.), Room 506, TeL Bldg., Seattle, Wash.; G. C. Currier, Lieut., Arlington, Mass.; F. G. Caskey, Lieut., 1475 Spring Place, Washington, D. C.; P. H. Devine, Lieut., 1290 12th Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

U. S. M. C. RESERVE.

THE following commissions were issued recently in the Marine Corps Reserve:

Fleet Reserve.

1st Lt. Carleton Penn, 539 Rosalind Avenue, Roanoke, Va., and 2nd Lt. Lewis E. Rector, 4432 Brier Hill, Seattle, Wash.

RESERVE CHAPLAIN TRAINING.

A SHORT course of intensive instruction and training on active duty status for a selected group of branch and territorial assignment chaplains, will be held in the office of the Chief of Chaplains, Washington, D. C., from April 24 to 30 next, inclusive. This duty will include a short study of the general policy of religious work in the Army. The following chaplains are expected to be present.

Lt. Cols. John J. Allan, 138 State Street, Columbus, Ohio; Jason Noble Pierce, Congregational Church, 10th and G Sts., Washington, D. C.

Majors Morris S. Lazaron, 1914 Madison Ave., Baltimore, Md.; Paul D. Moody, Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vt. N. G.; John M. Thomas, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N. J.; Charles S. Macfarland, 105 East 22d St., New York City; William Hughes, 2021 H St. N. W., Washington, D. C.; Francis P. Duffy, Holy Cross Rectory, 329 W. 42d St. N. Y. C. N. G.; Ignatius Fealy, St. Agnes Church, Woodlawn, Md.; Emil W. Weber, Trinity Lutheran Church, Pottsville, Pa.; Clinton Wunder, 305 Temple Bldg., Rochester, N. Y.

Capt. Joseph A. Vance, 45 Edmund Place, Detroit, Mich.; John L. Tait, 70 West Cambridge St., Alliance, Ohio; Joseph H. Hollister, 3913 Ingomar St. N. W., Washington, D. C.; Joseph R. Sizoo, 3100 Cathedral Ave., Washington, D. C.; Edgar C. Powers, 4 Melvin Ave., Catonsville, Md.

Campaigns of the Civil War.

Review by Gen. J. G. Harbord.

The action in our country each time it has emerged from a war, with some obligations to its soldiers, has endured for a period in which we have suffered paroxysms of pacifism, and a loss of all appetite for literature dealing with the recent conflict. Some hastily thrown together histories of regiments and divisions usually appear at once but offer little interest except to their own veterans. Professional studies of the campaigns are made when the captains and the kings have departed and the profiteers have enjoyed their good fortune long enough to be assimilated in the ranks of the rich.

The publication by Brentano's of Campaigns of the Civil War by Walter Geer of New York is, therefore, not untimely.

Mr. Walter Geer is a well known writer on the Napoleonic era, familiar with the history of the First Empire, and a conspicuous merit of his Campaigns of the Civil War is the frequent comparison with the campaigns of the great emperor. His style is direct and clear. The book is well done typographically.

Mr. Geer, following Ropes and Rhodes, adds another to the number of civilians who have well written the history of battles and campaigns. His statements are accurate and free from partisanship, and his judgment is supported by the facts.

Civilians may write about war but, to be worth writing about, it should be fought under professional soldiers. No army has ever achieved great things unless it has been well commanded. In all ages the power of intellect has asserted itself in war. Lee, Jackson and Sherman, says the author, probably knew more about war before they waged it than any one else in the United States. "The first year of the war was one of unpreparedness; the second of mismanagement; the third of alternate success and failure. The fourth year marked the end of political mismanagement of the forces; a trained soldier, for the first time, took control of military operations. It had required three years of war to teach the Union authorities that trained professional soldiers should run armies, just as much as educated surgeons should manage hospitals."

The estimates of several great personages of the war are interesting. As a commander, the author says Grant cannot be compared with Lee. "One of the greatest soldiers, if not the greatest, who ever spoke the English tongue." But Grant had the determination, the perseverance and the fixed resolve to conquer, qualities on which Foch was to place so high value in the World War. He was endowed with the almost indefinable force which Napoleon declared to be three times more effective than physical means—that is, than numbers, armament and position.

Altogether, Mr. Geer has given us a very readable book on a subject which will never grow old to military students. There is no portion of it more interesting than the political slant on men and events which is too apt to be missing from the purely military presentation of campaign history. From the adoption of the Constitution until the Civil War no Northern President served more than one term, while five out of the 15 Presidents from the South in that period served two terms each. A continuing majority of the Supreme Court were Southern throughout that 70 years. It is, perhaps, little wonder that reconstruction was difficult to accomplish, and that the South is still solid.

NEWS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD

DUAL COMMISSION INSTRUCTIONS.

INSTRUCTIONS regarding the dual status of officers who hold commissions in both the Reserves and the National Guard just issued are:

a. Where the Chief, Militia Bureau, reports to The Adjutant General of the Army a change in status of a federally recognized National Guard officer who holds appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps, such officer will be tendered a new appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps, under the provisions of Sections 37 and 38, National Defense Act, in the grade and section corresponding to his National Guard commission.

b. Whenever a member of the Officers' Reserve Corps is federally recognized as an officer of the National Guard, he will be tendered a new appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps, under the provisions of Sections 37 and 38, National Defense Act, corresponding in grade and section to his National Guard commission.

c. All federally recognized National Guard officers holding five-year appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps will be tendered new commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps, under the provisions of Sections 37 and 38, National Defense Act, as amended, at the earliest practicable date.

ILLINOIS.

THE officers and men of the 33d Tank Company Illinois National Guard and a large representation of officers from other companies of Special Troops 33d Division, tendered a banquet at the Armory of the 33d Tank Company a few days ago, in honor of Capt. J. C. Barnes, Regular Army instructor on duty with the Tank Company. The occasion was the fourth anniversary of Captain Barnes' assignment to this duty and was a mark of appreciation for the excellent service which he had rendered during that time.

Col. Walter J. Fisher, Commanding Special Troops, was particularly outspoken in his praise of the constructive training schedule which Captain Barnes had suggested and of his wholehearted cooperation with the company commander toward the betterment of the company.

At the conclusion of the dinner

Captain Barnes was presented with a handsome Hamilton strap watch, as a remembrance of the high esteem in which he is held by officers and enlisted men alike of the 33d Tank Company and Special Troops.

NEW YORK.

MAJOR GENERAL HAMMOND, Chief of Militia Bureau, will be present at a review of the 71st Infantry, N. Y. N. G., tendered to Brigadier General Franklin W. Ward, The Adjutant General of New York, on February 25.

Adjutants General or Chiefs of Staff of Connecticut and Maryland will also be present and possibly similar representatives of New Jersey and Missouri.

In addition to the usual representation from the 2nd Corps Area and the New York Naval District at this review, officials high in the New York City and New York State Governments have expressed their intention to be present.

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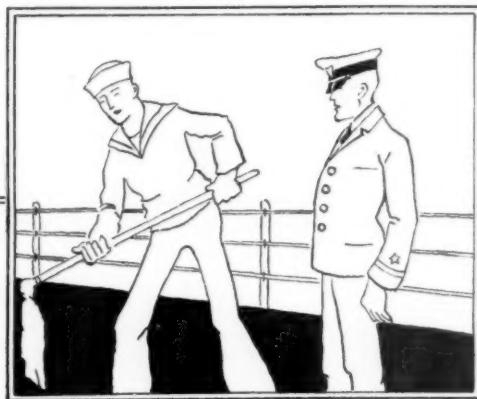
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OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Dept.
Marine CorpsCoast Guard
Naval Reserves

WAR DEPARTMENT

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. C. P. SUMMERALL, C. OF S. Following officers from detail as member of G. S. C. with W. D. G. S., and from duties in office of Chief of Staff, Washington, D. C., on date specified, to Fort Leavenworth, Kans., for duty as instructors: Lt. Col. H. M. Cooper (Inf.), June 30; Maj. M. C. Wise (Inf.), May 8, and Maj. H. L. Twaddle (Inf.), Apr. 26. (Feb. 11.)

Col. J. F. Madden, Inf., from detail as member G. S. C. with troops, May 27, from 5th Corps Area, Fort Hayes, Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 1, assigned to 26th Inf., Plattsburg Brks., N. Y., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

Lt. Col. W. F. Morrison, F. A., from detail as member G. S. C. with troops, from duty at 7th Corps Area Hdqrs., Fort Omaha, Neb., assigned to 4th F. A., Fort McIntosh, Tex., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

Orders relieving following officers from detail as members of G. S. C., W. D. G. S., and from duty in office of Chief of Staff, Washington, D. C., and directing them to proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kans., for duty as Instrs., C. and G. S. School, revoked: Lt. Col. H. M. Cooper, G. S. Inf., and Maj. M. C. Wise, G. S. Inf. (Feb. 16.)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT C. DAVIS, A. G. Maj. H. H. Pfeil, adj. gen., from treatment at Fitzsimons Hosp., Denver, Colo., to proper station at Hdqrs., 6th Corps Area, Chicago, Ill. (Feb. 11.)

Col. Joseph Wheeler, jr., adj. gen., is relieved from active service on account of disability incident thereto. (Feb. 14.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. B. F. CHEATHAM, Q. M. G. Col. William Elliott, Hdqrs., 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Letterman Hosp., for treatment. (Feb. 14.)

Capt. G. S. Koppke, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Chicago, Ill., to home and await retirement. (Feb. 14.)

Lt. Col. J. M. Hutchinson, Los Angeles, Calif., to Letterman Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., for treatment. (Feb. 15.)

Maj. G. H. Steel from Chicago, Ill., to Camp Devens, Mass., for duty as q. m. of that post, and in addition to duty as constructing q. m., Camp Devens. (Feb. 15.)

Capt. P. G. Rutten from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to sail from that port April 23, for New York, thence to Washington, D. C., for duty as Asst. to C. O., Washington general intermediate depot. (Feb. 16.)

1st Lt. G. T. Barnes, Q. M. C., detailed in A. C., Mar. 1, from assignment to 3rd Motor Repair Bn., Camp Normandy, Tex., to Brooks Field, Tex., Mar. 1, for duty and training. A. C. Primary Flying School. (Feb. 16.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S. G. Medical Corps.

Appointment of Col. F. R. Keefer, M. C., as asst. to Sur. General, with rank of brig. gen., for four years, beginning Feb. 11, 1927, rank from Feb. 11, announced. (Feb. 11.)

Capt. J. H. Whiteley assigned to duty at Plattsburg Brks., N. Y., on completing foreign service in Philippines. (Feb. 16.)

Following M. C. officers assigned to duty at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., on completing foreign service in Hawaiian Dept.: Maj. G. A. O'Connell, Capt. C. F. Davis. (Feb. 16.)

Capt. C. C. Starks from Fort Benning, Ga., to New York and sail June 30 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

Capt. J. B. Owen from Fort Leavenworth, Kans., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail July 23 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

1st Lt. A. D. Hawkins from Letterman Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to sail from San Francisco, Calif., June 10 for Philippines. (Feb. 16.)

Dental Corps.

Capt. R. C. Hughes, D. C., assigned to duty as student, course at Army Dental School, Washington, D. C., on completing foreign service in Panama. (Feb. 16.)

Capt. W. C. Caldwell, D. C., from Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., to New York and sail July 20 for Canal Zone for duty. (Feb. 16.)

Veterinary Corps.

Capt. J. E. Behney assigned to duty at Reno O. M. intermediate depot, Fort Reno, Okla., on completing foreign service in Hawaiian Dept. (Feb. 16.)

Capt. W. H. Houston from Fort Reno, Okla., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail July 23 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

Medical Administrative Corps.

Capt. J. R. Sands, M. A. C., assigned to duty at Hdqrs., 2nd Corps Area, Governors Island, N. Y., on completing foreign service in Hawaiian Dept. (Feb. 16.)

Capt. J. W. Cleave, M. A. C., from Governors Island, N. Y., to sail June 30 for New York City for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. K. W. WALKER, C. OF F. Capt. L. P. Worrall assigned to duty in office of Chief of Finance, Washington, D. C., on completing foreign service in Philippines. (Feb. 14.)

Capt. L. L. Simms from Washington, D. C., to New York and sail May 18, for San Francisco, thence on expiration of leave, to sail July 23 for Hawaiian Dept. for duty. (Feb. 15.)

Capt. B. B. Boon assigned to duty as property auditor, 8th Corps Area, Fort

Sam Houston, Tex., on completing foreign service in Hawaii. (Feb. 15.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

MAJ. GEN. EDGAR JADWIN, C. OF E. Col. J. C. Oakes, Charleston, S. C., to Washington, D. C., for treatment at Walter Reed Hospital. (Feb. 14.)

1st Lt. E. M. Caffey, now on duty at Jacksonville, Fla., detailed for duty with Org. Res., 4th Corps Area and assigned with 307th, 361st, 451st, 452nd, 453rd and 588th Engrs., in addition to other duties. (Feb. 15.)

Maj. E. D. Ardery from Camp Lewis, Wash., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail April 23 for New York City, thence to Huntington, W. Va., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. C. C. WILLIAMS, C. OF O. Capt. J. A. Wheeler detailed in A. C., Mar. 1, from Raritan Arsenal, N. J., to Brooks Field, Tex., reporting Mar. 1, for duty and training. A. C. Primary Flying School. (Feb. 15.)

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE.

MAJ. GEN. AMOS A. FRIES, C. OF C. W. S. Capt. L. M. McBride from Edgewood Arsenal, Md., Apr. 1, to Boston, Mass., for duty with C. W. S., at Hdqrs., 1st Corps Area. (Feb. 15.)

Capt. T. J. Johnson from 1st Corps Area, Boston, Mass., Apr. 10, to Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., for duty with 1st Gas Regiment. (Feb. 15.)

CHAPLAINS.

CHAPLAIN JOHN T. AXTON, C. OF C. Following chaplains from present duties at station indicated, and assigned to duty at station specified: Chaplains H. L. Winter, U. S. A., from Fort Monmouth, N. J., to Fort Des Moines, Iowa; C. L. Miller, U. S. A., from Fort Des Moines, Iowa, to Fort Monmouth, N. J.; J. T. Kendall, U. S. A., from Fort Riley, Kans., to Fort Bliss, Tex., and F. A. Moon, U. S. A., from Fort Bliss, Tex., to Fort Riley, Kans. (Feb. 14.)

CAVALRY.

MAJ. GEN. H. B. CROSBY, C. OF CAV. 2nd Lt. H. E. Walker, Cav., detailed in A. C., Mar. 1, and from Fort Clark, Tex., to Brooks Field, Tex., Mar. 1, for duty and training. A. C. Primary Flying School. (Feb. 14.)

Capt. R. E. Craig detailed in A. C., Mar. 1, and from Presidio of Monterey, Calif., to Brooks Field, Tex., Mar. 1, for duty and training. A. C. Primary Flying School. (Feb. 15.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJ. GEN. W. J. SNOW, C. OF F. A. Capt. Charles Porterfield, jr., from Fort Bragg, N. C., July 1, detailed instr. F. A., N. Y. N. G., Binghamton, N. Y., for duty and station. (Feb. 11.)

1st Lt. E. T. Williams, now on duty at Fort Hoyle, Md., assigned to 1st Division, Fort Hoyle, Feb. 28. (Feb. 11.)

Maj. W. H. Rucker, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Letterman Hosp., for treatment. (Feb. 16.)

1st Lt. A. S. Bennet from Fort Hoyle, Md., assigned to 17th F. A., Fort Bragg, N. C., for duty. (Feb. 16.)

2nd Lt. J. T. Dawson, F. A., from present assignment, Fort Benning, Ga., assigned to 83rd F. A., same station, for duty. (Feb. 16.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. ANDREW HERO, JR., C. OF C. A. Following officers assigned as indicated on completing foreign service in Philippines: Lt. Col. W. H. Raymond, to 14th C. A., harbor defenses of Puget Sound, Fort Worden, Wash.; Capt. D. J. Rutherford, to 3rd C. A., harbor defenses of Los Angeles, Fort MacArthur, Calif., and 1st Lt. O. D. Bowman, to 7th C. A., harbor defenses of Sandy Hook, Fort Hancock, N. J. (Feb. 11.)

Following officers assigned as indicated on completing foreign service in Panama Canal Dept.: Capt. J. G. Devine, to 51st C. A., Fort Eustis, Va., and 1st Lt. K. C. Bonney to 1st Sound Ranging Btry., Fort Eustis, Va. (Feb. 11.)

1st Lt. R. E. Dingeman from C. A. School, Fort Monroe, Va., to New York and sail July 20 for Canal Zone for duty. (Feb. 11.)

Capt. B. L. Milburn from office of C. of C. A., Washington, D. C., to New York and sail June 2 for Canal Zone for duty. (Feb. 11.)

2nd Lt. R. W. Russell from Fort Monroe, Va., to New York and sail June 30 for Hawaiian Dept. for duty. (Feb. 11.)

Lt. Col. Lewis Tuttle, from 8th Corps Area, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail June 9 for Hawaiian Dept. for duty. (Feb. 11.)

Charles Himmler, C. A., Fort Banks, Mass., to Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., for treatment. (Feb. 12.)

Capt. F. H. Hastings, 12th C. A., from assignment to that regt., and report between Sept. 7 and 13 for duty as student, C. A. School, Fort Monroe, Va. (Feb. 14.)

1st Lt. J. S. Robinson from duty at Fort Eustis, Va., to Fort Monroe, Va., reporting between Sept. 7 and 13 for duty as student, C. A. School. (Feb. 15.)

Following from present assignment as indicated, to New York and sail May 13 for Philippines for duty: Capt. J. B. Martin, 52nd C. A., Fort Eustis, Va.; D. L. Dutton, C. A. S., Fort Monroe, Va.; C. S. Harris, C. A. S., Fort Monroe, Va.; 1st Lts. Victor Schmidt, 12th C. A., Fort Monroe, Va.; D. B. Herron, recruiting duty, Richmond, Va.; 2nd Lts. M. W. Tracey, 52nd C. A., Fort Eustis, Va.; G. A. Ford, 51st C. A., Fort Eustis, Va.; Glenn Newman, 62nd C. A., Fort Tot-

CORPS AREAS

3RD CORPS AREA.

Headquarters, Baltimore, Md.
MAJ. GEN. DOUGLAS MacARTHUR.
Col. Isaac C. Jenks, Chief of Staff.

Leaves—Three months to First Lieut. J. M. Connor, F. D., on arrival in New York, Apr. 8, on completing foreign service in Philippine Dept.

4TH CORPS AREA.

Headquarters, Atlanta, Ga.
MAJ. GEN. JOHNSON HAGOOD.
Col. Duncan K. Major, Chief of Staff.

Lt. Col. H. A. Parker, G. S., designated as Army Col. Representative, 4th Corps Area, in addition to other duties, vice Col. C. P. Humphrey, jr., G. S., relieved.

ten, N. Y.; W. K. Stennis, 51st C. A., Fort Eustis, Va.; D. J. Bailey, 61st C. A., Fort Monroe, Va., and B. S. Mesick, jr., 62nd C. A., Fort Totten, N. Y. (Feb. 15.)

Capt. A. A. Allen from Boston, Mass., to New York and sail May 18 for Philippines for duty. (Feb. 15.)

Following C. A. officers from duty indicated to San Francisco, Calif., and sail June 10 for Philippines: Capt. W. C. Braly, 63d C. A., Fort Winfield Scott, Calif., and 1st Lt. W. G. Holder, 6th C. A., Fort Winfield Scott, Calif. (Feb. 15.)

1st Lt. W. C. Rutter from 3d C. A., Fort MacArthur, Calif., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail June 10 for Philippines for duty. (Feb. 15.)

INFANTRY.

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT H. ALLEN, C. OF INF. Col. J. S. Switzer, Brattleboro, Vt., to Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., for treatment. (Feb. 11.)

Maj. C. H. Corlett from Albuquerque, N. Mex., to Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, for duty as instructor, C. and G. S. School. (Feb. 11.)

Maj. Bruce Magruder from duty as student, C. and G. S. School, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., on completing course, and on expiration of leave, to Washington, D. C., for duty in office of Chief of Inf. (Feb. 11.)

1st Lt. J. E. Nelson, now on temp. duty at Columbia, S. C., for duty in connection with recruiting. (Feb. 11.)

Maj. G. R. Catts from assignment as student, Army War College, Washington Brks., D. C., on completing course, to Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty in connection with Org. Res. affairs at Hdqrs., 8th Corps Area. (Feb. 11.)

Lt. Col. C. R. Lewis, 30th Inf., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Letterman Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, for treatment. (Feb. 12.)

The change in the name of Lt. Col. Elvertton E. Fuller, Inf., to Elmer E. Fuller is announced. (Feb. 12.)

Capt. J. D. Chambliss from Memphis, Tenn., June 1, assigned to Inf., 2nd Division, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty. (Feb. 12.)

Lt. Col. Walter Krueger detailed in A. C., Mar. 1, and from Fort McPherson, Ga., to Brooks Field, Tex., for duty and training, Mar. 1, at A. C. Primary Flying School. (Feb. 14.)

Maj. W. R. Wheeler from recruiting duty, District of Washington, to Jacksonville, Fla., for duty in connection with recruiting. (Feb. 14.)

Maj. L. P. Ford from Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., assigned to 6th Inf., Jefferson Brks., on completing school year. (Feb. 14.)

Capt. W. E. Lucas, jr., from Fort Wayne, Mich., to Fort Leavenworth, Kans., for duty at command and General Staff School. (Feb. 14.)

1st Lt. A. G. Anderson, Inf., Denver, Colo., to Fitzsimons Hosp., Denver, Colo., for treatment. (Feb. 14.)

Col. J. E. Morris, Columbia, S. C., to Washington, D. C., for treatment at Walter Reed Hosp. (Feb. 15.)

Following officers from duty at Inf. School, Fort Benning, Ga., Apr. 8, assigned to 24th Inf., Fort Benning, Ga., for duty with regt. assigned: Capt. W. A. Dumas and 1st Lt. W. P. Shepard. (Feb. 15.)

Col. Allen Parker, Inf., Huntington, W. Va., to Washington, D. C., for treatment at Walter Reed Hosp. (Feb. 16.)

AIR CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. M. M. PATRICK, C. OF A. C. 1st Lt. W. J. Reed from Kelly Field, Tex., on completing course at A. C. Advanced Flying School, to Washington, D. C., for duty in office of Chief of A. C. (Feb. 11.)

Following A. C. officers from A. C. Advanced Flying School, Kelly Field, Tex., on completing course Mar. 1, to commandant, A. C. Adv. Fly. Sch., Kelly Field, Tex., for duty. 2nd Lts. F. D. Klein, J. L. Loutzenheiser, W. H. Hardy, H. E. Engler and D. M. Ramsay. (Feb. 12.)

1st Lt. E. A. Hillery from treatment at Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., to proper station, Langley Field, Va. (Feb. 15.)

Maj. W. H. Frank, Langley Field, Va., to Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., for treatment. (Feb. 15.)

1st Lt. C. H. Dowman assigned to duty at Kelly Field, Tex., on completing foreign service in Panama. (Feb. 15.)

1st Lt. S. C. Hyndshaw, A. C., from present assignment and duty in Panama Canal Dept., and assigned to duty at Chanute Field, Ill.; Lt. Hyndshaw, now en route to San Francisco, on arrival to Letterman

(Continued on Page 589.)

NAVY

Feb. 9, 1927.

Rear Adms. W. R. Shoemaker, to home; R. H. Leigh, to duty as Chief of Bu. of Navigation.

Comdr. A. W. Fitch, to Office Naval Intelligence, Capt. M. G. Cook, to treatment, Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif. Lt. Comdr. J. L. Schaffer, to Office Judge Adv. Gen., Washington, D. C.

Lts. W. S. Cunningham, to continue duty with VO Sqn. 2, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.; W. S. Grooch, to continue duty with VO Sqn. 2, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.; W. K. Johnston, to U. S. S. Tennessee; G. A. Seitz, to continue duty VO Sqn. 2 (U. S. S. Nevada), Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.; F. B. Whitmore, to VO Sqn. 1, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.

Lts. (j. g.) W. P. Cogswell, to VO Sqn. 1, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.; A. I. Matstrom, to VO Sqn. 1, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.; Seitz, to continue duty VO Sqn. 2 (U. S. S. Snodgrass), Battle Flt.; C. S. Snodgrass, to resignation accepted April 15, 1927. Ensign N. W. Ellis, to VO Sqn. 2, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt. (U. S. S. Oklahoma). Lt. Comdr. E. P. Huff (M. C.), to duty Rec. Ship, San Francisco; E. C. Edwards (C. C.), to U. S. S. Tennessee. Lt. (j. g.) C. F. Cotton (C. C.), to Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J. Ch. Gun. A. K. Goffe, to U. S. S. Milwaukee. Ch. Pharm. L. W. Rider, to three months sick leave.

Feb. 10, 1927.

Comdrs. A. J. James, to observation and treatment, Nav. Hosp., Washington, D. C.; C. McCauley, to 15th Nav. Dist. Lt. Comdr. M. W. Callahan, det. U. S. S. Arctostook; to Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.; R. E. Davison, to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; W. K. Harrill, to Gen. Insp. of Nav. Aircraft, Eastern Dist., New York; C. T. S. Gladden, to Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C.; R. P. Molten, jr., to U. S. S. Langley. Lts. W. S. Cunningham, to U. S. S. West Virginia; W. S. Grooch, to VO Sqn. 1, Aircraft Sqdns., Battle Flt.; W. Earl Miller, to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.; J. D. Murphy, to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.; C. D. Palmer, to c. f. o. U. S. S. Saratoga; T. G. W. Settle, to U. S. S. Los Angeles. Lt. (j. g.) J. E. Pixton, to observation and treatment, Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Ens. C. A. Ferriter, to continue duty U. S. S. Omaha. Lts. (j. g.) F. M. Townsend, jr. (M. C.), to 1st Brigade, U. S. Marine, Port au Prince, Haiti; F. M. Ingersoll, to Marine Corps Base, Nav. Oper. Base, San Diego, Calif.; B. H. White (S. C.), to Observation, treatment and further recommendation Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; H. M. Peterson (Ch. C.), to 4th Regiment, U. S. Marines, San Diego, Calif. Ch. Machs. D. W. Harry, to U. S. S. Whitney; E. J. Leonard, to U. S. S. Sciotia; D. H. West, to c. f. o. U. S. S. Saratoga. Pay Clks. H. K. Brown, to resignation accepted April 20, 1927; O. W. F. Hicks, to U. S. S. Detroit.

Feb. 11, 1927.

Capt. L. M. Overstreet, to command U. S. S. Wyoming. Lt. Comdr. H. P. Burnett, to duty with the Naval Mission to Peru. Lts. L. A. Pope, to VO Sqn. 33, Aircraft Sqdns., Scg. Flt.; E. Swanson, to U. S. S. Pueblo. Lts. (j. g.) G. M. Brooke, to Naval Academy; E. T. Scott, to continue treatment Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif. Ens. H. Burris, to U. S. S. Sumner; L. R. Herring, to continue duty U. S. S. Paul Hamilton; A. W. Wheelock, to U. S. S. Tennessee; Ch. Machs. H. A. Bryan, to duty U. S. S. Koka; L. E. Gray, duty Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash. Ch. Carps. D. McLeod, to continue treat., Nav. Hosp., New York; W. A. Nighthalinge, to U. S. S. Pennsylvania; A. E. Rue, to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

The following dispatch was received from Cinc. Asiatic Fleet, dated February 10, 1927: Lt. H. B. Brown, from U. S. S. S-33, to U. S. S. Beaver; Ens. H. C. Doan, to U. S. S. S-32; Ens. B. O. Matthews, to U. S. S. S-32; Ens. M. C. Storms, to U. S. S. S-33; and Rad. El. E. Hanna, from Nav. Radio Sta., Los Angeles, P. I.; to U. S. S. Beaver, and Rad. El. C. E. Schneider, from U. S. S. Beaver, to 16th Nav. Dist.

Feb. 12, 1927.

Lt. Comdr. H. V. Bryan, to Rec. Ship, New York.

Lts. J. R. Burkhart, to U. S. S. Henderson; J. Davis, to U. S. S. Kittery; N. R. George, to continue treat. Nav. Hosp., League Island, Phila., Pa.; P. E. Pendleton, to Naval Academy; J. C. Redman, to U. S. S. Chewink; F. A. Rhoads, to Rec. Ship, San Francisco.

Lts. (j. g.) L. C. Grannis, to Naval Academy; M. M. Marple, jr., to Nav. Air Sta., Nav. Oper. Base, Hampton Rds., Va.; E. I. McQuiston, to command U. S. S. R-8, to treatment, Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. M. T. Clement (MC), to Marine Recg. Sta., Charlotte, N. C.; J. W. Troxell (MC), to Nav. Hosp., League Island, Phila., Pa.; Ch. Bosn. H. B. Romberg, to U. S. S. Omaha; Ch. Gun. J. K. Campbell, to U. S. S. Rigel; A. P. C. H. O. A. Marschner, to continue treatment, Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.; Pay Clk. V. R. Pope, to U. S. S. Rochester.

Feb. 14, 1927.

Comdr. W. R. Carter, to temp. duty Nav. Air Sta., Nav. Oper. Base, Hampton Rds., Va. Lt. T. H. Binford, to Naval Academy.

Lts. (j. g.) G. A. Dussault, to Nav. Air Sta., Hampton Rds., Va.; E. R. Peck, to Nav.

(Continued on Next Page.)

War Department Reports on Wurzbach Promotion Bill

(Continued from First Page.)

Objectionable and undesirable from the viewpoint of the War Department.

Points in Harmony.

It is in harmony with War Department thought in the following respects:

1. It acknowledges the condition of stagnation in promotion that confronts the great group of officers appointed between November, 1916, and November, 1918 (about 6,800), which we have come to refer to as the "hump" on the promotion list, and the group of officers below them on the promotion list.

2. It would institute a system of promotion from grade to grade (from 2nd Lieutenant to Colonel) much the same as that proposed by the War Department. The only difference is that this bill would promote a 2nd Lieutenant to 1st Lieutenant after four years' service, whereas the War Department would have the promotion made after three years' service.

Provides for Promotion.

3. It provides for assisting this promotion by authorizing an elastic number in the grade of Colonel (4% to 6% of the total authorized number of promotion-list officers); in the field grade (Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel and Major) (25% to 40% of the total authorized number of promotion-list officers); and in the Company grade (Captain, 1st Lieutenant and 2nd Lieutenant) (60% to 75% of the total authorized number of promotion-list officers). This agrees precisely with the War Department proposal.

4. It acknowledges the principle of interdependent relationship between separations from the active list and promotions on the active list, whereby if the rate of promotion is to be increased, the rate of attrition from the active list must be increased.

But in its provisions for increased attrition from the active list it differs from the War Department proposal, and this will be referred to in a subsequent paragraph.

5. It provides satisfactory cash allowance for officers discharged from the service, and satisfactory retired pay for officers retired from the service.

6. It provides for a Board of General Officers to be convened each year to perform certain functions in respect to surveying carefully the personnel situation existing and recommending certain action to the Secretary of War to carry out the intent of the law. This is in harmony with War Department thought, but some of the functions of this board as defined in the bill are, in my opinion, undesirable. This will be referred to in a subsequent paragraph.

7. It apparently accepts the War Department view that the commissioned strength of the Army as at present authorized by law should be maintained. No reduction is practicable if the Regular Army is to perform the duties and fill the role intended by the National Defense Act and our National Defense policy under that act.

Points Not in Harmony.

It is not in harmony with War Department thought in the following respects:

1. In providing for increased attrition from the Active List, the maximum annual rate of attrition for any year is fixed at 3% of the maximum number of promotion-list officers authorized by law during next preceding fiscal year. Now, our present rate of attrition is only slightly under 3% and it has been shown in the studies made by the War Department, heretofore referred to, that this 3% rate is 1% below the normal rate over a 40-year period representing the turnover of the commissioned personnel of the Army. The War Department thought is that the present subnormal rate of attrition (a little below 3%) should at once be brought to the normal rate of 4% and kept there year by year until the normal rate accrues unforced (it is estimated that, under our present system, this will not occur until about 20 years hence). This accelerated rate of attrition (really only the normal rate), operating in conjunction with the plan of promoting officers as proposed within the limitations prescribed for authorized number in grade of Colonel, in grade of field officer (Colonel, Lt. Colonel and Major), and in company grade (Captain, 1st Lieutenant and 2nd Lieutenant), would gradually, smoothly, without violence, accomplish the purpose of providing reasonable promotion for the large hump of 5,800 officers appointed between November, 1916, and November, 1918, and of all those officers now below them on the promotion list.

2. In its provisions for increased attrition from the active list, it is prescribed that not to exceed 2,000 officers may be separated from the active list by voluntary discharge or retirement within one year after its enactment into law. This is not desirable for many reasons, unless, of course, it be the intention to reduce the commissioned strength of the Army from 12,000 to 10,000. For instance, the replacement of these officers by newly appointed 2nd Lieutenants would create another large hump on the promotion list and create an unsatisfactory condition for the future similar to that now confronting the Army by reason of the "hump" of 5,800 officers referred to. It is not a sudden, wholesale exodus of officers from the active list that is desirable or advisable, but rather a generally constant number of separations year by year in order not to create a "humpy" promotion list for the future. Besides, there is a limit to the number of qualified 2nd Lieutenants that can be procured yearly if a high standard of commissioned personnel is to be maintained.

3. It is provided that the Board of General Officers shall each year arrange all promotion-

What 5-5-3 Ratio Means

By HON. THOMAS S. BUTLER, Pa. and HON. CARL VINSON, Ga.

IN order that we might be on an equality with Great Britain, we need: 21 cruisers, 1 airplane carrier, 4 2,000 ton submarines at a total cost of \$382,000,000.

In order that we might be placed on an equality with Japan, we need: 14 cruisers, 1 airplane carrier, 19 2,000 ton submarines, 17 1,000 ton submarines at a total cost of \$396,000,000.

If we want to reach a straight 5-5-3 ratio with both countries, we need: 21 cruisers, 1 airplane carrier, 19 2,000 ton submarines, 17 1,000 ton submarines at a total cost of \$508,000,000.

Twenty-one cruisers will cost \$336,000,000; one airplane carrier, \$26,000,000; 19 2,000 ton submarines, \$95,000,000; 17 1,000 ton submarines, \$51,000,000, at a total cost of \$508,000,000.

This is based upon what England now has built, building and authorized.

America has built and building 125,000 tons. If the 5-5-3 ratio is based upon America's ships, England will have to scrap 207,000 tons of cruisers, and Japan, at the same ratio, will have to scrap 30,000 tons.

If England should agree to the American standard of 125,000 tons of cruisers, she will have to destroy or take out of commission every cruiser she now has in commission.

It is conceded that Great Britain, France and Japan are proceeding rapidly with the construction of warships. If the President's proposition is entertained by them favorably, it will result in the immediate suspension of their construction until such time that this conference can meet and fix this ratio.

list Colonels on the promotion list in the order in which it deems them fitted for the duties of a brigade or higher commander of combatant troops.

We already have provisions in law for selective promotion from Colonel to Brigadier General which is, in my opinion satisfactory and sufficient in view of the small yearly turnover in General Officers. It is difficult to see what good could come of arranging all promotion list Colonels on a list that would in effect be a priority list of eligible officers for promotion to the grade of Brigadier General. It is easy to visualize that the dissatisfaction, the injured feeling, that would permeate the body of Colonels would operate to lessen their efficiency and injure the service.

4. The Board of Generals is charged with passing on applications for retirement after 30 years' service under a very restrictive policy, since they are to recommend for approval only such applications as meet the requirements that the applicant shall have had a record of distinguished service throughout his service and that "the facts are so exceptional and so compelling as to convince the board that it is to the best interests of the Army and the United States for such application to be recommended for approval." In its study on Retirement, heretofore referred to, the War Department pointed out the desirability of having a Retirement System for the Army that would happily combine provisions for involuntary retirements for age, for physical disability, etc., and for voluntary retirements after long years of faithful service. We have these provisions now, and that relating to voluntary retirement after 30 years' service is believed wise and satisfactory both to the individual and the Government. I believe that it would be a mistake to adopt a restrictive policy with reference to this class of retirements such as indicated, especially at this time when increased attrition from the active list above the hump as well as from within the hump is required in order to get the relief sought for the condition of stagnation in promotion facing the large group of World War officers and those below them on the promotion list.

5. One of the outstanding features of the bill is the provision for creating a new promotion list to replace the existing Single Promotion List.

The bill would arrange all the present promotion-list officers on a new promotion list based upon a very complicated system of credit coefficients allowed for many kinds of military service, including enlisted service, certain cadet service, certain commissioned service other than in the Regular Army. There is no justification offered for the system of credit coefficients proposed. None can be seen. A radical departure is made from long-established practice in the matter of determining an officer's promotion status. The practice has been, and it is believed eminently sound, to use commissioned service as a basis for determining relative rank—that is, relative position on the promotion list. This bill introduces the proposition of crediting enlisted service and various forms of commissioned service not Federal, and cadet service for certain specified classes graduated from the U. S. Military Academy and U. S. Naval Academy; for this purpose. And while introducing these radical and, in my opinion, unsound propositions, it fails to provide credit for cadet service at U. S. Military Academy and U. S. Naval Academy for all classes; it fails to provide credit for Volunteer Service in the Spanish-American War or for service in the Philippine Scouts.

It is impossible to visualize the constitution of the new list in comparison with the present Single List, since computation of the credits to be allowed is impracticable. However, it is certain that in its constitution there would result a considerable shifting of officers up and down the list from their present positions on the present Single List. I am sure that there would result confusion many times confounded that would be harmful to good feeling and morale among the commissioned personnel.

For instance, there would result shifts up and down the list for many of them that would place juniors above seniors and seniors above juniors, disturbing a status that has existed among some of them for a

period of 20 to 30 years. Thus, an officer of a certain class of the U. S. Military Academy, say the class of 1904, who had temporary service as a General Officer during the World War whilst some of his present seniors were not so fortunate as to enjoy that high rank, would, under the credit system proposed, get sufficient total credit to move him above the latter on the new list. So it would be in the case of, say, a class from the U. S. Military Academy which graduated during the World War. The present relative rank among small categories of officers would be disturbed without any sound, justifiable reason.

Without considering other shifts of officers of other categories that would result, it must be apparent that creation of the new list would tend to create a greater feeling of injustice on the part of a greater number of officers than is the case at present with the Single Promotion List.

As pertinent to this proposition to create a new promotion list, and thus consummate a Utopian scheme that would eliminate all dissatisfaction among officers concerning their relative places on the promotion list, the following is quoted from the approved War Department study of alleged injustices in the Promotion List of the Army:

"If any particular injustice be singled out and a remedy applied, it is found at once that other claims of equal merit must be adjusted. Each remedy applied calls for some other and so we may expect to go on compounding remedies, each counteracting those previously applied to some extent. In the end there would be a promotion list based upon no fixed rules or principles and a chaotic state of personnel that would put an end to a single list promotion. It has been frequently suggested that some cure-all be devised whereby service of all kinds, rank or grade, age, special qualifications, experience, war service, and all other factors, would be assigned proper and just relative values and a list formed accordingly. The suggestions, however, do not go so far as to prevent such a miraculous formula, or if they do, present one as illustrative or as a basis for discussion only. It is not believed that any one familiar with all of the details and intricacies of the situation sees even a remote possibility of developing any such formula. Such procedure would be merely a compromise and would result in continuing allegations of injustice on the grounds that evaluation coefficients of certain classes were not equitable."

And the following from the letter sent to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by the Secretary of War:

"The investigation shows very clearly that the promotion list is fundamentally sound in principle and in its general composition. While many individuals and groups of officers now occupy disadvantageous or even inequitable positions, thorough investigation reveals that no method can be devised for remedying this condition without creating other injustices and an equal if not greater discontent."

"An examination of all the evidence is convincing that the present discontent with the promotion list is but a manifestation of underlying discontent with promotion prospects in general. The discontent is fully justified by the stagnation in promotion that now confronts most of the officers of the Army who entered the service during and after the World War. For many this stagnation is intensified by their relative positions on the promotion list. Manifestly any changes in relative position would merely decrease the severity of the stagnation for some individuals or groups, but always at the expense of others, and would not avert the general stagnation. Changing the promotion list would therefore be ineffective in improving a general condition which is undoubtedly inimical to the interests of the Army and of the national defense."

"In view of all the circumstances it is believed that changes in the promotion list are neither practicable nor desirable and no changes therein are recommended."

I am firmly convinced that these views reference the proposition to change the Single Promotion List are sound.

In view of this, and of my conviction

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 587.)

Air Sta., Hampton Rds., Va. Comdr. J. T. Borden (M. C.), to U. S. S. Henderson, Lieut. F. V. Davis (D. C.), to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va. Ch. Pay Cks. J. E. M. Moore, to further treatment, Nav. Hosp., League Island, Philadelphia, Pa.; M. W. Shumate, to Commissary Store, Naval Academy.

February 15, 1927.

Comdrs. O. L. Cox, to Bu. Eng.; M. A. Libbey, to aide on staff, Battle Flt.; R. C. MacFall, to Naval Academy. Lts. R. F. Davis, to Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.; C. Morrison, to Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I. Lts. (j. g.) P. E. Howard, to Naval Academy; J. P. Womble, to Naval Academy. Ens. W. G. Fisher, to U. S. S. Niagara; A. B. Leggett, to U. S. S. Kanawha; F. B. Schaefer, to continue treat. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Capt. L. H. Wheeler (M. C.), to Nav. Hosp., New York. Lt. Comdrs. G. W. Calver (M. C.), to Naval Dispensary, Navy Depot; G. R. W. French (M. C.), to Rec. Ship, San Francisco. Lts. R. B. Blackwell (M. C.), to Marine Rtg. Sta., Baltimore, Md.; E. C. O'Connell (D. C.), to Nav. Sta., Guam; E. L. Bailey (S. C.), to Nav. Sta., Guam; F. W. Hathaway (S. C.), to U. S. S. Rochester; R. O'Hagan (S. C.), to Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill.; A. S. Reid (S. C.), to Nav. Hosp. & Nav. Prison, Parris Is., S. C.; J. U. Sikke (S. C.), to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Feb. 16, 1927.

Lt. Comdr. N. M. Pigman, to Naval War College, Newport, R. I. Lts. J. F. Grube, to Naval Academy; F. E. Cook, to Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.; B. Macdonald, to Naval Academy. Lts. (j. g.) R. B. Drinan (Ch. C.), to temp. duty Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif.; A. E. Koch (Ch. C.), to U. S. S. Henderson, Ch. El. E. Brown, to Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS.

Feb. 17, 1927.

Rear Admiral F. H. Clark, Capt. R. F. Dillen, Comdr. E. S. R. Brandt, Lt. Comdr. R. B. Carney, Lt. W. F. Fitzgerald, Jr., Lt. (j. g.) W. A. Graham.

Medical Corps.

Rear Adm. C. H. T. Lowndes, Capt. J. P. Haynes, Comdr. J. B. Helm, Lt. Comdr. E. L. McDermott, Lt. J. M. Brewster.

Dental Corps.

Comdr. C. Mack, Lt. Comdr. P. H. MacInnis, Lt. Raymond D. Reid.

Supply Corps.

Rear Adm. T. H. Hicks, Capt. R. H. Johnson, Comdr. H. C. Gwynne, Lt. Comdr. C. R. Murray, Lt. E. T. Stewart, Jr., Lt. (j. g.) J. C. Molder.

Chaplain Corps.

Capt. E. A. Duff, Comdr. T. L. Kirkpatrick, Lt. Comdr. F. L. Albert, Lt. S. W. Salisbury, Lt. (j. g.) (Act. Chap.) G. L. Markle.

Construction Corps.

Rear Adm. G. H. Rock, Capt. A. H. Van Keuren, Comdr. F. G. Crisp, Lt. Comdr. W. C. Wade, Lt. R. R. Kelly.

Civil Engineer Corps.

Rear Adm. F. R. Harris, Capt. F. H. Cooke, Comdr. G. Church, Lt. Comdr. H. S. Bear, Lt. E. D. Miller.

reference certain other provisions of the bill as herein expressed, I recommend that H. R. 16613 be not favorably considered by your committee and be not enacted into law, although, as I have stated, there are some features of the bill which, in my opinion, are meritorious.

The Service Clearing House

As an additional service to the Services the Army and Navy Journal has started this column as a meeting place for buyers and sellers. The rate for advertising in this column is 50c a line, or an average of \$1 per insertion for each complete advertisement.

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For Sale—A practically new overcoat, worn less than a dozen times. Price is right to prompt purchaser. Box Q, Army and Navy Journal, Washington, D. C.

Army Orders.

(Continued from Page 587.)

Hospital, for treatment, and on relief therefrom to station assigned for duty. (Feb. 16.)

LEAVES.

Three months to Lt. Col. G. R. Somerville, Cav., July 1. (Feb. 12.)
Two months, 18 days, to Capt. O. J. Christiansen, D. C., Mar. 1. (Feb. 12.)
Two months to 2nd Lt. A. F. Dowler, M. A. C., Apr. 1. (Feb. 12.)
Leave granted Capt. H. M. Gwynn, Inf., extended 1 month, 7 days. (Feb. 12.)
Three months to Maj. G. J. Mortenson, Philippine Scouts (Inf.), June 20, with permission to leave U. S. (Feb. 12.)
Three months to Maj. J. R. Hill, Cav., June 17, with permission to leave U. S. (Feb. 12.)
Three months to 1st Lt. F. J. Lawrence, Inf., Mar. 1. (Feb. 12.)
Two months, 21 days, to Capt. V. R. Anderson, C. A. (Feb. 14.)
Two months to Capt. F. D. Shawn, Q. M. C., June 13. (Feb. 14.)
One month, 29 days, to 1st Lt. J. W. F. Resing, Inf. (Feb. 14.)
Four months to Lt. Col. G. P. Tyner, G. S., May 30. (Feb. 15.)
Four months to 1st Lt. C. S. Stephens, Inf., Apr. 1. (Feb. 15.)
Three months, 11 days, to Maj. R. F. Longacre, M. C., Apr. 1, with permission to return to U. S. via Europe. (Feb. 15.)
One month, 10 days, to Capt. T. F. Welton, M. C., Mar. 14. (Feb. 15.)
Four months, with permission to leave U. S. to Wnt. Offr. R. S. Stewart, Fort Hamilton, N. Y., Mar. 6. (Feb. 16.)

RESIGNATIONS.

Resignation by 1st Lt. I. S. Amberg, A. C., accepted. (Feb. 16.)

TRANSFERS.

The transfer of 2nd Lt. M. H. Lucas, A. C., to F. A., Feb. 9, rank from June 30, 1926, announced; relieved from attachment to 2nd Division, assigned to F. A., that division, and to C. G. Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for assignment. (Feb. 14.)
The transfer of 2nd Lt. B. P. Heiser, A. C., to F. A., Feb. 9, with rank from June 12, 1926, announced; relieved from attachment to 2nd Division, assigned to F. A., that division, and to C. G. Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for assignment. (Feb. 14.)
The transfer of Capt. M. I. Voorhes, F. A., to Cav., Feb. 14, rank from July 1, 1920, announced; Capt. Voorhes, now on leave in Washington, D. C., assigned to 14th Cav., Fort Des Moines, Iowa, and on expiration of leave to duty assigned. (Feb. 15.)
The transfer of Maj. F. W. Llewellyn, Inf., to J. A. G. D., Feb. 14, with rank from July 1, 1920, announced. He will remain on present duties. (Feb. 16.)
The transfer of 2nd Lt. J. F. Howell, jr., Inf., to C. A. C., April 2, with rank from June 12, 1924, announced. He is relieved from assignment to 1st Inf., Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and to New York and sail March 8 for Hawaiian Dept., or duty. (Feb. 16.)

RELIEVED FROM C. & G. S. SCHOOL.

Following officers relieved from assignment and duty as students, Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., on completing course, and will report to commandant, C. & G. S. School for duty: Maj. W. H. Cureton, F. A., and Capt. E. G. Lindroth, Inf. (Feb. 16.)

ORDERS TO RETIRED OFFICERS.

Capt. H. W. Lee, U. S. A., ret., from duties at Clemson Agricultural College, Clemson College, S. C., detailed at Marion Institute, Marion, Ala., for duty. (Feb. 11.)
Capt. R. W. Norton, U. S. A., ret., from duties at Calumet Public School, Calumet, Mich., detailed at Kentucky Military Institute, Lyndon, Ky., for duty. (Feb. 14.)

COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

A committee, to consist of Col. P. T. Hayne, Adj. Gen.; Lt. Col. Kyle Rucker, Judge Adv.; and Lt. Col. L. S. Morey, F. D., appointed to confer with the committee of naval officers, appointed for this purpose by the Secretary of the Navy, and endeavor to reach an agreement as to the Government agency that should be designated to handle family allowances in time of war. (Feb. 14.)

WARRANT OFFICERS.

Wnt. Offr. H. M. Beasley from Jeffersonville, Ind., to New York and sail June 30 for Hawaii for duty. (Feb. 11.)
Wnt. Offr. Frank Stubbs, Hawaiian Dept., assigned to duty at Jeffersonville, Q. M. intermediate depot, Jeffersonville, Ind., on completing foreign service, and on expiration of leave granted. (Feb. 11.)
Wnt. Offr. H. B. Hyde from Chilkoot Brks., Alaska, assigned to duty with Q. M. Camp Devens, Mass., and to San Francisco, Calif., and sail July 2 for New York, thence to Camp Devens, Mass., for duty as assigned. (Feb. 11.)
Wnt. Offr. R. E. Kelley from Philadelphia, Pa., assigned to duty with Q. M. Chilkoot Brks., Alaska, and to New York and sail June 30 for San Francisco, Calif., thence to Seattle, Wash., and sail July 19 for Alaska, for duty as assigned. (Feb. 11.)
Wnt. Offr. L. M. Matthews, Hawaiian Dept., assigned to duty in office of Chief of Chaplains, Washington, D. C., on completing foreign service and on expiration of leave. (Feb. 14.)
Wnt. Offr. Stephan Joska, band leader, assigned to duty at Army Music School, Washington Brks., D. C., having been absent without leave since Nov. 13, is hereby dropped from the rolls of the Army. (Feb. 14.)
Wnt. Offr. C. M. Bassett, Camp Lewis,

Wash., to Army retiring board, Camp Lewis, for examination. (Feb. 15.)

Wnt. Offr. D. A. Corbett, now a patient at Fitzsimons Hosp., Denver, Colo., to Army retiring board, Fitzsimons Hosp., for examination. (Feb. 15.)

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN.

Staff Sgt. Frank Stenzel, Q. M. C., at Letterman Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. (Feb. 11.)
Tech. Sgt. E. S. Winn, Q. M. C., at Fort Omaha, Nebr. (Feb. 11.)
Mstr. Sgt. G. L. Egbert, O. D., at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. (Feb. 11.)
1st Sgt. J. D. Furniss, 23d Inf., at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. (Feb. 12.)
1st Sgt. James Robertson, 12th C. A., at Fort Monroe, Va. (Feb. 12.)
Mstr. Sgt. David Burris, 5th Cav., at Fort Clark, Tex. (Feb. 12.)
Mstr. Sgt. J. J. Leyden, O. D., at Frankford Arsenal, Pa. (Feb. 14.)
1st Sgt. Joseph Tieman, 44th Ord. Co., at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md. (Feb. 14.)
Staff Sgt. E. F. McLaughlin, 15th C. A., at Fort Kamehameha, Hawaii. (Feb. 14.)
Mstr. Sgt. C. T. Engel, 10th Inf., at Fort Thomas, Ky. (Feb. 15.)
Mstr. Sgt. F. H. Chapman, Q. M. C., at San Francisco general intermediate depot, Fort Mason, Calif. (Feb. 16.)
Tech. Sgt. E. S. Dissinger, O. D., at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. (Feb. 16.)
Staff Sgt. L. D. Martin, D. E. M. L., at Washington Barracks, D. C. (Feb. 16.)

ORGANIZED RESERVES.

Col. W. W. Warwick, F. D. Res., to active duty Apr. 1, at Army medical center, Washington, D. C., for course in the finance office. (Feb. 11.)
Following Inf. Res., to active duty Feb. 26 at Fort Benning, Ga., for three months' course for reserve officers at the Infantry School: 1st Lt. F. E. Todd and 2nd Lt. William Piodowski. (Feb. 11.)
Maj. Charles Bolte, Sanitary Corps Res., to active duty Feb. 27, to Washington, D. C., for training with the Surgeon General. (Feb. 12.)
Capt. C. W. Gates, Signal Res., to active duty Feb. 14, at Governors Island, N. Y., for training. (Feb. 14.)
1st Lt. J. H. Enlow, Inf. Res., to active duty Feb. 25, at Fort Benning, Ga., for three months' course for reserve officers at the Infantry School. (Feb. 15.)
Maj. F. M. Terry, F. D. Res., to active duty Mar. 17, at Washington, D. C., for training with Chief of Finance. (Feb. 16.)
2nd Lt. P. J. Balaguer, Q. M. Res., to active duty Mar. 1, at Washington, D. C., for training at Washington general intermediate depot. (Feb. 16.)

LATE WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

The following War Department Orders were received too late for classification: S. O. 40, W. D., FEB. 17, 1927.

Corps of Engineers.

Capt. Henry Hutchings, jr., Golden, Colo., to Denver, Colo., for treatment at Fitzsimons Hosp.

Signal Corps.

2nd Lt. W. B. Larew from assignment and duty, 51st Sig. Bn., Fort Monmouth, N. J., assigned to 1st Signal Co., 1st Div., Fort Monmouth, N. J., for duty.

Coast Artillery.

1st Lt. E. C. Callicutt from Alcatraz, Calif., June 18, assigned to 3rd C. A., harbor defenses of Los Angeles, Fort MacArthur, Calif., for duty.
2nd Lt. H. E. Strickland from Fort Barrancas, Fla., to New York and sail June 30 for Hawaiian Dept. for duty.
Maj. Walter Singles, 13th C. A., Fort Barrancas, Fla., to Washington, D. C., for treatment at Walter Reed Hosp.

Infantry.

2nd Lt. D. J. Cragun from Fort Douglas, Utah, to San Francisco, Calif., and sail Aug. 16 for New York, thence to Fort Monmouth, N. J., reporting not later than Sept. 8 for duty as student, the Signal School.
Maj. A. B. Kaempfer is detailed in the Inspector General's Dept., June 1; relieved from 10th Inf., Fort Hayes, Ohio, to Governors Island, N. Y., reporting June 1, for duty with I. G. D., at Hdqrs., 2nd Corps Area.
Following Inf. officers from duty indicated to New York and sail July 27 for duty in Philippines: Capt. H. V. Dexter, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; 1st Lts. W. H. Roberts, the Inf. School, Fort Benning, Ga.

Following Inf. officers from Fort Benning, Ga., the Inf. School, to New York and sail July 27 to Hawaii for duty: 1st Lts. H. C. Jespersen, Leonard Murphy, C. D. Haisley, F. A. Deroin, E. T. Hayes and H. G. Renzagel.
1st Lt. F. R. Undritz assigned to 25th Inf., Nogales, Ariz., on completing foreign service in Philippines.

Following Inf. officers assigned as indicated on completing foreign service in Hawaii: 1st Lts. C. G. Banks, to 10th Inf., Fort Thomas, Ky., and B. S. Halter to 6th Inf., Jefferson Brks., Mo.

Following assigned to duty as students, Inf. Sch., Fort Benning, Ga., on completing foreign service in Hawaiian Dept.: Capt. E. C. Flegel, and 2nd Lt. D. M. Ashton.
Lt. Col. G. V. Heidt from New Orleans, La., Mar. 10, and assigned to duty as officer in charge of the recruiting publicity bureau, Governors Island, N. Y., for station.
Col. J. W. Heavey, Philadelphia, Pa., to Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., for treatment.

Col. E. A. Myer from detail as instr., Ill. N. G., to duty in connection with National Guard affairs at Hdqrs., 6th Corps Area, Chicago, Ill.

Air Corps.

1st Lt. C. B. Lober from duty as student, A. C. Advanced Flying School, Kelly Field, Tex., Mar. 1, to duty at Kelly Field.
Following from duty as students, A. C. Advanced Flying School, Kelly Field, Tex., Mar. 1, to station specified for duty: Capt.

U. S. FLEET DIRECTORY

CORRECTED TO FEB. 17, 1927.

Adm. Charles F. Hughes, Commander in Chief, U. S. S. Seattle (flagship), at Ponce, Porto Rico.

Address mail as follows: Vessels of Battle fleet on Southern cruise "Care of Postmaster, New York City." Vessels in Atlantic and European waters in care of Postmaster, New York City.

BATTLE FLEET.

Adm. R. H. Jackson, Commander in Chief (flagship), California, San Pedro, to Balboa.

Battleship Divisions.

Vice Adm. L. R. de Steiguer, Commander.
Division Three—Nevada, Oklahoma, Arizona, en route to Canal Zone; Pennsylvania, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.
Division Four—Mississippi, New Mexico, Idaho, San Pedro, to Balboa.
Division Five—Colorado, West Virginia, Maryland, San Pedro to Balboa; Tennessee, San Pedro, Calif.

Destroyer Squadron.

Rear Adm. Luke McNamee, Commander.
Rigel, San Diego; McDermut, Altair, San Diego; Omaha, Melville, San Diego to Balboa.

Squadron Eleven—Decatur (leader), San Diego, to Balboa.

Division Thirty—Doyen, Mare Island; Meyer, Henshaw, Sinclair, McCawley, Moody, San Diego, to Balboa.

Division Thirty-one—Farragut, William Jones, Zeilin, Percival, J. F. Burnes, Somers, San Diego, to Balboa.

Division Thirty-two—Farquhar, Reno, Kennedy, San Diego to Balboa; Stoddert, Paul Hamilton, Bremerton, Wash.; Thompson, San Diego, to Balboa.

Squadron Twelve—Litchfield (leader), San Diego to Balboa.

Division Thirty-four—Sloat, Shirk, Kidder, Yarrowburgh, Wool, La Vallette, San Diego, to Balboa.

Division Thirty-five—Chase, Marcus, Mervine, Mullany, Robert Smith, Selfridge, San Diego, to Balboa.

Division Thirty-six—Farenholt, Sumner, Mare Island; Macdonough, Corry, Hull, Melvin, San Diego, to Balboa.

Aircraft Squadrons.

Capt. J. M. Reeves, Commander.
Langley, at San Diego; Arcootook, Ganet, San Diego, Calif.

Submarine Divisions.

R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, R-6, R-7, R-8, R-9, R-10, R-11, R-12, R-13, R-14, R-15, R-16, R-17, R-18, R-19, R-20, at Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Holland (tender), S-25, S-26, San Diego to sea; S-27, S-29, S-24, S-28, Mare Island, S-14, S-15, S-16, S-17, at Mare Island, Calif.; S-7, Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; S-4, S-6, S-8, S-9, San Diego to sea.

BASE FORCE.

Rear Adm. W. W. Phelps, Commander, Procyon, San Pedro.

Mine Squadron 2—Burns, Ludlow, Whippoorwill, Tanager, Hawaiian waters.

Train Squadron 1—Antares, Vestal, Mercy, Guantanamo Bay; Bridge, Guantanamo, Cuba; Brazos, Port Arthur to Guantanamo.

Train Squadron 2—Relief, San Pedro; Kanawha, San Pedro; Arctic, San Francisco, Calif.; Neches, San Pedro, Calif.; Medusa, San Pedro; Cuyama, at San Pedro, Calif.

FORCES IN ATLANTIC.

SCOUTING FLEET.

Vice Adm. A. H. Robertson, Commander.

Battleship Division.

Wyoming, at Hampton Roads, Va.; Utah, at Boston, Mass.; New York, at Norfolk, Va.; Florida, Texas, Arkansas, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Light Cruiser Divisions.

Rear Admiral A. L. Willard, Commander.
Division Two—Trenton (flagship of Adm. Willard), Guantanamo, Cuba; Raleigh, Corinto, Nic.; Detroit, Boston, Mass.; Milwaukee, Cristobal, to Corinto, Nic.

Division Three.

(Send mail care Postmaster, San Francisco.)

Rear Admiral J. R. Y. Blakely, ordered to command.

Richmond (flagship), Marblehead, Cincinnati, Honolulu, T. H.

Destroyer Squadron.

Rear Adm. N. E. Irwin, Commander.
Concord (flagship), Putnam, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Squadron Nine—Dallas (leader), Whitney, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Division Twenty-six—Worden, Converse, Flusser, Dale, Billingsley, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; Reid, at Philadelphia.

Division Twenty-seven—Bruce, Guacanayabo Bay; Charles Ausburne, Osborne,

W. B. Mayer, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio; 1st Lt. L. A. Lawson, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, and 2nd Lt. R. R. Gillespie, Langley Field, Hampton, Va.

1st Lt. B. B. Cassidy from duty at A. C. Advanced Flying School, Kelly Field, Tex., about Mar. 1, to Scott Field, Ill., for duty.

Leaves.

Leave granted 1st Lt. J. I. Moore, A. C., extended 1 month.
Two months, 14 days, to Capt. Lawrence Slade, Q. M. C., on relief from present duties, with permission to leave U. S.

Resignation.

Resignation of 2nd Lt. E. S. Emerson, Corps of Engrs., accepted.

Transfer.

The transfer of Capt. D. W. Craig, Ord.

Preston, Lamson, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; Coghlan, en route to Puerto Cabezas, Nic. Division Thirty-eight—Borie, Salinas Bay, Nicaragua; John D. Edwards, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; Whipple, Tracy, Barker, Smith-Thompson, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Squadron Fourteen—Hopkins (leader), Dobbin, Guacanayabo Bay, Cuba.

Division Forty—Kane, Hampton Roads, Va.; Gilmer, Brooks, Guantanamo Bay; Lawrence, Puerto Cabezas, Nic.; Hatfield, Pearl Lagoon, Nic.; Humphreys, New York Yard.

Division Forty-one—Sturtevant, Overton, Guacanayabo Bay, Cuba; McFarland, Norfolk, Va.; King, Childs, Boston; J. K. Paulding, Norfolk, Va.

Division Forty-two—Barry, Sands, Guacanayabo Bay, Cuba; Reuben James, Gulf of Fonseca; Williamson, Prinzapolka, Nic.; Bainbridge, New York Navy Yard; Goff, Guacanayabo Bay, Cuba.

Aircraft Squadron.

Capt. J. J. Raby, Commander.

Wright, Teal, Sandpiper, Guacanayabo Bay, Cuba.

CONTROL FORCE.

Rear Adm. H. H. Christy.

U. S. S. Camden (F), Dry Tortugas, Fla. Mine Squadron 1—Shawmut, Mahan, Mallard, Maury, Lark, Dry Tortugas, Fla.

Submarine Division—O-3, New London, Conn.; T-3, Philadelphia, Pa.; S-49, S-50, St. Petersburg, Fla.; O-1, O-2, S-1, S-3, Portsmouth, N. H.

Bushnell (tender), S-13, S-11, S-10, Dry Tortugas, Fla.; S-12, at Charleston, S. C.

S-19, S-20, S-23, S-21, S-22, Dry Tortugas, Fla.; S-18, New London, Conn.

O-4, O-6, O-7, O-8, O-9, O-10, Coco Solo, C. Z.

S-42, S-43, S-44, S-45, S-46, S-47, Coco Solo, C. Z.; Argonne, V-1, V-2, V-3, Pecos Island.

U. S. ASIATIC FLEET.

Adm. C. S. Williams, Commander in Chief, Flagship, Huron.

Pittsburgh (flagship), Shanghai, China. Send mail to Asiatic Station via Postmaster, Seattle, Wash.

Asheville, Shanghai, China; Elcano, Ichang; General Alava, Cavite, P. I.; Isabel, Hankow, China; Huron, Guam to Honolulu; Monocacy, at Ansin, China; Palos, Hankow, China; Pecos, Shanghai; Penguin, Hankow, China; Pecos, Cavite; Penguin, Kiukiang, China; Pigeon, Hankow; Sacramento, Shanghai, China; Villalobos at Hankow, China; Helena, Canton, China; Pampana, Dosing, China.

Destroyer Squadron.

Paul Jones (flagship), Manila, P. I.; Black Hawk (leader), Manila, P. I.

Division Thirty-nine—Bulmer, Wuhu; McLeisch, Chinkiang Simpson, Nanking; McCormick, Shanghai, China; Edsall, Shanghai; Patrott, Pagoda Anchorage, China.

Division Forty-three—John D. Ford, Manila, P. I.; Pillsbury, Manila; Stewart, Manila, P. I.; Pope, Hankow; Peary, Manila, P. I.; Truxton, Hankow, China.

Division Forty-five—Hulbert, Wm. B. Preston, Pruitt, Sicard, Preble, Manila, P. I.; Noa, Manila, P. I.

Submarine Divisions.

Division Sixteen—Beaver (tender), S-31, S-34, S-35, Manila; S-30, S-32, S-33, Olongapo, P. I.

Division Seventeen—Canopus (tender), S-36, S-39, S-40, S-41, Olongapo; S-37, S-38, Manila, P. I.

Mine Detachment.

Rizal, Hart, Bittern, Finch, Manila, P. I.

Air Force.

Jason, Manila; Avocet, Manila, P. I.; Heron, Olongapo, P. I.

SPECIAL SERVICE SQUADRON.

Rear Adm. Julian L. Latimer, Commander (flag on Milwaukee).

Send mail in care of Postmaster, New York City.

Rochester, Canal Zone; Galveston, Corinto, Nic.; Denver, Bluefields, Nic.; Tulsa, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.; Cleveland, Puerto Cabezas, Nicaragua.

NAVAL FORCES, EUROPE.

Vice Adm. Guy H. Burrage, Commander.

Memphis (flagship), Haifa, Palestine; Scorpion, Venice, Italy; Case, Isherwood, Alexandria, Egypt; Lardner, Sharkey, Villefranche, France; Breck, Toucy, Naples, Italy, to Haifa, Palestine.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Chaumont, Honolulu, to Asiatic waters; Hannibal, Gulf of Batabano, Cuba; Huron, Honolulu, T. H.; Nokomis, to Key West, Fla.; Henderson, Philadelphia, Pa.; Mayflower, Washington, D. C.; Niagara, Navy Yard, Philadelphia; Patoka, Philadelphia, Pa.

Dept., to F. A., Feb. 14, rank from Sept. 25, announced. He will remain on present duties until further orders.

Classification Board.

Maj. Gens. J. H. McRae, U. S. A., Douglas MacArthur, U. S. A.; Brig. Gens. D. E. Aultman, U. S. A., Malvern Hill Barnum, U. S. A., and M. J. Lenihan, U. S. A., are detailed members of the classification board appointed to meet in Washington, D. C., to make classification of officers under the provisions of section 24b, Chapter I, Act of Congress approved June 4, 1920, vice Maj. Gens. Ernest Hinds, U. S. A., H. E. Ely, U. S. A.; Brig. Gens. R. E. Callan, U. S. A., H. A. Drum, U. S. A., W. M. Cruikshank, U. S. A.

(Continued on Page 598.)

Congress Reacts To Rejection of Parley

(Continued from First Page.)

sciously reverting to competitive building." France and Italy have paid no heed to this suggestion. Consequently:

In the memorandum to the Foreign Governments, which Mr. Coolidge approved, it was declared that "the American Government, for its part, is disposed to accept, in regard to those classes of vessels not covered by the Washington Treaty, an extension of the 5-5-3 ratio as regards the United States, Great Britain and Japan, and to leave to discussion at Geneva the ratios of France and Italy, taking into full account their special conditions and requirements in regard to the types of vessels in question."

Committed to 5-5-3 Ratio.

Thus the President is committed to the 5-5-3 ratio. Admittedly, the United States is below that ratio. Failure of the conference proposal thus would justify the President in showing Europe that if there must be naval competition, this Government is prepared to engage in it. That, it is declared, would more quickly bring about equality in armament than anything that has been done or any further diplomatic exchanges that might be made. Of course, there is the chance, as suggested in the above quotation from the Kellogg memorandum, that Great Britain, Japan and the United States will confer on the question of a ratio for auxiliary craft, leaving the ratio for France and Italy to be determined at Geneva; but obviously no real conclusion could be reached under such a program, since the vital interests of the British Empire are concerned with the cruiser and especially the submarine construction of the Mediterranean powers.

Foreign Powers' Views Vary.

Here in a nut-shell is the diplomatic situation in connection with the Coolidge proposal:

France has rejected the suggestion, appealed to the League of Nations' sentiment in the United States and abroad to support her position, and made counter-proposals objectionable to the United States and Great Britain.

Italy has adopted the same attitude as France.

Japan has accepted the American proposal, but simultaneously has announced she will not further reduce her fleet, which she regards as at "the irreducible minimum."

Great Britain, while favorable to the American proposal, is not disposed to cut her cruiser strength unless compensating advantages therefor are obtained.

Effect of Attitude.

The effect of the attitude of the Powers approached is:

1—To cause a realization in Washington administration and congressional circles that there is little hope of tangible results flowing from any Disarmament Conference or from the Disarmament Conference which may be assembled following the conclusion of the work of the Preparatory Commission at Geneva.

2—To make France the public protector of the League of Nations and the defender of the principle of the sovereign equality of the small and large States.

Trys Lineup of Small Powers.

The French reply, obviously dictated by an attempt to line up all the small powers against the United States, reiterates the following as the basic principles the Paris Government will support:

"On the one hand one cannot undertake to limit naval armaments without taking into consideration the solutions proposed for land and air armaments; on the other hand, especially from the naval point of view, the limitation of armaments can only result from the attribution to any one power of a global tonnage that it remains free to divide according to the sense of its necessities."

In Opposition to U. S. View.

These principles are in diametrical opposition to the attitude of the United States, as set forth in a letter addressed by the Secretary of State to Mr. Porter, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Com-

mittee of the House. Mr. Kellogg thus stated the American principles:

1. That there should be a direct approach to the question of limitation and reduction of armaments without awaiting complicated measures for providing security, in the belief that the cause of security will be promoted through the reduction and limitation of armaments and the elimination of suspicion and ill will which can be expected to follow.

2. That in order to be really effective, agreements for the reduction and limitation of armaments must be founded upon a respect for treaty obligations and a belief in the good faith of the contracting parties. It is our belief that any agreements founded upon distrust and providing for a machinery of inspection and control will not only fail to achieve its purpose but will create new elements of suspicion and ill will.

3. We believe that insistence upon a joint consideration of land, sea and air armaments will tend to render needlessly complicated the task of a final conference, and will tend to render more difficult achievement in regard to the limitation and reduction of any single category of armament. For that reason we feel that ultimate success lies along the line of isolating from the general problem as many concrete questions as possible and dealing with them in a direct and practical manner.

4. We feel that the only practical approach to the question of the limitation and reduction of armaments is through dealing with visible armaments at peace strength. We feel that this is a relatively simple problem where we are dealing with known quantities and where, through the exercise of patience and good will, we can hope for constructive achievement. We feel, on the other hand, that any scheme involving the complicated and variable financial, industrial and economic factors would tend to inject a needless complication into the problem and render more difficult any hope of real achievement.

5. It is our view that there is no possibility of devising a system for the limitation and reduction of armaments which could be made either applicable or acceptable to all countries of the world and that any attempt to reach such a solution would merely mean an indefinite postponement of achievement. We feel that land and air problems constitute an essentially regional problem and that different solutions can best meet the needs of different regions; that naval armament can best be dealt with through direct agreement among a limited number of naval powers.

Britain Has Sixty Cruisers.

Great Britain has sixty cruisers in service or under construction, according to the most reliable information obtainable, and insists that her requirements compel the retention of every one of them. The London Government, of course, has a certain sympathy with the defense of the League made in the French reply, but on the other hand is prepared to go as far as it possibly can to meet the American wishes. Reduction in size of cruisers would be a proposal the British Government would approve. It is apparent, however, that no agreement can be made by it unless assurances as to the French and Italian strength are given.

The Premier and Naval Minister of Japan both have said that Japan will accept the Coolidge proposal, but both have emphasized the hopelessness of any conference. For instance, Minister Takarabe asserts that the present strength of the Japanese Navy is "at its lowest possible level, and therefore, there can be no further reduction." The Japanese have added a further obstacle in the way of the adoption of the Coolidge proposal by suggesting that views be exchanged with the United States and Great Britain with respect to the development of the bases in Hawaii and Straits Settlement.

Italy For Strong Navy.

Italy—the Fascist government of Mussolini—sees the United States seeking an advantage through the cut of European and Japanese Navies. Its position is that a Navy is essential in order to defend Italian colonies and seek new outlets for the surplus of population. Italy proposes to continue the construction of the so-called Thaon di Reval program, which contemplates maintaining the Italian navy at the strength of 1923. At that time, Italy's fleet included eight cruisers, sixty-four destroyers and forty-two submarines.

The Army and Navy Journal has made a careful inquiry as to the inspiration of the message which President Coolidge sent to Congress. It appears that after consultation with the American Delegates to the Preparatory Conference, Secretary Kellogg came to the conclusion that the antagonism between the two schools of thought which the sessions of the Commission had developed, was so sharp that, to quote his own words, it would be hopeless "to try to call a general world conference to conclude treaties" until some measure of agree-

U. S. M. C. PROMOTION STATUS.

February 16, 1927.

Last Commissioned.	Will make number in grade indicated on next vacancy.
Col. D. C. Douglass.	Col. P. M. Rixey, jr.
Lt. Col. L. S. Willis.	Lt. Col. F. A. Barker
Maj. G. A. Stowel.	Maj. A. H. Turnage.
Capt. Bernard Dubel.	Capt. F. O. Rogers.
1st Lt. H. E. Dunkelberger.	1st Lt. E. H. Price.

ment had been reached as to the problems to be discussed. Moreover he entertained grave doubts as to the ability of the Preparatory Commission to present a definite agenda acceptable to all governments. For example, France and her associates contend that if regional agreements, as proposed by this Government, should be adopted in connection with land and air limitations, the Nations possessing navies should be parties to all such agreements. It is apparent if the United States were to agree to anything of the kind, Great Britain, France, Japan and other nations possessing fleets would feel they might have the right to act with reference to South America, which could be construed as tending to violation of the Monroe Doctrine.

Message Considered at Meeting.

After full consideration of the entire matter, Mr. Kellogg went to the White House and pointed out to the President that his note to the Powers for naval limitation, would be strengthened if Mr. Coolidge would simultaneously with the dispatch of the note, transmit a message to Congress, urging the adoption of the proposal. The matter was considered at the Cabinet meeting the next day, and on the following day the President sent the message.

It is stated authoritatively that in so acting the President did not give consideration to the effect of his message upon the Senate amendment for the appropriation for the three cruisers of the 1924 program, or the authorization of the ten additional cruisers, or the modernization of battleships. As a matter of fact, he had ceased to regard the cruiser appropriation as important and still favored the authorization of the additional cruisers.

U. S. M. C. ORDERS

Feb. 10, 1927.

Capt. A. G. Rome, to Asiatic Station, Chief Mar. Gnr. J. S. McNulty, to M. B. N. S., Guam.

The following second lieutenants to M. B. Quantico, Va.: F. B. Loomis, F. J. McQuillen, L. N. Utz, J. H. Coffman, K. W. Benner, H. J. Withers, J. H. Griebel, L. Norman, P. A. Putnam, K. H. Cornell and E. T. Peters.

Feb. 11, 1927.

1st Lt. R. B. Dewitt, to Recruiting District, Cleveland, Ohio.

Feb. 14, 1927.

Maj. J. A. Gray, to Headquarters Marine Corps. Mar. Gnr. C. E. Clark, to M. B. N. S., Guam; 1st Lt. L. A. Haslup, to M. C. B., San Diego, Calif.

Feb. 16, 1927.

1st Lt. F. S. Chappelle, to M. B. Quantico, Va. 2nd Lt. M. R. Carroll and T. J. McQuade, to M. B. Quantico, Va.

A copy of the official report of the Promotion Study Board will be mailed to all new subscribers for The Journal or those who extend their present subscriptions for a year.

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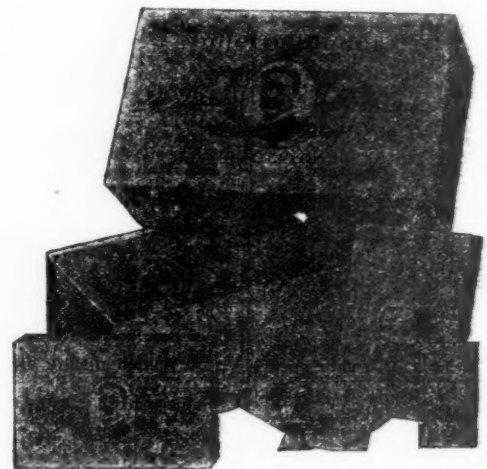
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OBITUARIES

Announcement of deaths should be addressed to Editorial Office Army and Navy Journal, 1523 L St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

REAR ADM. CARL T. VOGELGESANG, U. S. N., who has been under treatment at the U. S. Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., for some months, died there on Feb. 16, 1927. His wife and a son, Shepard Vogelgesang, who arrived

U. S. COAST GUARD.

1927 ENSIGN PRECEDENCE GIVEN.

THE following is the order of precedence assigned to the cadets who graduated from the Coast Guard Academy on Jan. 28, 1927, and who are to be commissioned as ensigns:

1. C. F. Edge; 2. W. T. Schellhaus; 3. H. F. Maude; 4. D. E. McKay; 5. V. E. Day; 6. L. B. Tollaksen; 7. J. L. Steinmetz; 8. S. C. Linholm; 9. F. P. Vetterick; 10. G. M. Phannemiller; 11. G. F. Hicks; 12. A. L. Ford; 13. S. H. Evans; 14. J. A. Glynn; 15. J. E. Fairbank; 16. J. A. Kerrins; 17. W. W. Scott; 18. E. H. Thiele; 19. R. H. French; 20. J. W. Ryssy; 21. J. J. Purcell, and 22. R. L. Burke.

COAST GUARD ORDERS

Secretary of the Treasury—A. W. Mellon.
Asst. Secretary of the Treasury—Lt. Col. Lincoln C. Andrews, U. S. A.
Commandant—Rear Adm. F. Billard.
Aide to Commandant—Lt. Comdr. S. S. Yeandle.

Comdr. R. W. Dempwolf, assigned staff of Commander, Destroyer Force, New London, as Aide for New London Patrol Area. Lt. Comdr. (E) A. H. Bixby, assigned temporary duty office Commander, Gulf Division, Mobile, Ala. Lts. (J. E.) (T) A. G. Merrill, assigned previous orders revoked; C. W. Thomas assigned Cummings, New London, Conn. Ens. (T) H. T. Gower assigned Acushnet, Woods Hole, Mass.

Ch. Mach. H. G. Davis assigned Redwing, Boston, Mass. Bosns (T) J. B. McMillan assigned Base 1, Atlantic City, N. J.; (T) A. H. Calder assigned Base 8, Norfolk; (T) Wm. E. Long assigned CG-224, Key West. Gnr. Brobert Gardner assigned Patrol, New York. Machs. (T) F. P. Kinney assigned Seminole, New York; Z. R. Schoen assigned Manhattan, New York.

C. A. RELIEF BRANCH MEETS.

THE annual meeting of the Coast Artillery Branch of the Army Relief Society was held on Feb. 16 at the Hotel Brighton, Washington, D. C., the President, Mrs. James B. Burbank, presiding.

Present were Mmes. Weaver, Hero, Kilbourne, Embick, Nugent, Liscum, Lundeen, Barnes, Wheeler, Maybach, Gulick, Cottrell, Hubbell, Marshall, Cross and Coe.

The usual reports of the Society and the Branch were read, and the following officers elected for the coming year:

President, Mrs. J. B. Burbank; Vice Presidents, Mmes. A. Hero, jr., S. G. Shartle, F. L. Perry; Treasurer, Mrs. J. F. Cottrell, and Secretary, Mrs. F. W. Coe.

FITZGERALD BILL BEFORE HOUSE.

THE House is expected to pass next week the Fitzgerald bill granting Army retirement rights to World War emergency officers disabled in line of duty. A rule for consideration of the measure has been reported favorably by the Rules Committee. The Senate, it is hoped, also will pass the message, it having taken such action in the past. There is a possibility, however, that the Senate will delay action, which will mean that the bill will die, and the fight for its passage will have to be renewed during the next Congress.

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and Navy Journal.

in Washington Feb. 15 from Italy, were at his bedside.

Born in North Branch, Calif., in 1869, Admiral Vogelgesang was graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1890. Following his appointment as ensign in 1892, he was promoted through the grades to the rank of rear admiral in 1922. He served on the Bancroft in the Spanish-American war, was navigator of the Louisiana in 1907, and the following year commanded the Mayflower.

In 1917 Admiral Vogelgesang was appointed chief of staff of the Asiatic fleet, and in 1918 was chief of the naval commission to Brazil. He has since served as chief of staff of the United States fleet, commandant of the New York navy yard and the Third naval district. On November 27, 1922, he was named chief of the United States naval mission to Brazil.

The funeral of Rear Admiral Vogelgesang will take place Feb. 19. There will be religious services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Washington. Interment will take place at the Arlington National Cemetery. Rev. Dr. George Atkinson will officiate. The pallbearers will be: Rear Admirals M. M. Taylor, W. A. Moffett, F. H. Schofield, C. H. T. Lowndes, Capt. T. R. Kurtz, and Comdr. W. A. Fitch, U. S. N.

Mr. James B. Pollock of the Class of 1885, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., died January 23, 1927, at Ocean Park, Calif., where he had resided with his family for the past 27 years. He was born in Pike Co., Mo., and was connected with the Bank of Commerce of St. Louis, Mo., for over 15 years, where he held a responsible position.

Besides his wife, Cornelia B. Pollock, he leaves a daughter, Mrs. C. H. Milling, and two sons, Lt. James C. Pollock, U. S. N., and R. B. Pollock.

Mr. James A. McGonigle, jr., who died at York, Pa., on Feb. 10, 1927, had a wide circle of Army friends, having been born and reared in Leavenworth, Kans., the son of James A. McGonigle, one of the pioneers of the State of Kansas. He was the brother of Mrs. Henry Gibbins, wife of Lt. Col. Henry Gibbins, Q.M.C., U.S.A. At the time of his death Mr. McGonigle held an important field position with the Century Trust Co. of Baltimore.

Capt. C. S. Cotton, formerly U. S. A., who died at his home at Seattle, Wash., Oct. 11, 1926, was interred with military honors in the Arlington National Cemetery, Va., Feb. 16, 1927.

Capt. Cotton was the son of Rear Adm. Charles S. Cotton, U. S. N.; was born Mar. 8, 1870, and was a member of the Class of 1891 at the U. S. Naval Academy.

During the World War he was a Captain in the Aviation Section of the U. S. Army and served on active duty to Apr. 30, 1920. On Mar. 1, 1921, he was appointed a Captain in the Infantry Reserve and was honorably discharged Aug. 12, 1922, because of physical disability.

The pall-bearers were Mr. Charles F. Consaul, Mr. Edward G. Russell, Rear Adm. Thomas J. Senn, Rear Adm. Richard H. Leigh, Capt. Chester Wells, Capt. Horatio G. Gillmor, Capt. Milton E. Reed, Capt. Bion B. Bierer, Capt. Charles F. Preston, Commander Jay H. Sypher, Lt. Comdr. Stephen S. Yeandle, Brig. Gen. George Richards, Brig. Gen. Dion Williams, Col. William N. McKelvy, and Brig. Gen. Rufus H. Lane.

Captain Cotton is survived by his widow, Mrs. Belle B. Cotton and daughter, Emily Cotton, who reside at Hamilton Arms, Seattle, Wash.

Brig. Gen. Edward H. Plummer, U. S. A., retired, died at his home,

Pacific Grove, Calif., Feb. 12, 1927. He was born in Maryland Sept. 24, 1855, and was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy in June, 1877. All his service was in the Infantry arm before he was appointed a brigadier general July 1, 1916. When he was commissioned second lieutenant upon graduation from the U. S. M. A., he was assigned to the 10th Infantry. In 1899 he served as lieutenant colonel and colonel of the 35th U. S. Volunteer Infantry in the Philippines, where he was with General Lawton's division, and took part in the capture of San Miguel de Mayumo and operations under General Funston. He was mustered out of the Volunteers in May, 1901. His previous service included duty in New Mexico and Oklahoma from April, 1893, to April, 1898, during Indian troubles. He was Q. M., 5th Army Corps, in camp near Santiago, Cuba, July 3 to Aug. 18, 1898, and was later aid to Major General Shafter. Following Philippine service, he served in Alaska and at posts in Washington, and on the Texas border. General Plummer was retired Nov. 30, 1918, on his own application, after 40 years' service. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Georgia A. Plummer.

Lt. Col. Harry A. Hegeman, U. S. A., retired, died at Portland, Oregon, on Feb. 12, 1927. Colonel Hegeman was born Sept. 12, 1874, at Sparta, Wis. He first entered the military service as a Captain in the First South Dakota Infantry in May, 1898. He was then assigned as a Captain to the 36th U. S. Infantry in July, 1899, and was mustered out in June, 1901. He was appointed to the regular service as a First Lieutenant of Infantry in 1901 and served through the various grades, reaching that of Lieut. Colonel in August, 1917. He was retired for disability in line of duty on June 22, 1920. During the World War Colonel Hegeman served as a Colonel of Infantry. He was the holder of the Distinguished Service Medal and of a War Department citation, and was a graduate of the Infantry-Cavalry School, Class of 1904. He is survived by his widow, Mrs.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

BORN.

BIRD—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 10, 1927, a son, Richard Martin, to Warrant Officer and Mrs. Walter M. Bird, U. S. A.

CARROLL—Born at Asheville, N. C., Feb. 17, 1927, to Lt. and Mrs. Donald F. Carroll, U. S. A., ret., a son, David Alliene.

HEISSE—Born at Baltimore, Md., Feb. 9, 1927, to Capt. John W. Heisse, U. S. A., retired, and Mrs. Heisse, a son.

KILBOURNE—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., Feb. 4, 1927, a daughter, Claire Fay, to Lt. and Mrs. Joseph C. Kilbourne, 6th C. A., U. S. A.

RADCLIFFE—Born at Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 15, 1927, a son, to Capt. and Mrs. William M. Radcliffe, U. S. M. C.

WEATHERBY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 9, 1927, to Capt. and Mrs. Francis E. Weatherby, M. C., U. S. A., of Washington, D. C., a daughter, Emma Christine.

WHITAKER—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., Feb. 9, 1927, to Lt. and Mrs. Reginald Whitaker, 8th Engrs., U. S. A., a daughter, Regina Lydia.

MARRIED.

DENBY-COCHRAN—Married at Philadelphia, to Mr. James Orr Denby, nephew of Edwin Denby, Secretary of the Navy during President Harding's administration.

EDGAR-BELKNAP—Married at San Francisco, Calif., Feb. 3, 1927, Miss Frances Georgiana Balknap, daughter of Capt. Reginald Rowan Belknap, U. S. N., commanding officer of the Naval Training Station at Hampton Roads, Va., and Mrs. Belknap, to Dr. Malcolm Shepherd Edgar, of Philadelphia, Pa.

HONNEN-STILLMAN—Married January 12, 1927, Lt. George Honnen, 38th Inf., U. S. A., Ft. Douglas, Utah, and Miss Helen Van Rensselaer Stillman, daughter of Col. and Mrs. E. G. Peyton, U. S. A.

MUNDORFF-WEIR—Married at Coronado, Calif., Feb. 12, 1927, Miss Jeanne Mallison Weir, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Mallison Weir, of Coronado, to Ens. George Theodore Mundorff, jr., U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. George Theodore Mundorff, of New York City.

RUSSELL-LEE—Married at Baltimore, Md., Feb. 10, 1927, Mrs. Mabel Parran Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parran, to Lt. Col. George Moor Russell, U. S. A.

UEHLINGER-CLARK—Married at Coronado, Calif., Feb. 5, 1927, Miss Marian Clark of Portland, Ore., and Lt. Archibald E. Uehlinger, U. S. N.

DIED.

BIRMINGHAM—Died at Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 12, 1927, 1st Lt. Henry T. Birmingham, U. S. M. C., son of Col. Henry P. Birmingham, U. S. A., who resides in Washington, D. C.

COTTON—Died at Seattle, Wash., Oct. 11,

Elisabeth M. Hegeman, residing at 911 Vancouver Avenue, Portland, Oregon.

Col. William F. Grote, U. S. A., retired, died at his home in Wheaton, Ill., on Feb. 14, 1927. Colonel Grote was born at Wheaton, Ill., March 4, 1868. He was appointed to the Military Academy from Illinois in 1887, graduated and was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Infantry June 12, 1891. He served through the various grades, reaching that of Colonel of Infantry Feb. 16, 1920, and was retired after thirty years' service on July 1, 1920. He was a graduate of Wheaton College, Illinois, Class of 1888, and of the Army School of the Line, Class 1911. Colonel Grote is survived by his widow, who was Miss Agnes Field, of Detroit, Mich., and by four children.

Col. Charles DeL. Hine, formerly of the Regular Army who resigned in 1891 to enter railroad work as a brakeman and became an expert in railroad organization, died in New York City, N. Y., Feb. 13, in the Roosevelt Hospital. Col. Hine was born in Vienna, Va., March 15, 1867. He graduated from the Central High School, of Washington, and was appointed to the U. S. M. A., 1891 and was promoted in the Army second lieutenant 6th Inf. He resigned from the Army in 1895. He was appointed major in District of Columbia N. G. in May, 1898, and was honorably mustered out in November of the same year. While serving in the Army he attended and graduated from the Cincinnati Law School. Upon his resignation from the Army he accepted a position as freight brakeman on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway becoming after four years' service in various capacities, trainmaster of the Cincinnati-Indianapolis division. In 1907 and 1908 he was receiver of the Washington, Arlington and Falls Church Railway. He performed much investigative work on railways and has written much about them. At the time of his selection to command the 165th, N. Y. N. G., in 1919, he was in command of the 27th Division Field Trains of the N. Y. N. G. His appointment was made on the recommendation of Major Gen. O'Ryan.

Ens. Ritchey L. Durham, U. S. N., died on Feb. 7, 1927, as a result of an automobile accident as reported by the Navy Department. His next of kin is his mother, Mrs. Olive Durham, who resides at Warren, Ark. Ens. Durham was born in Warren Oct. 17, 1900, and entered the U. S. Naval Academy in June, 1921. He was commissioned Ensign in June, 1926.

1926, Capt. Charles S. Cotton, son of Rear Adm. Charles S. Cotton, U. S. N. Interment was at Arlington National Cemetery, Arlington, Va., on Feb. 16, 1927.

COYLE—Died at Camp Stanley, Tex., Feb. 16, 1927, 1st Lt. Benedict A. Coyle, A. C. Corps, U. S. A.

DURHAM—Died Feb. 7, 1927, as a result of an automobile accident, Ens. Ritchey L. Durham, U. S. N.

GREEN—Died at Camp Stanley, Tex., Feb. 16, 1927, Flying Cadet John W. Green, Air Corps, U. S. A.

GROTE—Died in Wheaton, Ill., Feb. 14, 1927, Col. William F. Grote, U. S. A., ret.

HEGEMAN—Died in Portland, Ore., Feb. 12, 1927, Lt. Col. Harry A. Hegeman, U. S. A., ret.

HINE—Died in Roosevelt Hospital, New York City, N. Y., Feb. 13, 1927, Col. Charles DeL. Hine, formerly of the Regular Army.

JEFFORDS—Died at Saunders Memorial Hospital, Florence, S. C., Feb. 7, 1927, Marian Churchhill, age 2, infant daughter of Lt. and Mrs. W. Quinn Jeffords, jr., C. A. C., U. S. A.

MCGONIGLE—Died at York, Pa., Feb. 10, 1927, Mr. James A. McGonigle, jr., brother of Mrs. Henry Gibbins, wife of Lt. Col. Henry Gibbins, Q. M. C., U. S. A.

PLUMMER—Died at Pacific Grove, Calif., Feb. 12, 1927, Brig. Gen. Edward H. Plummer, U. S. A., ret.

STEPHENS—Died in North Bend, Ohio, Feb. 12, 1927, Col. A. E. B. Stephens, a member of the House Naval Affairs Committee and a former member of the Ohio National Guard. The funeral was held on Feb. 13, with the American Legion Post at Cleveland, Ohio, and a group of Cincinnati Legionnaires assisting. Interment was at Cleveland, Ohio.

VOGELGESANG—Died at the Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 16, 1927, Rear Adm. Carl T. Vogelgesang, U. S. N.

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AERONAUTICS AND RADIO

Aeronautical Notes.

COMDR. FRANCESCO DE PINEDO, Italian long distance flyer, is on the fourth leg of his 23,000 mile flight in his hydro-airplane Santa Maria from Rome, Italy, to North and South America and return. He will start for Port Natal, Brazil, from Bolama, Portuguese Guiana, as soon as the weather permits.

The complete itinerary of the flight calls for three main stages and is as follows:
First stage, Helmas, Mehedina, Morocco, near Rabat; Villa Cisneros, Rio de Oro; Bolama, Portuguese Guinea; Port Natal, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, all in Brazil, and then to Buenos Aires. Total about 7,500 miles.

The first stage will be followed closely, but after arriving at Buenos Aires, Commander de Pinedo may make a side trip to Valdivia, Chile, thence to Valparaiso and then back to Buenos Aires, a distance of about 2,610 miles.

Second stage, Buenos Aires, Asuncion, Paraguay; Corumbá, Brazil; Guajara Mirim, Manaus and Para, all in Brazil; Georgetown, British Guiana; Curacao, Dutch West Indies; Kingstown, Jamaica; Havana, Cuba, and thence to New Orleans, St. Louis, Chicago and New York; total about 10,200 miles.

Third stage—The return voyage will be from New York to Placentia, Newfoundland, thence to Horta in the Azores, Lisbon and Rome, making about 5,125 miles.

Major Larres-Broges, Uruguayan Army aviator, is said to be ready to attempt a flight rivaling de Pinedo's. He is to start from Marina de Pisa, Italy.

Major Lester D. Gardner, noted aeronautical authority, plans to lower the existing record for circumnavigating the world by at least 4 days in a trip which he plans to start in May of this year.

His plans for the record-breaking trip are to fly to Victoria, B. C., in 34 hours. From there he will go by steamer to Yokohama and on to Harbin by train and boat. He will fly from Harbin to Chita and thence to Irkutsk, Omsk, Moscow, Koenigsberg, Berlin, Amsterdam and Cherbourg, where he will again board a steamer for New York.

Not only does Major Gardner expect to lower the time involved but hopes to reduce the total cost of the trip by the use of commercial air lines from \$32,000 to approximately \$2,000.

In an illustrated lecture before the District of Columbia Chapter of the National Aeronautic Association, Major Gardner showed how European air travel has advanced and made a plea for commercial air ports in this country. His picture showed the latest developments in planes, beacons for airways, and radio control now in use throughout Europe, as well as air views of the principal cities.

The Naval Seaplane PB-1, which attempted to hang up a new world's endurance record, was forced down after a 15-hour battle with rain and squalls. The rain short-circuited the ignition wire on one of the engines, and vibration, caused by operating the other engine alone, broke an oil line.

When the oil line broke the plane was about 30 miles at sea, but made for Los Angeles and landed at the Naval hangars with fuel enough for sixteen more hours of flight. The ship can be repaired in about forty-eight hours and, if the weather is favorable, it is hoped that the endurance record can be broken.

The National Aeronautic Association refused to recognize the flight as official, contending that the International Rules

Pan-American Flight Progress

BELOW are the departures and arrivals of the five Army airplanes making the Pan-American flight of 20,470 miles, which started at San Antonio, Texas, and is expected to end at Washington, D. C., next May or June. The table is corrected up to the time the Army and Navy Journal went to press.

The officer personnel in each plane making the trip are the following: Flagship New York, Major H. W. Dargue and Lt. Ennis C. Whitehead; San Antonio, Capt. Arthur B. McDaniel and Lt. Charles McK. Robinson; San Francisco, Capt. Ira C. Eaker and Lt. Muir S. Fairchild; Detroit, Capt. Clinton F. Woolsey and Lt. John W. Benton; and St. Louis, Lt. Bernard S. Thompson and Lt. Leonard D. Weddington.

LEFT.	ARRIVED.	MILEAGE
San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 21, 1926	Point Isabel, Tex., Dec. 21	250
Point Isabel, Tex., near Brownsville, Dec. 22	Tampico, Mex., Dec. 22	745
Tampico, Mex., (plane San Francisco only), Dec. 23	Vera Cruz, Mex., Dec. 23	505
Other planes, Tampico, Dec. 30	Vera Cruz, Mex., Dec. 30	
Vera Cruz, Dec. 31	Minatitlan, Mex., Dec. 31	
Minatitlan, Jan. 1, 1927	Salina Cruz, Mex., Jan. 1	1,130
Salina Cruz, Jan. 2	Guatemala City, Jan. 2	1,515
Guatemala City, Jan. 11	San Salvador, Jan. 11	1,690
San Salvador, Jan. 13	Amapala, Honduras, Jan. 13	1,800
Amapala, Jan. 15	(Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 15)	1,925
Punta Arenas, Jan. 14 (New York and St. Louis)	(Punta Arenas, Costa Rica, Jan. 14-15)	
Punta Arenas, Jan. 18 (Detroit, San Antonio, San Francisco)	France Field, Canal Zone, Jan. 14	2,710
France Field (New York, San Antonio, San Francisco), Jan. 29	France Field, Canal Zone, Jan. 18	2,710
France Field (Detroit and St. Louis), Jan. 30	Buenaventura, Colombia, Jan. 30	3,110
Buenaventura, Colombia, Jan. 31	Buenaventura, Colombia, Jan. 31	3,110
Tumaco, Colombia, Feb. 1 (New York, San Francisco, Detroit and St. Louis)	Tumaco, Colombia, Feb. 1	3,295
Guayaquil, Ecuador, Feb. 2	Guayaquil, Ecuador, Feb. 1	3,740
Paita, Peru, Feb. 3	Paita, Peru, Feb. 2	3,940
Lima, Peru, Feb. 6	Lima, Peru, Feb. 3	4,495
Ilo, Peru, Feb. 7	Ilo, Peru, Feb. 7	4,995
Mejillones, Chile, Feb. 18 (scheduled)	Mejillones, Chile, Feb. 17	5,655
	Coquimbo, Chil	5,985

FIRE AT LUKE FIELD.

A DISASTROUS fire at Luke Field, Honolulu, Feb. 15, 1927, destroyed the barracks occupied by the 65th Squadron of the Air Corps. The fire spread so rapidly that the 135 men quartered in the building did not have time to save their personal belongings. The loss is estimated at \$150,000. Other troops on duty at Luke Field are the 5th Composite Group, 6th Pursuit Squadron, 19th Pursuit Squadron, 23d and 72d Bombing Squadrons, 11th Photo Section, and detachments of the Med. and Q. M. Corps.

MARINE FLYERS HURT.

SECOND LT. JESSE C. HARMON, U. S. M. C., and 1st Lt. Vernon M. Guymon, U. S. M. C., were seriously injured on the morning of Feb. 16, when the De Havilland plane Harmon was piloting crashed 500 feet into a dense wood near Occoquan, Va.

Lt. Harmon suffered concussion of the brain and scalp lacerations, and Lt. Guymon a fractured jaw and two fractured ribs. Both officers were badly shaken.

had not been complied with prior to the take-off, but it is expected that official recognition will be given for the next attempt.

Lieutenant Marc Bernard, of the French Navy, has flown a naval seaplane across the Continent of Africa, covering a distance of about 18,000 miles, by following the courses of the bigger rivers and streams. Lt. Bernard estimates that if commercial lines were established, distances which now take one almost 35 or 40 days to cover could be traveled in less than a week in almost perfect comfort.

Radio Items

THE first three SE-1375-A radio spotting equipments have been delivered by the Washington Navy Yard to the Naval Air Station, Anacostia, D. C., for use by VO Squadron Six. These sets had to be delivered less the voltmeters in order that two of the sets might be installed in sufficient time in two OL-6 planes which the squadron has just received and is ferrying to Guantanamo, Cuba. The corrected voltmeters will be shipped as soon as received.

The Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co. is proceeding with the production of the model MB-CAY 2,500 radio spotting equipment for the Navy. Deliveries on this equipment are scheduled to begin about May 1, 1927.

A contract for 212 model GA radio scouting equipments has been awarded to the above contractor and deliveries should be completed in the fall of 1927.

CAPT. C. T. C. BUCKNER INJURED.

CAPT. CHARLES T. C. BUCKNER, Med. Corps, U. S. A., on duty at Wright Field, Fairfield, Ill., according to an Associated Press dispatch from Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 14, was probably fatally injured near Edson, about 40 miles from Montgomery, when the airplane which he and Lieut. O. O. Niegarth, Air Corps, U. S. A., also of Wright Field, were flying fell to the ground.

AIR TRAFFIC REGULATION.

STATE regulation of aerial navigation is proposed in a special bill introduced recently at Albany, N. Y., by Assemblyman S. H. Hofstadter. The bill would regulate air traffic in the same fashion as automobile traffic.

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SOCIAL HAPPENINGS IN THE SERVICES

ANNOUNCEMENTS of Personals, Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings and Births requested. Address Society Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, 1523 L Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Curtis D. Wilbur returned to Washington, D. C., several days ago from New York, where Secretary Wilbur addressed the National Republican Club at its Lincoln Day dinner. Mrs. Wilbur did not receive on the afternoon of Feb. 16.

Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Wilbur entertained at dinner on February 16, in Washington, D. C., honoring the Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Hoover. Other guests were Rear Adm. and Mrs. C. B. McVay, jr., U. S. N.; Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Grosvenor and Mr. and Mrs. John Nicholson.

Mrs. F. Trubee Davison, wife of the Assistant Secretary of War for aviation, was at home on the afternoon of Feb. 16 from 4:30 to 6:30. Mrs. Charles P. Summerall, wife of the Chief of Staff of the Army, received with her, and presiding at the tea table were Mrs. William P. MacCracken, jr., wife of the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for aeronautics; Mrs. Hanson E. Ely, wife of Maj. Gen. Ely, U. S. A.; Mrs. Emory S. Land, wife of Capt. Land, U. S. N.; Mrs. Robert Gilman Ervin, wife of Capt. Ervin, U. S. A., and Mrs. Lester Maitland, wife of Lt. Maitland, U. S. A.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Logan Feland, U. S. M. C., of Quantico, Va., were hosts at dinner on Feb. 14, celebrating their twentieth wedding anniversary.

Maj. Gen. Merritte W. Ireland, U. S. A., returned to Washington, D. C., Wednesday, Feb. 16, from Chicago, where he attended the midwinter conference on medical education.

Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Slavens, U. S. A., ret., and Mrs. Slavens will arrive at New York City on Feb. 21 aboard the S. S. "Republic." General and Mrs. Slavens have spent several months touring Europe. They will make the "Brighton," in Washington, D. C., their home upon returning.

General Slavens relinquished command of the 21st Brigade, stationed at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, on Sept. 1, 1926. He retired from active service on Jan. 18, 1927, for age.

Lt. Col. Fay Warrington Brabson, 8th Inf., U. S. A., entertained all the officers and ladies of Fort Screven, Ga., together with a number of friends from the city of Savannah at the Oglethorpe Club dinner dance in Savannah on Feb. 17.

Mrs. William D. Chandler, jr., wife of Lt. Comdr. Chandler, U. S. N., entertained at luncheon on Feb. 17 at Washington, D. C., in compliment to Mrs. Albert West Bissell, of Chicago, daughter of Secretary of the Interior Work, and Mrs. George B. Du Bois, a recent bride.

Rear Adm. William S. Benson, U. S. N., was chairman of the committee at a reception given on Feb. 14 in Washington, D. C., honoring Right Rev. Raphael Walzer, archabbot, of the Benedictine Monastery at Beuron, Germany.

Brig. Gen. George Richards, U. S. M. C., and Col. Mervyn C. Buckley, U. S. A., were among those present at the celebration of the 181st anniversary of the birth of Tadeusz Kosciuszko, Revolutionary hero, which was observed on Feb. 12 by members of the Sons of the Revolution.

The monthly luncheon of the Washington Branch of the U. S. Infantry Association was held at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D. C., on Feb. 15, with Senator Lawrence D. Tyson, of Tennessee, as guest of honor. Nearly 200 Infantry officers and their guests were present. Senator Tyson was introduced by Maj. Gen. Mark L. Hersey, U. S. A., Ret., a classmate of Senator Tyson at West Point, a graduate of the same class—1883—and a brother-officer in the 9th Infantry for several years.

Senator Tyson, after recalling incidents of his twelve years of service in

the Regular Army with the 9th U. S. Infantry, praised the military service, saying the spirit inculcated by Army service is, he believes, the most valuable a man can have.

Assistant Secretary of War F. Trubee Davison spoke briefly on the spirit of co-operation evidenced by all branches and corps of the Army in the development of military aeronautics.

Col. Fred R. Brown, President of the Washington Branch of the Infantry Association, presided. Among those present were Secretary of War Dwight F. Davis, Assistant Secretary of War Hanford MacNider, Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall, Chief of Staff, U. S. A.; Maj. Gen. Robert H. Allen, Chief of Infantry, U. S. A.; Maj. Gen. Hanson E. Ely, Maj. Gen. John F. Morrison, U. S. A., Ret.; Maj. Gen. Harry A. Smith, U. S. A.; Maj. Gen. Creed C. Hammond, Chief of Militia Bureau; Maj. Gen. Peter Harris, U. S. A., Ret., formerly Adjutant General of the Army; Maj. Gen. David C. Shanks, U. S. A., Ret.; Maj. Gen. Anton Stephan, District of Columbia National Guard; Brig. Gen. Briant Wells, U. S. A.; Brig. Gen. Samuel D. Rockenbach, U. S. A., and Brig. Gen. Harry F. Rethers, U. S. A.

Capt. and Mrs. Clay Anderson, U. S. A., of Washington, D. C., gave a luncheon and matinee party on Feb. 12 for their small daughter, Gardner, in compliment to a number of her young friends.

The Fifth Annual Military Ball of The Tampa Chapter, Reserve Officers' Association of the United States, will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 22, at 9 o'clock, at the Municipal Auditorium, Tampa, Fla.

The eighth annual national aviators' ball was held Friday evening, Feb. 18 in New York City, under the auspices of Aviators' Post of the American Legion. More than a score of noted war fliers flew to New York from other cities for the affair. Maj. Gen. and Mrs. James H. McRae, U. S. A., and his staff; Col. Theodore A. Baldwin, jr., U. S. A., Corps Air Officers, and Mrs. Baldwin; Col. Benjamin D. Foulis, U. S. A., commandant of Mitchell Field, N. Y., and Mrs. Foulis, and other military and naval officials were present.

Maj. and Mrs. Henry C. McLean, U. S. A., have been in Washington, D. C., for a few days. Major McLean recently left Berlin, where he served with great efficiency as Assistant Military Attache and where he and Mrs. McLean made a host of friends, who regretted their departure. After a short stay in New York, they will go to Fort Benning, Ga., where Major McLean will join the 24th Infantry.

Mrs. George Livingston Baker, mother of Mrs. Brady G. Rutenecutter, left Denver, Col., Feb. 1, to visit another daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Church, Miami, Fla.

Lt. Col. J. W. Jeffreys, D. S. O., late British Liaison Officer at Headquarters, American Forces in Germany, Coblenz, is in command of the 2nd Battalion, Durham Light Infantry of the 20th Indian Infantry Brigade, forming part of the force sent recently from India to Hongkong and more recently ordered from there to Shanghai.

Mrs. Thomas H. Rees and Miss Margaret Rees, wife and daughter of Col. Thomas H. Rees, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., retired, who have been at the Mayflower, Washington, D. C., for the past month, are sailing Feb. 21 on the Mauretania via the Mediterranean for France, where they have been living for some time. They divide their time between a charming chateau near Chantilly and their apartment in Paris, and are quite identified with the social life there.

Maj. H. G. Fitz, G. S. C., U. S. A., who has been Assistant Chief of Staff for Military Intelligence of the Philippine Department, and Mrs. Fitz have left

Manila for the United States, sailing by way of Hongkong, India, Egypt and Europe and taking advantage of accumulated leave for an extended trip. Upon arrival in New York, Major Fitz has been ordered to duty in the Organized Reserves, with station at East Orange.

The following officers constitute the West Point committee for the dinner to be held in New York City on March 19:

General Stewart, Cols. Robinson, Echols, Timberlake, Carter, Mitchell, Lt. Cols. Alexander and Collins, Majors Whipple, Brunzell, Dodds, McFarland, Chilton, Groninger, Stearns, Quinn, Fleming, P. B., Hobson, Cain, Stratmeyer, Capt. Andrew, Armstrong and Jones, L. M., Lts. Fleming, W. B., Shattuck, Hinds, Gard, Crowe, Cornut, Glass and Stewart.

Adm. and Mrs. Edward W. M. U. S. N., entertained at dinner on Feb. 16 in Washington, D. C., in honor of the Ambassador of Germany and Baroness Maltzan.

Mrs. George Barnett, wife of Maj. Gen. Barnett, U. S. M. C., entertained 16 guests at luncheon on Feb. 15, in Washington, D. C., in compliment to Miss Betty Baldwin, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Theodore Baldwin, U. S. A., who is visiting her aunt, Miss Katherine Judge.

Maj. Gen. Amos A. Fries, U. S. A., was the guest of honor at a dinner given at the Willard, Washington, D. C., on Sunday evening, Feb. 13, by Mrs. H. H. McCluer, of Kansas City.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Charles P. Summerall, U. S. A., will entertain at dinner on March 4. General and Mrs. Summerall were the guests in whose honor Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Harry A. Smith, U. S. A., entertained at dinner on Feb. 16 at the Mayflower, Washington, D. C. Others present were Maj. Gen. and Mrs. B. F. Cheatham, U. S. A., Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Briant H. Wells, U. S. A., Col. and Mrs. Ernest D. Peek, U. S. A., Lt. George J. Forster, U. S. A., and Mrs. Pauline Hamson.

Mrs. Frank E. Hopkins entertained at a buffet luncheon and shower at her home in Washington, D. C., Feb. 16 for her daughter, Miss Francis Hopkins, in compliment to Miss Georgiana Joyes, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. John W. Joyes, U. S. A., whose engagement to Cadet Mason F. Stober was recently announced. The table was decorated in the valentine color scheme with red and yellow tulips and red favors. Mrs. Hopkins was assisted by Mrs. John W. Joyes, Mrs. Richard Cutts and Mrs. L. C. Brinton.

(Continued on Next Page.)

ENGAGEMENTS

MRS. MARTIN M. RAMSAY announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Anne Ramsay, to Mr. Henry Dunster Chaplin, son of the late Heman Chaplin, of Boston. Miss Ramsay is the daughter of the late Capt. Martin M. Ramsay, S. C., U. S. N., and granddaughter of the late Rear Adm. Francis M. Ramsay.

The engagement of Phyllis Virginia, elder daughter of Col. and Mrs. Philip S. Golderman, 12th F. A., U. S. A., Fort Sam Houston, Tex., to Lt. Richard H. Bridgman, Air Corps (Cavalry), of Brooks Field, was announced by her mother at a Valentine Tea on Feb. 14. The wedding is to take place in the Autumn.

WEDDINGS

THE marriage of Miss Frances Georgiana Belknap, daughter of Capt. Reginald Rowan Belknap, U. S. N., commanding officer of the Naval Training Station at Hampton Roads, Va., and Mrs. Belknap, to Dr. Malcolm Shepherd Edgar, of Philadelphia, Pa., took place on Feb. 3, 1927, at Trinity Church, San Francisco, Calif., where the bride's parents were married in 1900. The cere-

mony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Woods, of San Rafael, Calif.

The bride wore a dress of rose beige crepe de chine, trimmed with dark brown lace and carried sweet peas and orchids, tied with pink tulle. She was attended by her sister, Mrs. Andrew Robert Mack, as matron of honor and was given in marriage by her brother-in-law, Lt. Andrew R. Mack, U. S. N., of the U. S. S. McDermut.

The bride's mother, her great-aunt, Mrs. William Ashburner, of San Francisco, from whose home she was married; her aunt, Miss Alice Averill, of Stockbridge, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Edgar and Miss Edgar, brother and sister of the groom, and a few other relatives and friends were present at the ceremony. After the wedding breakfast, Dr. Edgar and his bride left for a motor trip to Del Monte, and Santa Barbara. They will make their home in San Antonio, Calif.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parran announce the marriage of their daughter, Mabel Parran Lee, and Lt. Col. George Merr Russell, on Feb. 10, 1927, at Baltimore, Md.

Colonel and Mrs. Russell will be at home after March 15, at Fort Bliss, Tex.

Lt. Archibald E. Uehlinger, U. S. N., attached to the U. S. S. Zeilin, and Miss Marian Clark, of Portland, Oreg., were married at the home of Comdr. and Mrs. John H. Everson, U. S. N., at Coronado, Calif., on Feb. 5, 1927, the ceremony being performed by Rev. John Grainger. (Continued on Next Page.)

NEW ARRIVALS

LT. AND MRS. JOSEPH C. KILBOURNE, 6th C. A., U. S. A., announce the birth of a daughter, Claire Fay, at Letterman Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., on Feb. 4, 1927.

Announcement has been made of the birth of a son to Capt. and Mrs. William M. Radelife, U. S. M. C., at Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 15, 1927.

Announcement has been made of the birth of a daughter, Emma Christine, to Capt. and Mrs. Francis E. Weatherby, M. C., U. S. A., of Washington, D. C., at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 9, 1927.

A son, James Myron, jr., was born to Lt. and Mrs. James M. McMillin, C. W. S., U. S. A., of Washington, D. C., at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1927.

A daughter, Elizabeth Alice, was born to Lt. and Mrs. Crawford M. Kellogg, C. W. S., U. S. A., of Edgewood Arsenal, Md., at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 3, 1927.

Announcement has been made of the birth of a daughter, Regina Lydia, to Lt. and Mrs. Reginald Whitaker, 8th Engrs., U. S. A., at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., Feb. 9, 1927.

Capt. John W. Heisse, U. S. A., retired, and Mrs. Heisse announce the birth of a son at Baltimore, Md., Feb. 9, 1927.

Lt. H. McD. Monroe, Inf., U. S. A., and Mrs. Monroe announce the birth of a daughter, Martha, at West Point, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1927.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles T. Senay, Inf., Tanks, U. S. A., announce the birth of a daughter, Ellen Brent, on Feb. 7, 1927, at the Hospital for the Women of Maryland, Baltimore, Md.

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MILITARY SOCIETIES

SOJOURNERS CLUB.

Fort Benning Chapter, No. 8.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Fort Benning Chapter, No. 8, Sojourners Club, was held at the officers' club February 11 with a large attendance. The following officers for the year 1927 were installed: President, Major Burton E. Bowen; First Vice President, Major Edwin Butcher; Second Vice President, Major Evan E. Lewis; Secretary, Captain Charles C. Griffin; Treasurer, Captain William A. Collier; Trustees, Colonel Frank S. Cochran, Colonel William W. McCammon, Major Robert S. Donaldson, Captain John E. Dahlquist and Warrant Officer Mack Evans; correspondent for The Sojourner, Lieutenant Clyde Grady.

This year promises to be a very successful one for the chapter in the way of increased attendance, memberships, and entertaining features. In April there will be a big barbecue at the logging camp on the reservation. Lt. George S. Deadrick, who is chairman of the barbecue committee and an officer who thoroughly understands the art of cooking and browning the meat to a queen's taste, was authorized to purchase three pigs at once and fatten them for the occasion.

SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

MEMBERS of the Society of the Cincinnati residing in Washington, D. C., gathered for their annual dinner at the Army and Navy Club on Feb. 12.

The Society of the Cincinnati was founded by Maj. Gen. Henry Knox at the cantonment of the American Army on the Hudson River, May 19th, 1783, among the officers of the Continental Army "to commemorate the great event which gave independence to North America and for the laudable purpose of inculcating the duty of laying down in peace arms assumed for public defense."

The members having left their homes at the call of duty named the Society in honor of the Roman Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus, who left the plow to defend the land.

His Excellency General George Washington was the first President-General. Maj. Gen. Alexander Hamilton, Marquis de La Fayette, Count de Rochambeau, Maj. Gen. Horatio Gates, Count de Ferson, Maj. Gen. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, and Prince de Broglie are a few of the illustrious names that appear among the charter members.

There is a State Society for each of the original thirteen States and one for France.

The institution of the Society in France was formally sanctioned by Louis XVI in Council at Versailles, on the 18th of December, 1783, with the head of the French Government as patron of the order. It was rendered dormant and members dispersed by the Reign of Terror on the 10th of August, 1792. It was reorganized at Paris in 1925 with Le Due de Broglie as its president.

Those present at the dinner were: Adml. H. P. Jones, Judge H. R. Webb, Gen. W. D. McCaw, Mr. W. M. Beall,

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H. G. STANTON, Major, U. S. A., Resigned; Graduate, West Point, 1911; Instructor, Dept. of Math., West Point, 1914-17; Asst. Prof., West Point, 1921-22.

PERSONALS

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

Regulations regarding the new active and inactive status of Reserve Officers in the Army of the U. S. was discussed at the monthly luncheon of the Manhattan Chapter of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States held recently at the Army and Navy Club, New York.

Maj. Gen. James H. McRae, Commander of the Second Corps Area, was the guest of honor. Among the other speakers was General Bryce P. Disque and General John Ross Delafield, and Colonel Sample. Representatives of the War Department were present to answer all questions relative to the new regulations for Reserve Officers. About 125 Reserve Officers attend the luncheon. Among those present were:

Generals J. H. McRae, J. E. Delafield, B. P. Disque, P. E. Pierce, Col. Fred Cardway, Sample, R. S. Allen, D. Abercrombie, T. P. Luqueer, D. C. Falls and C. E. Warren. Lt. Col. G. Byers, L. C. Trimble, L. L. Bolls, T. B. Clark, Jr., Comd. Hasselman, Naval Reserve.

Majs. Johnson, Dos Passos, Penfield, Kingsbury, W. A. Hardenburgh. Capt. Beebe, Furgeson, Watjen, F. W. Lee and N. H. Lord. Maj. Frank E. Davidson, Vice-President of the Chapter, presided at the luncheon.

TO HONOR CUBAN PRESIDENT.

MAJ. GEN. JOHNSON HAGOOD, U. S. A., commanding the 4th Corps Area, was notified on Feb. 17 by the War Department to arrange honors appropriate to the occasion of the arrival of President Machado y Morales of Cuba

Major W. L. Hart, Mr. F. W. McReynolds, Mr. Gist Blair, Col. J. M. Cabell, Dr. G. T. Vaughan, Comdr. W. S. Hogg, Capt. W. C. Hall, Mr. Howard Somervell, Mr. W. H. Somervell, Major G. R. Callender, Mr. H. N. Staats, Major J. W. Glidden, Mr. Samuel Herrick, Capt. G. L. Thompson, Dr. R. L. De Saussure, Mr. F. McC. Moore, Mr. J. D. Hufham, Col. Lytle Brown, Col. J. R. M. Taylor, Mr. W. G. Peter, Mr. A. B. Horner, Mr. Henry Fitzhugh and Col. W. E. Dutton.

M. O. L. U. S.

New York.

LT. COL. A. J. GORDON KANE, N. G., Ret., a member of the N. Y. Commandery, Military Order Loyal Legion, in a recent letter to the New York Times, gave some very interesting facts concerning the origin of Lincoln's name, which was traced back to the Roman Colony of Lindum—i. e., Lindum Colonia, later changed to Lincoln.

Col. Kane, as an Ensign, commanded the Guard of Honor of Seaman escorting the Lincoln catafalque from Jersey City to New York's City Hall. He was associated in his research with General Horace Porter, former commander of the New York Commandery, and at the time Ambassador to France.

ARMY MUTUAL AID ASS'N.

THE following new memberships and benefits paid are announced:

New Memberships: Capt. J. V. Stark, Inf.; Maj. P. F. McGuire, M. C.; 1st Lt. S. J. Adams, Inf.; Capt. A. H. Nylen, M. C.; Lt. Col. E. S. Wheeler, F. A.; 1st Lt. Frank LaRue, Inf.; Chap. C. A. Maher, Maj. A. H. Bailey, Inf.; Capt. M. C. Martin, Inf.; Capt. L. A. La Garde, Jr., M. C.; Maj. Ben F. Ristine, Inf.; Capt. J. R. Ludwigs, V. C.; Capt. L. J. Bowler, C. A. C.; Capt. J. V. N. Ingram, Q. M. C.; 1st Lt. Urban Niblo, O. D.

Benefits Paid: Lt. Col. Harry A. Hegeman.

M. O. W. W.

Boston.

THE Greater Boston Chapter of the Military Order of the World War will hold a patriotic concert and organ recital at 3:30 to 5 p. m., February 20, at the Auditorium of Boston City Club (enter by Ashburton Place door), Boston, Mass. Lt. Col. Carroll J. Swan will be the announcer.

SCABBARD AND BLADE,

N. Y. U. Chapter.

MEMBERS of Scabbard and Blade, the honor society of the Cadet Officers at New York University, will initiate Maj. Gen. John F. O'Ryan as an honorary member of the society at the Teterboro Airport, Hasbrouck, N. J., today, Feb. 19.

CURRENT EVENTS CLUB.

THE Fort Harrison, Ind., Current Events Club held its guest meeting at the home of Mrs. George D. Freeman, Jr., on February 9.

Mr. William Herschell, one of Indiana's well-known poets, entertained the club with his poetry and original stories. Mrs. Herschell accompanied her husband and was presented with a corsage bouquet of lavender sweet peas and pink rosebuds by Mrs. Freeman. Mrs. Dwight E. Aultman, president of the Club, introduced Mr. Herschell.

After the program, tea was served, with Mrs. Aultman pouring. The color scheme of lavender and green was carried out in all the details. The table with its French filet cloth had as its centerpiece lavender tulips surrounded by green tapers in crystal holders. Assisting in the dining room were Mrs. Everett M. Graves, Mrs. Thornton Chase, Mrs. Eldridge A. Green, Mrs. Myron P. Rudolph, Mrs. Earl Robbins, Mrs. F. M. Cochran, Mrs. Melvin L. McCreary, Mrs. Louis P. Patten and Mrs. Sterling Crim.

Among the guests were Col. George R. Green, Maj. and Mrs. James M. McIlroy, Maj. Louis P. Patten, Mrs. Brown S. McClintic, Mrs. A. G. Phillips, Mrs. J. E. Haywood, Capt. and Mrs. Thomas Campbell, Mrs. Mark A. Dawson, Mrs. Robert Neely, Capt. and Mrs. L. M. Edwards, Capt. Thornton Chase, Capt. Eldridge A. Green, Lt. and Mrs. Russell Lowden, Lt. and Mrs. Lee Haney, Lt. Sterling Crim, Miss Betty Bishop, Mrs. P. W. Thompson and Lt. H. V. Brown.

The Fort Harrison Current Events Club recently held its guest meeting at the home of Mrs. Everett M. Graves. Mrs. John P. Edgerley was joint hostess. Mrs. Fletcher Hodges, a well-known short story writer of Indianapolis, addressed the Club. Owing to the absence of the President, Mrs. Dwight E. Aultman, the speaker was introduced by Mrs. Graves, who is Vice-President of the Club.

Tea was served in the dining room, Mrs. George D. Freeman, Jr., pouring. The color scheme of lavender and yellow was carried out in the centerpiece of yellow roses in a silver basket surrounded by cathedral tapers in silver holders. Those attending were Mrs. George D. Freeman, Jr., Mrs. John P. Edgerley, Mrs. Earl Robbins, Mrs. Melvin L. McCreary, Mrs. James H. Ashcraft, Mrs. J. J. Canella, Mrs. Robert Neely, Mrs. L. M. Edwards, Mrs. Frank E. Barber, Mrs. Frank R. Shucker, Mrs. Thomas R. Campbell, Mrs. Arthur C. Fitzhugh, Mrs. Brown, S. McClintic, Mrs. James G. McIlroy, Mrs. Wilbert E. Shalene, Mrs. Horace Harding, Mrs. Sterling Crim, Mrs. Donald Myers, Mrs. Charles Calais, Mrs. Lee Haney, Mrs. Louis P. Patten, Mrs. H. V. Brown, Mrs. Russell Lowden and Mrs. Harold Gardyne.

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WEDDINGS

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

rector of Christ Church in that city. The bride was attended by Miss Virginia Moynahan, of San Diego, as maid of honor. Lt. Vernon Huber, U. S. N., was best man. A dinner was served at the Everson home for the members of the bridal party and a few intimate friends. Lt. and Mrs. Uehlinger left on a brief honeymoon to terminate with the sailing of the fleet from the west coast.

Miss Jeanne Mallison, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Mallison Weir, of Coronado, Calif., was married on Feb. 12, 1927, at Coronado, Calif., to Ens. George Theodore Mundorff, Jr., U. S. N., attached to the U. S. S. California. The bride's brother, Mr. Colin Weir, gave her in marriage. She was gowned in silver metal cloth, wore a silver maline hat and carried a shower bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. James Edward Leeper and Miss Emily Fenton were matron and maid of honor. Ens. William Haines, U. S. N., of the U. S. S. California, acted as best man for the groom. Ensigns James Edward Leeper, Henry Cromlin, Henry Farrow, Kenneth Dawson and John Wilfong, all U. S. N., ushers in full dress uniform, formed an arch of swords through which the couple passed following the ceremony.

After a wedding reception the couple left for a wedding trip. Ensign Mundorff is the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Theodore Mundorff, of New York City, N. Y.

LT. KOVARIK'S SON BAPTIZED.

JOSEPH ALBERT KOVARIK, infant son of Lt. and Mrs. Joseph Charles Kovarik, U. S. A., was baptized at the St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Brookline, Mass., on Sunday, Feb. 13, by Rev. William Lathrop Clark.

The godfathers are Gen. Malvern-Hill Barnum, U. S. A., and Capt. Henry Alfred Schwarz, U. S. A., of Fort Sill, Okla., for whom Lt. Kovarik acted as proxy.

Mrs. Kovarik's twin sister, Mrs. Henry Schwarz, of Fort Sill, is godmother, for whom Mrs. Malvern-Hill Barnum acted as proxy.

Lt. Kovarik is finishing his fourth year in Boston as aide-de-camp to General Barnum.

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Congressional Notes

THE Senate Naval Affairs Committee has reported favorably S. 5249 authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to develop an ammunition depot at Hawthorne, Nev., and S. 5511 authorizing the President to appoint Capt. R. R. Belknap, U. S. N., retired, a Rear Admiral on the retired list of the Navy.

This week Senator Royal S. Copeland and Representative Boylan introduced bills to provide for the refitting of the frigate Constitution. The Copeland Bill would appropriate \$300,000 for reconditioning the vessel.

A conference on the bill H. R. 3436 for the relief of certain officers and former officers of the Army of the United States is now being held by Senators and Representatives. The two houses disagreed and conferees were appointed to adjust the differences in the bill.

Among the bills reported to the House this week were the following:

H. R. 16874 relating to the admission of candidates to the Naval Academy; H. R. 9464 to equalize the pay of certain officers of the Marine Corps with that of officers with corresponding service in the Navy; S. 3614 authorizing funds to construct a road across Ft. Sill, Okla., military reservation; S. 4305 to authorize the sale of surplus War Department real estate, and H. R. 15529 to transfer portions of the land of the military reservation of the Presidio of San Francisco to the Treasury.

S. 1487 to class as secret certain apparatus pertaining to Signal Corps, Air Service and Chemical Warfare Service; S. 2037 amending the act relating to arms and ammunition, and an act authorizing the Secretary of War to convey to the city of Springfield, Mass., certain parcels of land within the Springfield Army military reservation.

The bill S. 5259 granting Maj. C. B. Moore, U. S. A., to accept the French Legion of Honor and the Officers' Cross of the Republic of Poland passed the House February 14.

Rear Adm. W. C. Cole, Captain Y. S. Williams and J. K. Taussig, all U. S. N., have been authorized by Congress to accept from the Republic of Chile the Order of Merit offered them by that Government.

H. R. 4553, an Act authorizing the President to restore Commander George Baum, U. S. N., to a place on the list of Commanders of the Navy to rank next after Commander David W. Bagely, U. S. N., has been signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Vice President for the Senate and forwarded to the President.

Senator Copeland introduced a bill (S. 5674) for the transportation of foreign mails of the United States, the creation and maintenance of auxiliaries for the use of the Army and Navy; the defense of the United States, and for other purposes. This bill would provide for the construction of mail steamers with special consideration to their convertibility to auxiliary cruisers in time of emergency.

The Quantico Public Works Bill which passed the Senate and House last week has been signed by the President. It is expected that an appropriation of \$2,205,000 will be sought immediately so construction can be begun this summer.

Congress has passed S. 5622 authorizing the acceptance by the Navy Department of a site for an aviation training field in the vicinity of Pensacola, Fla., without amendment. The land comprises a 500-acre tract adjoining the Naval Air Station at Pensacola.

The following officers were confirmed in their promotions by the Senate: Captain F. H. Clark to be Rear Admiral, Comdrs. F. B. Freyer, Harry A. Stuart, W. F. Halsey, jr., to be Captains.

An Executive Communication from the President, transmitting supplemental estimates of appropriations for miscellaneous War Department items such as stamps, stationery, feed, etc., for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1927, amount-

Bills in Congress

THE following Military and Naval Bills have been introduced in the Senate during the past week:

S. 5674—A bill for the transportation of foreign mails of the U. S., the creation and maintenance of auxiliaries for the use of the Army and Navy, the defense of the U. S., and for other purposes.

S. 5699—A bill relating to the admission of candidates to the Naval Academy.

S. 5700—A bill for the relief of Capt. George R. Armstrong, U. S. A., retired.

S. 5701—A bill making certain regulations as to vacancies in warrant officer grades.

S. 5711—A bill for the relief of William G. Beaty, deceased.

S. 5724—A bill for the purchase of land as a rifle range in Clay County, Mo.

S. 5725—A bill to authorize an appropriation to rehabilitate the Picatinny Arsenal in New Jersey.

S. 5727—A bill to authorize and direct the Secretary of War to accept an act of sale and a C. S. B. dedication of certain property in the city of New Orleans, La., from the board of commissioners of the port of New Orleans, and for other purposes.

The following bills have been introduced in the House:

H. R. 17084—A bill to create the Gowanus Stone House Battle Memorial Park.

H. R. 17085—A bill to amend section 300 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924.

H. R. 17086—A bill to extend medical and hospital relief to retired officers and enlisted men of the U. S. Coast Guard.

H. R. 17088—A bill to authorize certain officers of the United States Navy to accept from the Republic of Haiti the medal of honor and merit.

H. R. 17111—A bill to authorize an appropriation to rehabilitate the Picatinny Arsenal in New Jersey.

H. R. 17140—A bill to authorize the transfer of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers to the U. S. Veterans' Bureau.

H. R. 17153—A bill to provide for the refitting of the frigate Constitution.

H. R. 17155—A bill to authorize and direct the Secretary of War to accept an act of sale and a C. S. B. dedication of certain property in the city of New Orleans, La., from the board of commissioners of the port of New Orleans, and for other purposes.

H. R. 17158—A bill to provide for the national defense and to aid agriculture and industrial development by creating the U. S. Muscle Shoals Corporation and for other purposes.

H. J. Res. 361—Joint resolution providing for the operation of Muscle Shoals by the Government for the purpose of producing fertilizer, and for other purposes.

ing to \$210,000 in all was referred to the House Appropriations Committee.

A supplemental estimate of \$2,338,233 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1927, for the removal of high explosives from the Raritan Arsenal, N. J., to Pig Point, Va., was submitted by the President for the War Department and referred to the Appropriations Committee. This amount was called for in a bill passed by the Congress.

The House passed the bill H. R. 15253 which provides for the relief of certain officers and former officers of the United States Army and allows certain claims which were disallowed by the Comptroller General.

H. R. 16155 a bill to validate the acquisition of certain Canadian property by the War Department during the World War was passed.

H. R. 16058, another bill overriding the Comptroller General was passed by the House and credits the accounts of certain officers of the Army for overpayments to students of the C. M. T. C.

The following bills were reported favorably by the House Committee on Military Affairs: H. R. 17072 allowing the rank, pay and allowances of a colonel, M. C. to the medical officer assigned to duty as personal physician to the President, and S. 2081 an act placing certain noncommissioned officers of the Army in the first grade. Also H. J. Res. 339 authorizing the Secretary of War to award a Nicaraguan campaign badge to Captain James P. Williams, in recognition of his services to the United States in the campaign of 1912 and 1913.

The War Department has advised the House Committee on Military Affairs that H. R. 14834, which authorizes the Secretary of War to appoint as warrant officers certain clerks in the Q. M. C. now ineligible because of commissioned service during the World War, if enacted, will correct an injustice but that the Budget states it is in conflict with the President's financial program. The committee has voted to report the bill favorably.

FINANCE SCHOOL COURSE.

THE 15th regular course of the Army Finance School for selected enlisted men has just opened at Washington, D. C., under the direction of Major Frank E. Parker, F. D., commandant, assisted by the following: Warrant Officer Carl Wircher, Master Sgt. B. G. Squier, Master Sgt. C. C. Cooper, Tech. Sgts. W. Imhoff, H. Ritter and H. M. Snyder, Pvts. 1st Class G. D. Chapman and J. F. Gilchriese.

The following is a list of the students selected from all Corps Areas:

Albright, C. W., Master Sgt.; Cooper, J. W., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 3d cl.; Cox,

C. C., Cpl.; Curtis, F. L., Pvt.; Faust, A. F., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 3d cl.; Hall, C. J., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 1st cl.; Hall, E. J., Sgt.; Hill, A. E., Pvt.; Hoover, T. M., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 3d cl.; Hutchins, W. J., Pvt.; Kinsman, A. S., Cpl.; Lewis, R. H., Pvt.; Meyerson, S. N., Staff Sgt.; Moran, J. I., Pvt.; Mulvey, R. R., Staff Sgt.; Odle, C. R., Master Sgt.; Olson, J. H., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 2d cl.; Palmer, R. M., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 3d cl.; Pegues, C. W., Tech. Sgt.; Rogers, P. L., Tech. Sgt.; Sinnott, L. T., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 2d cl.; Sparks, N. L., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 1st cl.; Tellejohn, B. H., Tech. Sgt.; Thomson, G. R., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 3d cl.; Thompson, R. H., Pvt. 1st cl. Sp. 1st cl.; Toups, A. L., Staff Sgt.; White, N. S., Cpl.; Whittet, W. A., Staff Sgt.

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and Navy Journal.



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WEST POINT, N. Y.

Feb. 17, 1927.

THE annual Hundredth Night activities of the Corps of Cadets scheduled for next week-end will have a fitting opening in the mess hall on Monday evening, Feb. 21. This date marks the day actually a hundred days till June. It is from this fact that the names "Hundredth Night" and "Hundred Days Till June" have arisen. The Hundredth Day Till June is one of the few times during the year that a plebe acquires the status of an upperclassman. At the evening meal in the mess hall next Monday, he will be permitted to make humorous speeches, in which he can comment, without fear of censure, on the hobbies, foibles, and mannerisms of upperclassmen who sit at his table.

The annual masquerade, among the largest military social affairs of the year at West Point, was held on Feb. 11, at Cullum Hall. A large number of dinner parties preceded the annual ball, among the most notable being a no-host dinner party given in the Officers' Club, and attended by Brig. Gen. and Mrs. M. B. Stewart, Col. C. P. Echols, Col. and Mrs. Wirt Robinson, Lt. Col. C. C. Hodges, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Roger G. Alexander, Maj. and Mrs. H. M. Snyder, J. R. D. Matheson, Sherburne Whipple, Earl McFarland, C. P. Stearns, C. L. Fenton, A. W. Chilton, T. B. Catron, and H. L. Taylor.

Another large dinner party preceding the ball masque was given by Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Holdridge and C. R. Johnson, Jr., and Lt. and Mrs. R. M. Graham as joint hosts. The guests included Maj. and Mrs. P. B. Fleming, R. G. Moses, Capt. and Mrs. Ralph I. Sasse, H. J. Schroeder, J. M. Devine, B. H. Perry, R. W. Beasley, C. H. Armstrong, M. B. Navas, G. I. Cross, W. S. Shuttleworth, E. H. Almquist, D. C. G. Schlenker, G. A. Counts, Lt. and Mrs. J. T. Bissell, H. P. Gantt, W. L. Barriger, J. P. Withers, O. A. Axelson, Bryan Evans, L. H. F. Handy, J. K. Mitchell, Arthur MacCullough and Miss Marie Campbell.

A benefit bridge party for the Catholic Chapel at West Point will be given on Monday evening, Feb. 28, at Cullum Hall.

FORT SCREVEN, GA.

Feb. 17, 1927.

LT. COL. FAY WARRINGTON BRABSON, 8th Inf., entertained all the officers and ladies of Fort Screven, Ga., together with a number of friends from the city, at the Oglethorpe Club dinner dance in Savannah, Thursday, Feb. 17.

Lt. and Mrs. R. B. Hart gave a delightful and entertaining Barn Dance at the Officers' Club on Feb. 9. The members of the garrison and a number of guests from Savannah were present. Capt. Maximilian Clay and Mrs. Ackerman, the wife of Capt. S. H. Ackerman, M. C., were presented with the first prizes for the most original costumes. Delicious refreshments were served, and dancing was enjoyed until a late hour.

Mrs. George M. Kernan and George, Jr., have gone to the Plains, Va., to be the guests of Mrs. Kernan's mother, Mrs. William Skinner, until time for Lt. Kernan to leave for foreign service.

Lt. and Mrs. H. J. Riess were hosts to the post and a number of Savannah friends recently. A delightful dinner was followed by bridge and dancing.

Word has been received from Lt. and Mrs. G. D. Gamble, who are spending their leave at New Orleans.

Mrs. S. S. Hamilton has returned with her baby daughter, Edith. Mrs. Hamilton's mother returned with her and will be her guest for some time.

Both of the garrison entertainments given in benefit of the Army Relief were successful from a financial standpoint.

Capt. and Mrs. James C. Reed had as their house guest Miss Alberta Hull, of Savannah, whose father has just been returned to the office of mayor of that city.

The Misses Mary and Elizabeth Rourke of Savannah were the guests of Lt. and Mrs. Walter J. Muller.

Maj. and Mrs. G. E. Scrutcheff and Lt. and Mrs. D. L. Van Syckle were hosts to the Fort Screven Club on Wednesday of last week. Mrs. R. J. Burt and Mrs. Harold Head were winners of ladies' bridge prizes. Lts. E. B. Hart and J. D. Barnett carried off the men's prizes.

The garrison is looking forward to the visit of the Swedish Cruiser "Flygia," whose officers and crew are to be the guests of Savannah for about a week. The post is planning to entertain during their visit.

FORT THOMAS, KY.

Feb. 16, 1927.

COL. AND MRS. DANA T. MERRILL had Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Hall, of Cincinnati, Ohio, as their dinner guests on Feb. 10.

Capt. and Mrs. P. W. Beebe were at home on Feb. 8 for a bridge dinner. There were valentine cakes and place cards for Col. and Mrs. D. T. Merrill, Maj. and Mrs. I. J. Nichol, Capt. and Mrs. G. T. MacKenzie, Capt. and Mrs. M. E. Halloran and Mrs. Brewster.

Mrs. James Young, Mrs. C. Thomas, Mr. William Young and Mr. Austin Young, from Columbus, Ohio, were the recent weekend guests of Capt. and Mrs. P. W. Beebe. Mr. Austin Young is a member of Paul Whiteman's orchestra and played in Cincinnati last week.

Mrs. Bosier Castle was a charming hostess on Feb. 9. Bridge was the diversion of the afternoon. Among those present were Mrs. Dana T. Merrill, Mrs. M. E. Halloran, Mrs. Roswell Round, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. J. B. Willis, Mrs. J. W. Gaddis and Mrs. D. W. Kent.

Mrs. C. J. Isley left on Feb. 10 for Dayton, Ohio, en route to Detroit, Mich., for a several weeks' visit. While in Dayton she was to visit with her son, Howard, who is attending college there.

POSTS AND STATIONS

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

Feb. 16, 1927.

REAR ADM. AND MRS. LOUIS M. NULTON were the honor guests at several dinners last week. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Valiant entertained at dinner on Monday at their home, Seven Acres, near Annapolis, in their honor; Comdr. and Mrs. John N. Ferguson entertained at dinner for them on Wednesday evening at their home on Porter Road; and on Thursday, Comdr. and Mrs. Roland M. Brainard were dinner hosts complimenting the Superintendent of the Naval Academy and Mrs. Nulton.

Mrs. Charles P. Snyder, wife of Captain Snyder, U. S. N., and her younger daughter, Miss Jane Snyder, have arrived in Annapolis to remain until June week. They are staying at the home of Mrs. J. F. Ferguson. Mrs. Snyder's son, Midshipman Philip W. Snyder, is a member of the present first class at the Naval Academy.

Mrs. Elmer S. Stoker, wife of Lt. Stoker, U. S. N., entertained an afternoon bridge at her apartment on Maryland Avenue, on Feb. 14.

Capt. and Mrs. Henry C. Dinger will entertain with a buffet supper on Saturday evening, Feb. 19, after the Army-Navy basketball game.

FORT McPHERSON, GA.

Feb. 15, 1927.

GEN. ROBERT LEE BULLARD'S coming visit to Georgia is turning into an old time home coming for many of the prominent families of the South. Gen. Bullard will be the honor guest of the North Georgia Agricultural College from Feb. 19 to 22. He was commandant of cadets at this college in 1895 at which time he was a first lieutenant. Other past commandants of cadets and distinguished officers of the Army will visit the college on the occasion of its annual cadet ball on Feb. 19. (Col. William R. Dashiell, U. S. A., now in charge of military instruction in the Atlanta High Schools, who immediately preceded Gen. Bullard as commandant of cadets at the college, and Col. Ezekiel J. Williams, U. S. A., senior instructor with the 130th Division (Ga. N. G.), Atlanta, who succeeded Gen. Bullard as commandant, will attend. Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood, Commanding Officer of the 4th Corps Area, Col. Frank W. Rowell, U. S. A., R. O. T. C. Officer, 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, and other prominent Corps Area officials are included in the list of notable Army people. Their ladies will accompany them.

Miss Polly Hearn entertained at the debutantes' dinner dance at an Atlanta hotel recently, honoring Miss Kitty Hagood, and Mr. Enoch S. Gambrell, whose wedding will take place in Charleston, S. C., on Feb. 24. Invited to meet the honoree were Misses Nora O'Brien, Mark Orme and Frances Cooper, and Messrs. Perryman Little, John Rittelmeyer, Ben Milner and Emerson Gardner.

Lt. and Mrs. George Lynch entertained with a party on Feb. 8, celebrating the birthday of their daughter, Jean Carolyn. Those invited for this occasion included Mary Elizabeth Easter, Carolyn Dixon, Regina Stokes, Sally Webber, Polly Webber, Phyllis Johnson, Frenchy Hagood, Jean Williams, Peggy Myll, Virginia Rowell, Jacqueline Weckerling, Helen Ross, Margaret Purwell, Ruby Graham, and Josephine Bolling.

NOTES FROM HAWAII.

Jan. 29, 1927.

Fort Shafter.

HONORING Mrs. Haywood Hansell and her daughter, Miss Susan Hansell, of San Francisco, Mrs. Robert M. Blanchard asked a few of the ladies of the Medical Corps to an informal tea Monday afternoon.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. John H. Howard entertained at tea for 14 guests on Thursday of last week, honoring Lt. and Mrs. Edward Lewis, son and daughter-in-law of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Edward M. Lewis. Lt. and Mrs. Lewis were en route to the Philippines for station.

Capt. and Mrs. LeRoy D. Soper were dinner hosts Thursday night, having as their guests Col. and Mrs. Thomas S. Bratton, Maj. and Mrs. James M. Trout, and Maj. and Mrs. George A. O'Connell.

Col. and Mrs. Abraham G. Lott entertained at dinner and bridge on Wednesday at their quarters, having 12 guests.

Lt. and Mrs. Willard W. Scott entertained at dinner on Monday, having as their guests Maj. and Mrs. Arthur E. Rowland, Maj. and Mrs. Franklin Kemble, Capt. and Mrs. Charles W. Higgins, Col. and Mrs. Percy Poe Bishop, Capt. and Mrs. Frank J. McSherry, Lt. and Mrs. George F. Nishold, Lt. and Mrs. Carl R. Wahle.

Fort Armstrong.

MRS. FRED W. PHISTERER entertained with a bridge tea on Wednesday, having as her guests Messrs. Thomas S. Bratton, John McKim, Calvin DeWitt, Orestes Cleveland, Robert E. Wagoner, E. E. deRussy, August C. Jensen, John R. Sands, F. A. Fromhertz, James E. Russell, Harry Zeller and Miss Isabel Phisterer.

Capt. and Mrs. Albert Nostrand, who arrived on the "Chateau Thierry" on Jan. 19, were the house guests of Capt. and Mrs. Lewis B. Bibb in Honolulu before going on to Schofield Barracks, where they are to be stationed.

Fort Roger.

MRS. WILLIAM C. WASHINGTON was hostess at a morning bridge, having as her guests Mrs. Henry D. Todd, Mrs. Clar-

ence Lindner and Mrs. Donald Curtis, of Pearl Harbor. Mrs. Washington was bridge hostess on Friday, having as her guests Mrs. Percy Poe Bishop, Mrs. Frank L. K. Laflamme and Mrs. Benjamin E. Lockwood, Jr.

Lt. and Mrs. Girville L. Field were hosts at bridge Monday evening for Lt. and Mrs. George Kelly, of Fort Kamehameha, Lt. and Mrs. George E. Young, Mrs. Rose S. Baron, Miss Doris Coumbe and Lt. Albert S. Baron. Lt. and Mrs. Field were dinner hosts on Wednesday, having as their guests Lt. and Mrs. A. E. Smith, of Schofield Barracks, and Mrs. Ivan Massey.

Lt. and Mrs. Charles W. Gettys were hosts over the week-end to Lt. and Mrs. Stephen W. Ackerman, of Schofield Barracks.

Luke Field.

THE aloha dance given by the officers and ladies of Luke Field in compliment to those who recently arrived on the "Chateau Thierry" and to those who were returning to the mainland, at the Officers' Club on Friday was the outstanding event of the week and was attended by practically all the Air Corps officers and ladies.

Lt. and Mrs. Robert S. Worthington were dinner hosts on Friday, having as their guests Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. M. B. McComb, Mr. and Mrs. Paul McIlree, Mr. and Mrs. Karl B. Hill, Dr. and Mrs. Robert Faus, Miss Barbara Nickolas, Lt. Comdr. Lloyd McGuigan and Maj. Charles A. Chapman.

Lt. George V. McPike entertained Saturday, complimenting Lt. William Hanlon, who sailed for the Philippines on the "Thomas." The guests included Capt. and Mrs. Byron J. Peters, Capt. and Mrs. Holmes G. Paulin, Lt. and Mrs. David Lingie, Lt. and Mrs. Raymond R. ... Maj. Percy E. Van Nostrand, Capt. Henry Pascale, Lt. Darr H. Alkire and Lt. William Hanlon.

Lt. and Mrs. George W. Polk, Jr., and Lt. and Mrs. Lyman P. Whitten were joint hosts at a dinner at the Officers' Club Friday night, having as their guests Capt. and Mrs. John P. Beeson, Lt. and Mrs. Carlyle C. Ridenour, Donald Bruner, Cecil E. Archer, Walter E. Richards and Miss Baker.

CHILKOOT BARRACKS, ALASKA.

Feb. 1, 1927.

CAPT. AND MRS. E. S. BEALL, Lt. and Mrs. L. H. Rockafellow and Lt. and Mrs. J. B. Smith were guests at a delightful dinner given by Lt. and Mrs. Ridgely Gaither at their quarters on the evening of Jan. 1. A miniature Christmas tree formed a seasonable centerpiece for the table, the color note of red and green harmonizing with the decorations of the dining room. After dinner bridge was enjoyed till a late hour. Prizes were awarded.

Lt. and Mrs. L. H. Rockafellow left for the States Jan. 2 on the Alaska-Pacific liner "Evans." After a leave of three months, in the course of which they will visit relatives in eastern cities, Lt. Rockafellow will report at his new station, Ft. Eustis, Va.

All officers and ladies of the garrison attended the New Year reception given by Major Rogers, the commanding officer, at his quarters. After being received, the guests were welcomed to the dining room where Mrs. Rogers, assisted by Mrs. W. J. Gaimey, presided at a most artistically arranged table. A crystal basket of California poppies formed the centerpiece and tall lighted candles completed the ensemble. All present joined in expressing the hope that Major Rogers and family would find the coming year, at Chilkoot Barracks, the happiest one of their Army experience.

One of the most enjoyable affairs of the month was the bridge party given by Capt. and Mrs. E. S. Beall on the evening of Jan. 10. There were five tables of play. Miss Winifred Rogers won the ladies' first prize, a silver dorrin. Lt. Gaimey won the gentlemen's first prize which was a leather bridge set containing two packs of cards. Other prizes were won by Capt. Curry and Mrs. Munson. At the conclusion of the playing, novel and daintily-prepared refreshments were served.

After a considerable leave period spent in the States, Lt. E. B. Jackson returned early in January and was assigned to duty as post adjutant. Mrs. Jackson will join him here in the early summer.

The post basketball league is attracting, through a series of well contested games, not only the interest of the garrison but also that of the neighboring cities of Haines, Skagway and Juneau. Impressive victories over the high school teams of Haines and Skagway have been won by both "E" and "F" Company. Amateur and semi-professional teams of Juneau have sought games with the team which has been chosen to represent the post and Maj. Rogers agreed to send this team to Juneau on Feb. 1. It will remain there long enough to play at least five games with representative teams of that city. The trip will be made in the U. S. Harbor Boat "Fornance." The high school team of Skagway accepted Maj. Rogers' invitation to accompany our team to Juneau and has arranged to play a series with teams representing the various schools and athletic clubs of that city.

Companies "E" and "F" and the Special Detachments have entered two teams each in the newly formed bowling league. High scores are being rolled and interest in this form of competition is exceptionally keen and well sustained.

PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

Feb. 14, 1927.

THE Presidio Officers' Club was the recent scene of one of the most notable events in peace-time Army circles in recent years. The occasion which marked the beginning of a new era in the relations of the Army with the public press, was the honoring of the members of the newspaper profession in and around San Francisco at a luncheon arranged by Colonel Frank C. Bolles, commander of the 30th Infantry and the Presidio.

Among the one hundred and fifty guests were many notables of the newspaper world and the military profession.

The luncheon followed a golf tournament of the San Francisco Press Club which was played on the Presidio links.

At the speakers' table were Maj. Gen. John L. Hines, Col. Frank C. Bolles, Lt. Gen. Hunter Liggett, Edward Rainey, representing the Mayor of San Francisco; Charles S. Young, publisher of the San Francisco Call; Col. E. V. Smith, Eric Culenward, managing editor, San Francisco Examiner, Karl M. Anderson, managing editor, San Francisco Chronicle; Colonel A. V. P. Anderson, W. H. B. Fowler, assistant publisher, San Francisco Chronicle; Earl H. Behrens, president, San Francisco Press Club; Louis Haas, San Francisco Chamber of Commerce; and Alonzo Simmons, Californians, Incorporated.

Col. Bolles lauded the friendly spirit of the press of the Bay Cities region in its relations with the Army and pointed out the power of the press as a factor of national defense. Gen. Hines, who was introduced by Gen. Liggett, spoke of various peace-time constructive accomplishments of the Army. Responses made by the press representatives were highly complimentary and indicated a profound appreciation of the cordial relations now existing and a firm conviction that they will continue.

NAVAL WAR COLLEGE, NEWPORT, R. I.

Feb. 16, 1927.

MANY of the officers of the War College and their families attended a very enjoyable dance given by the Student Officers of the Torpedo School, at the Viking, Jan. 29.

Maj. and Mrs. Karl Truesdale entertained at a tea at their home on Jan. 30.

Mrs. Charles P. Snyder, with her two daughters, left Feb. 1, for Annapolis, where she will spend the rest of the winter.

The Misses Reed, daughters of Col. and Mrs. Walter L. Reed, gave a farewell party Jan. 31 in honor of Miss Betty Lee Snyder who left the following day for Annapolis.

Comdr. and Mrs. Harry L. Pence entertained at a tea in honor of the Junior War College Class at their home on Feb. 1.

Mrs. Raymond S. Pratt gave a luncheon at her home Feb. 4.

Mrs. William H. Bell entertained at a luncheon on Feb. 15.

The Naval War College Class and the Officers of the Staff have chosen Feb. 21 for their next "Club Night" at the Viking.

FORT HOYLE, MD.

Feb. 16, 1927.

THE night of Feb. 5 will long be remembered by the soldiers of Fort Hoyle, Md., because of the festivities connected with the house warming in their new Service Club building. Forms of entertainment which please the military man most, boxing, vaudeville stunts and eats, were there in great plenty and of high quality. In addition to that there was no ticket taker at the door. The hot dogs and coffee were passed out without benefit of cash register or canteen checks. Requests for "seconds" were honored at the mess counter by acting mess sergeants who for once wore a cheerful smile. In other words everything was free without stint or limit. The occasion as conducted became a very large family party with the garrisons of Fort Hoyle and the adjacent Edgewood Arsenal present in full strength.

All military ranks from the very high to the lowest were present, Maj. Gen. William J. Snow, Chief of Field Artillery, with officers of his staff, came up from Washington to witness the affair. In addition to these distinguished guests there were present Brig. Gen. H. G. Learned, commanding general at Fort Hoyle; Col. C. W. Exton, commanding the Chemical Warfare troops of Edgewood Arsenal; and Lt. Col. A. McIntyre, commanding the Sixth Field Artillery. Brig. Gen. Amos A. Fries, Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, was expected, but was unable to attend. The Sixth Field Artillery orchestra furnished the music.

After brief talks by Gen. Snow, Gen. Learned, Col. Exton and Lt. Col. McIntyre in which the troops were congratulated upon the acquisition of the new building, the vaudeville program was staged. This consisted of turns by professional entertainers from Baltimore. A string of fast boxing bouts furnished the most exciting entertainment of the evening. The first bout, welterweights, Goldstein, Battery "D," 6th F. A., v. Fletcher, Battery "C," 6th F. A., was won by Fletcher on a foul in the third round. The second, lightweights, Vendettie, 2nd Combat Train, 6th F. A., v. Janek, Chemical Warfare Service, went three rounds to a draw. The third bout, lightweights, Morelli, Battery "D," 6th F. A., v. Lezulla, Battery "E," 6th F. A., was won by Morelli, his opponent unfortunately injuring his leg against a ring post which forced him to withdraw.

Capt. F. S. Conaty, F. A., had charge of the work of moving the old building to its new site, and in his honor the building is now known as "Conaty Hall." The work was planned and completed under the direction of Lt. Col. A. McIntyre, F. A.

The lack of a suitable building for the use of the enlisted personnel of Fort Hoyle (Continued on Page 597.)

ARMY-NAVY COURT CLASH.

THE Army and Navy quints clash at Annapolis, Md., today for the Inter-Service basketball title. Comparative records show little to choose between the Academy basketballers, the Navy having a slight edge on record of performances. If the Navy wins today, the series will stand 4-all in the matter of victories, as the Cadets have won four prior clashes and the Navy three.

The Army quint in its final battle at West Point Feb. 12 defeated Union College 20-19, with Draper, Army's court star, looping the winning tally in the final minute of play.

The Navy quint disposed of Gettysburg, Feb. 12, at Annapolis by a score of 30-20 through general team play.

The Midshipmen defeated the University of Virginia 33-19 at Annapolis, February 16, in their final tilt before the Service contest.

Posts and Stations.

(Continued from Page 596.)

and Edgewood Arsenal as a service club and gymnasium has been for a number of years a serious drawback to the full enjoyment of garrison life by the men stationed there. Although a suitable field for all forms of outdoor athletics was available and water sports of all kinds could be enjoyed in the Chesapeake Bay and the Gunpowder and Bush Rivers, there was no place for dances, basketball games, boxing or any form of indoor sports in inclement weather. The completion of the Service Club, therefore, rounds out the social and athletic activities of the post. To construct the new building there was removed from a site about two miles distant an old hostess building of war time use. Due to its large size it was necessary before removal to cut it into four sections which were moved as units to the new site adjacent to the permanent barracks of the Field Artillery and Chemical Warfare troops. The sections were then reassembled on a new foundation and refitted to form a gymnasium and dance hall about 50x80 feet besides the space occupied by a theater stage at one end and dressing rooms, bath rooms, small kitchen and other facilities at the opposite end.

FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANS.

Feb. 16, 1927.

BRIG. GEN. EDWARD L. KING, commandant of Fort Leavenworth, will leave about March 1 for Washington, D. C., for a few days' stay. Gen. King will address the Army War College, Washington, on the subject of "Command," and will probably confer with Maj. Gen. C. P. Summerall, Chief of Staff, U. S. A., who will, it is expected, visit Fort Leavenworth in April.

Col. and Mrs. Russell P. Reeder, of Fort Monroe, Va., will return to Fort Leavenworth in June for station. Col. Reeder will be an instructor at the General Service Schools.

Maj. and Mrs. Thurston Hughes entertained on Saturday afternoon with a large tea dance at the Golf Club. The guests included the officers of the class of the General Service Schools, their wives and a number of the residents of the permanent garrison, numbering 455. The ladies who served coffee were Meses. Edward King, George Byroade, Thomas J. Camp and Andrew White. Those serving punch and assisting included Meses. Frank Besson, Thomas Terry, Everett Hughes, David McCoach, Jr., Virgil Peterson, Walter Robertson, Daniel Torrey, Sherman Miles, Charles Nulsen and Samuel Hopkins.

Maj. and Mrs. Russell P. Hartle entertained with dinner on Saturday, honoring their house guests, Mr. and Mrs. James Bruce, of St. Joseph, Mo., and Maj. and Mrs. Charles M. Busbee, of Fort Leavenworth.

FORT HOWARD, MD.

Feb. 16, 1927.

A DELIGHTFUL party was given on Feb. 8 by Col. and Mrs. William Screws at their quarters. Following the dinner, each guest was called upon to perform some stunt. There were many bashful guests, but those less bashful rendered entertainment for their bashful brethren. There was a male quintet composed of Col. Screws, Capt. Mossman, Lts. Gillespie, McComas and Maj. Emery. They sang a number of songs, and Col. Screws rendered a solo. Following these songs a series of solo dances were given; Miss Aida Garcia did the black bottom; Miss Carlyle Boone, the rula; Miss Eleanor Ayer, the Charleston; Lt. Barlow, "Try and Guess It." Then the guests played games, following which Lt. Carne recited his poem or parlor battle, "The Face on the Barroom Floor." Those who enjoyed this party were Col. and Mrs. Beacham, Jr., Maj. and Meses. Elliott, Emery, Capt. and Meses. Sharpless, Coffin, Gantt, Mossman, Colby, Mrs. Garcia, Lts. and Meses. McComas, Barlow, Leeper, Curran, Lanham, Davis, Carne, Lts. Gillespie, Christian, Meses Garcia, Aver, Boone, Collins, and Capt. Ferree.

Capt. and Mrs. H. B. Gantt entertained in their apartment on Feb. 10 with a dinner prior to the semi-monthly hop. Those enjoying the hospitality of Capt. and Mrs. Gantt were: Col. and Mrs. Beacham, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Screws, Maj. and Meses. Elliott, Emery, Capt. and Meses. Sharpless, Coffin, Colby, Lts. and Meses. McComas, Barlow, Leeper, Ashburn, Connelly, Curran, Davis, Capt. Ferree, Grover, Meses Garcia, Ayer and Collins.

Basketball.

SERVICE SPORTS

Polo

CADETS SCORE FOUR TRIUMPHS.

WITH four victories and one defeat in various winter sports meets, Feb. 12, the Cadets emerged as winners in all contests at West Point, trouncing C. U. in boxing, 7-0; M. I. T. in fencing 9-4, and the 3d Cavalry officers' team, Ft. Ethan Allen, 14-3. The Penn tankmen defeated the West Pointers in swimming, 37-25, at Philadelphia, and lost to Cadets 16-13 in wrestling.

The summaries follow:

Boxing.

115-Pound Class—Morrow, Army, defeated Riordin, Catholic University. Bout stopped by referee in second round.

125-Pound Class—Callery, Army, defeated Maguire, Catholic University, 3 rounds decision.

135-Pound Class—Reynolds, Army, defeated Byrne, Catholic University, 3 rounds, decision.

145-Pound Class—Stone, Army, defeated Greico, Catholic University, 3 rounds, decision.

165-Pound Class—Watlington, Army, knocked out A. Tierney, Catholic University, second round.

175-Pound Class—Fritzsche, Army, defeated Malevich, Catholic University, 3 rounds, decision.

Heavyweight Class—Hornisher, Army, defeated B. Tierney, Catholic University, 3 rounds, decision.

Swimming.

50-Yard Swim—Won by MacLea, Penn; O'Keefe, Army, second; Finlay, Army, third. Time—0:26 1-5.

440-Yard Swim—Won by Blecker, Penn; Garton, Army, second; Van Natta, Army, third. Time—5:47.

Fancy Dive—Won by Allen, Army, 92 points; Repp, Penn, second; Harrington, Army, third.

150-Yard Backstroke—Won by Blecker, Penn; Finlay, Army, second; Marshall, Penn, third. Time—1:59 4-5.

300-Yard Breaststroke—Won by McKenney, Penn; Dwyer, Army, second; Kaplan, Penn, third. Time—2:52 2-5.

100-Yard Swim—Won by O'Keefe, Army; Johnson, Penn, second; MacLea, Penn, third. Time—0:59 4-5.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Penn (Johnson, MacLea, Blecker, Marshall). Time—1:48 1-5.

Wrestling.

115 pounds, Harris, Penn; 125 pounds, Daly (Army), Bogdon (Penn.), draw; 135 pounds, McDonald, Penn.; 145 pounds, Kurstedt, Army; 155, Rose, Army; 175 pounds, Hammack (Army), Pratt (Penn.), draw. Heavy, Schmidt, Army. Final score, Army 16, Univ. of Penn. 13.

QUANTICO BASEBALL SCHEDULE.

TWENTY-TWO baseball games with leading Eastern schools have been scheduled for the Quantico Marine team this year. At least 10 veterans of last year's large squad are still located at Quantico, but will have to fight for their positions against a host of new material. Among the newcomers are William Derr, catcher, and William Scarlett, George Fortie and Sanford Young, infielders.

Capt. Freney will assist Coach J. T. Keady at Quantico, while Lieut. Bailey will coach at Parris Island. Richard Duncan, outfielder, and George Monteith, first baseman, will also go to Parris Island.

The schedule follows:

April 1, Bucknell University, at Quantico; 4, University of Vermont, at Quantico; 5, University of Vermont, at Quantico; 8, Catholic University, at Quantico; 13, Temple University, at Quantico; 14, Temple University, at Quantico; 16, Lafayette College, at Quantico; 18, St. Bonaventure's College, at Quantico; 19, St. Bonaventure's College, at Quantico; 23, Western Maryland College, at Quantico; 26, Wake Forest, at Quantico; 29, Virginia Military Institute, at Quantico.

May 4, Gallaudet College, at Quantico; 7, Virginia Military Institute, at Lexington; 12, Gettysburg College, at Quantico; 16, Guilford College, at Quantico; 18, Washington College, at Quantico; 19, Washington College, at Quantico; 24, Catholic University, at Washington; 27, West Virginia University, at Morgantown; 28, West Virginia University, at Morgantown; 30, West Virginia University, at Morgantown.

ARMY POLO COMMITTEE NAMED.

THE War Department has announced the appointment of the following officers as members of the Army Central Polo Committee:

Chairman, Lt. Col. Nelson E. Margetts, G. S.; Secretary and Treasurer, Maj. W. D. Crittenger, Cav.; Members, Lt. Col. E. H. DeArmond, F. A.; Maj. H. W. Baird, Cav.; C. L. Scott, Q. M. C.; C. Parker, G. S.; R. E. O'Brien, Inf.

ARMY HOMING PIGEONS WIN.

THE Pigeon Service of the U. S. Army Signal Corps again carried off principal honors at the Brooklyn Concourse Pigeon Show, Brooklyn, N. Y., just closed.

NAVY WINS FOUR MEETS.

THE Midshipmen varsity teams scored four victories in six winter sport meets at the Naval Academy, Feb. 12, defeating Syracuse University 35-27 in swimming; 67-8 in water polo; 11-6 in fencing, and Georgetown University 6-1 in boxing. The Navy wrestling team was defeated by the Oklahoma Aggies, 20-5, while Maryland University vanquished the Navy riflemen 1,380-1,377. The Plebes defeated Central High School of D. C., 52-10, at swimming; Forest Park, of Baltimore, 6-1 in fencing, and dropped the basketball game to N. Y. M. A., 15-37.

The outstanding victories in swimming and water polo place Navy second in intercollegiate circles in these sports. Yale leads swimming and water polo with three victories and no defeats at present, while the Navy has chalked up two wins and no losses.

The boxing and swimming summaries follow:

Boxing.

115 pounds—Huck, Navy, defeated Hagerty, Georgetown, by technical knockout in second round.

125 pounds—Weintraub, Navy, defeated Abbaticchie, Georgetown, by technical knockout in second round.

135 pounds—Horney, Navy, defeated Davis, Georgetown, in three rounds. Judge's decision.

145 pounds—Gerin, Navy, defeated Murphy, Georgetown, in three rounds. Judge's decision.

160 pounds—Preece, Georgetown, defeated Burke, Navy, in three rounds. Referee's decision.

175 pounds—Coleman, Navy, defeated Lillich, by knockout in first round.

Unlimited weight—King, Navy, defeated Stockton, Georgetown, in three rounds. Referee's decision.

Referee—Charles Short, of Baltimore. Judges—Heine Miller, of Washington, and J. C. Frank, of Philadelphia.

Swimming.

50-Yard Free Style—Won by Mergott, Syracuse; Turner, Navy, second; Cressy, Navy, third. Time—0:25 4-10.

440-Yard Free Style—Won by Coale, Navy; Coe, Navy second; Shaw, Syracuse, third. Time—6:01.

Fancy Diving—Won by Cooper, Navy, 96.8; Blue, Syracuse, second, 88.5; Dee Fronzo, Syracuse, third, 79.5.

150-Yard Back Stroke—Won by Morse, Syracuse; Sezluk, Navy, second; Davis, Navy, third. Time—2:03 8-10.

200-Yard Breast Stroke—Won by Allan, Navy; Cerenack, Syracuse, second; Wakeman, Navy, third. Time—2:45 2-10.

100-Yard Free Style—Won by Coale, Navy; Turner, Navy, second; Mergott, Syracuse, third. Time—0:58 3-10.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Syracuse (Peters, Morse, Dee Fronzo, Mergott.)

CO. B, 13TH ENGRS., CHAMPS.

THE inter-company basketball league having terminated finds Company "B," 13th Engrs. winners as they have been in the past seven years, with Company "C," 13th Engrs., runners up.

The team scored 326 points to its opponents 182. Dyson lead at high point scoring with a total of 91 points, making 40 field goals and 11 foul shots; McBride was runner up with a total of 85 points, 41 field goals and 3 foul shots; Temple was next with 56 points, 25 field goals and 6 foul shots; Bingham, 33 points, 13 field goals and 7 foul shots; Knamiller had 15 points, 7 field goals and 1 foul shot.

BATTERY C, 16th F. A. TAKES TITLE.


FOR the second successive year "C"

Battery, 16th Field Artillery, has completed an undefeated basketball season, in the Fort Myer League. They scored a total of 318 points while the seven opposing teams scored but 162. 1st Sgt. Wm. J. Gleason, team captain, led the team with 108 points to his credit; his floor work and team play being a large factor in the successful season. Lt. G. D. Pence, at center, scored 93 points and Pvt. 1st Class Ryan was third with 85 points.

The Guards, Pvs. 1st Class Clark and Davis did fine work all season, Capt. Tate's large number of good reserves, Pvs. Krisko, Bozarth, Moore Highfill, and Cpl. Fox kept everyone working hard all season for first-team positions.

WICKHORST TO COACH IOWA.

FRANK H. WICKHORST, captain of the United States Naval Academy's team last fall and the selection of many authorities as an all-American tackle, has been signed as assistant football coach at the University of Iowa.



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FINANCIAL DIGEST
By A MARKET EXPERT.

G. M. P. MURPHY & CO., commenting on the recent bond offering of \$60,000,000 of the Aluminum Company of America, calls attention to the substantial and consistent growth of this industry. In 1926, the world output of primary aluminum was more than 2½ times that in 1913. Aluminum production is practically all in the hands of five principal groups, the American, French, British, German and Swiss. The Aluminum Company of America, together with its Canadian subsidiary, produces more than half of the world output.

A consolidated balance sheet, as of January 1, 1927, adjusted to give effect to the \$60,000,000 bond issue, carried plant and equipment at a depreciated value of \$103,000,000 with investment in other subsidiaries at \$47,000,000. Funded debt totaled \$61,000,000. Net current assets were about \$79,000,000, but this included bond proceeds to be used in the company's construction program.

Only fragmentary earnings figures are available. In connection with the financing, earnings after taxes and depreciation available for interest were reported as follows: 1924—\$13,425,266; 1925—\$22,891,505; 1926—\$19,747,069. Deducting present interest requirements of \$3,060,000 per annum and the dividend requirements on \$147,262,500 of 6 per cent preferred stock would leave balances for the 1,472,625 shares of common equivalent per share to \$1.04 in 1924, \$7.48 in 1925, and \$5.34 in 1926.

INCOME TAX

We don't know what your GROSS income is, but we do know that we can increase your NET income if you will let us insure your automobile. This Association DISCOUNTS the basic rates of reputable civilian companies from 20 to 30% as a starter, and at the end of the policy year RETURNS to its members a cash dividend on what they have paid in as premium, whether the policy is renewed or not.

As these premiums were originally 25% below those of reputable insurance carriers, this represents a net saving to our members of about 50%.

For the past year these dividends have amounted to 25% per cent on the paid in premiums of policies expiring during that period.

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Bill Promoting Retired Army Officers Not to Be Acted On

MAJ. GEN. PETER C. HARRIS, retired, formerly The Adjutant General of the Army, together with Brig. Gen. C. P. Kennedy, retired, and Col. Wilds P. Richardson appeared before a subcommittee of the House Committee on Military Affairs on Thursday of this week to urge a favorable report on the bill, S. 3878, which gives wartime rank to certain officers now on the retired list of the Army. No action was taken on the bill which shelves it for this session.

General Harris made an interesting statement in behalf of those who would be benefited by the proposed legislation, and also urged an amendment providing that these retired officers should be given the highest rank held by them during the World War. General Kennedy and Colonel Richardson endorsed the measure.

The report of the War Department suggested an amendment that would change the date, Nov. 11, 1918, as carried in the bill at present, to the period of the World War. This amendment would provide that instead of an officer being placed on the retired list at the grade held on Nov. 11, 1918, he would be given the grade he held up to July 2, 1921.

Among the officers who would be benefited by the proposed legislation would be Maj. Gen. Peyton C. March, retired, and Maj. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, retired, both of whom would be full generals on the retired list; Maj. Gen. Hunter Liggett and Maj. Gen. Robert L. Bullard as lieutenant generals, and hundreds of others as major generals, brigadier generals and colonels.

SOLDIER HOMES' BOARD NAMED.

THE House Committee on Military Affairs has ordered favorably reported a resolution filling vacancies on the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers. Men recommended by the committee are Bruce J. Newlon, a Spanish War veteran of Nebraska, to take the place of Maj. James W. Wadsworth, deceased; Thomas W. Moses, of Illinois, to take the place of Hon. James S. Catherwood, who has resigned. The committee also decided to recommend an addition of two members to the board and recommended Harry H. Holt, of Virginia, for one of the additional vacancies and some person from Tennessee for the second.

Hon. Roy Fitzgerald, of Ohio, introduced a resolution in the House calling for an investigation of the Home by a special committee of Congress.

SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES

THE President of the United States transmitted supplemental estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1927, for the War Department, amounting in all to \$146,135; also a draft of proposed legislation effecting an existing appropriation of the War Department. Eighty-five thousand dollars of this estimate for restoring the Post Hospital at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., to remain available until June 30, 1928.

The Chief Executive also submitted supplemental estimates for the Navy Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1927, amounting to \$1,730,000.

For public works, Navy Yard, N. Y., \$50,000, replacing buildings destroyed by fire February 9; construction of public works, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., as authorized by the act approved February 15, 1927, \$1,650,000. This estimate of appropriations is for the purpose of enabling the Secretary of the Navy to begin the replacement of temporary buildings at Quantico which were destroyed by fire; Marine Barracks, Parris Island, S. C., for the construction of a steel bridge across Archers Creek, S. C., \$30,000, as authorized by the act of Congress February 14.

SERVICE BILLS REPORTED.

THE House Military Committee in executive session February 18 reported favorably the following bills: H. R. 17111, a bill to repair and rebuild Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., authorizing appropriations of \$2,341,348; H. R. 17155, authorizing the transfer of certain real estate in New Orleans, La., to the War Department; H. R. 17182, to permit construction of new barracks at Fort Jay, Governors Island, N. Y., authorizing \$1,860,000; S. 4692, authorizing the sale of deteriorated ammunition by the War Department; S. 4691 to permit the employment of civil caretakers for National Guard equipment; H. R. 14834, providing for the promotion of certain Quartermaster Field Clerks to be Warrant Officers; S. 2597, granting certain contract surgeons the rank of First Lieutenant in the Army.

HEARING ON MODERNIZATION BILL

THE Senate Naval Affairs Committee held preliminary hearings on the battleship modernization bill now pending before the House on February 17. This hearing was merely to expedite the reporting of this measure when it comes over from the House, as no action can be taken on the bill until the House passes it.

Army Orders.

(Continued from Page 589.)

A. and H. G. Learnard, U. S. A., who are hereby relieved.

Retirement of Enlisted Men.

Mstr. Sgt. J. M. Geiger, O. D., at Fort McDowell, Calif.
Sgt. C. G. Grotz, D. E. M. L., at the Army Music School, Washington Brks., D. C.
1st Sgt. R. H. Axford, 24th Pursuit Sqdn., A. C., at France Field, C. Z.

D. E. M. L.

Staff Sgt. P. D. Bennett, D. E. M. L., transferred to 24th Pursuit Sqdn., A. C., on departure from Pittsburgh, Pa., and to sail Mar. 5, from New York to Panama, for duty as replacement for Staff Sgt. L. I. Herman.

Staff Sgt. L. I. Herman, A. C., France Field, Panama, will be transferred in grade of staff sgt., to detached enlisted men's list, on departure from present station, and to Pittsburgh, Pa., for duty the Pittsburgh air port.

Organized Reserves.

Following Q. M. Res., to active duty Mar. 5, at N. Y. gen. intermediate depot, N. Y. C., for training: Maj. J. A. Broderick; Capt. H. M. Kennedy, C. A. Loeb, C. J. Vexler; 1st Lts. I. L. Davis, T. F. Flynn; 2nd Lts. E. A. Levey and V. B. Smith; Maj. F. E. Hasler, W. L. MacQuillan; Capt. L. A. Christian, J. C. Furnival, Herbert Lisle, A. S. Stanford; 1st Lts. J. C. Lorentzen, jr., E. T. Morrison, A. D. Oppenheimer; 2nd Lts. W. L. Fay, L. B. Ostrow, T. E. Reilly, Bruce Reynolds and A. I. Rich, jr.

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS.

Promotions and Vacancies on Promotion List (Cumulative) Since Feb. 11, 1927.

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel—Charles B. Stone, Jr., Inf., No. 5 on page 146, January Army List and Directory.

Last nomination to the grade of Colonel—Frank H. Burton, Q. M. C.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Lieutenant Colonel—Harris Pendleton, jr., Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—Louis C. Brinton, jr., C. A. C., No. 582 on page 148.

Last nomination to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—Thomas F. Van Natta, jr., Cavalry.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Major—James A. Mars, A. C.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Lucien S. Berry, Cav. No. 2307, page 154.

Last nomination to the grade of Major—Victor W. B. Wales, Cav.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Captain—William E. Cambers, Infantry.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—John T. B. Bissell, F. A., No. 5463, page 165.

Last nomination to grade of Captain—John B. Bellinger, jr., Ord.

Vacancies—None.

Senior First Lieutenant—George S. Eyster, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of First Lieutenant—James M. Callicutt, F. A., No. 8436, page 176.

Last nomination to the grade of First Lieutenant—John S. Griffith, A. C.

Vacancies—One. Officer entitled—Pio Q. Caluya, P. S.

Senior Second Lieutenant if vacancy were filled—George W. Marvin, C. E.

Vacancies in the grade of Second Lieutenant—165.

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10	1,200.00	485.21	1,685.21
15	1,800.00	1,229.36	3,029.36
20	2,400.00	2,480.10	4,880.10
\$ 20 a Month			
5	1,200.00	217.99	1,417.99
10	2,400.00	970.43	3,370.43
15	3,600.00	2,458.72	6,058.72
20	4,800.00	4,960.20	9,760.20
\$ 50 a Month			
5	3,000.00	544.97	3,544.97
10	6,000.00	2,426.07	8,426.07
15	9,000.00	6,146.81	15,126.81
20	12,000.00	12,400.50	24,400.50

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(Continued from Page 578.)

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U. S. A. L.: President Coolidge—E. A. Brown, Jr., care Regis College, Denver, Colorado.

Honor School: Staunton Military Academy—C. R. McBride, 415 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Honor School: Staunton Military Academy—R. G. Carhart, 1326 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.; William Taylor, Jr., 1st alt., 1107 W. Forest Road, Clifton Park, Cleveland, Ohio; J. R. Wood, 2d alt., 2 Vesper Place, Bloomfield, N. J.

NATIONAL GUARD.

New Jersey: K. F. Zitzman, Pvt., 1 Cl., Co. G, 113th Inf., 80 Union Place, Ridgefield Park.

Virginia: E. F. Easterbrook, Pvt., Battery D, 1st Bn., 111th F. A., Qrs. 121 E. Fort Monroe.

California: C. S. Cobb, Corpl., Co. H, 160th Inf., 29 San Miguel Road, Pasadena.
Arizona: B. H. Hall, 1st Sgt., Co. E, 158th Inf., 870 E. Third St., Tucson.

REGULAR ARMY.

1st Corps A.: E. J. Cotter, Pvt., 1 Cl., Btry. C, 9th C. A. J. W. Baker, Sgt. Hq., 1st C. A. Dist. V. E. Maston, Pvt., Co. G, 5th Inf. J. G. Ondrick, Pvt., Finance Department.

2nd Corps A.: Henry Sullivan, Pvt., 1 Cl., Hq. Btry., 62d C. A. E. C. Mitchell, Pvt., 1 Cl., Co. G, 26th Inf. R. C. Huggins, Pvt., Co. A, 51st Sig. Bn. A. J. Sutherland, Pvt., Hq. Co., 26th Inf. H. A. Terry, Pvt., DEML, U. S. M. A. S. E. Wagner, Pvt., 1 Cl., DEML, U. S. M. A. J. B. Hanlen, Corpl., 4th Sig. Serv. Co. A. D. Noble, Pvt., Hq. Co., 51st Sig. Bn. H. W. Axelrod, Pvt., 1 Cl., DEML, U. S. M. A. J. H. Lewis, Pvt., Co. A, 51st Sig. Bn. L. E. Tupper, Pvt., 1 Cl., Hq. Co., 18th Inf. J. F. DeWolf, Pvt., 1 Cl., DEML, U. S. M. A. E. E. Tice, Pvt., Med. Dept. S. W. Triane, Pvt., DEML, U. S. M. A. Charles Hereth, Pvt., 15th Sig. Serv. Co. Murray Kastenber, Pvt., Med. Dept. L. M. Barksdale, Pvt., 1 Cl., DEML, U. S. M. A. C. M. Fuhrman, Pvt., DEML, U. S. M. A.

3rd Corps A.: A. C. Veasey, Pvt., 1 Cl., 2d Wing Hq. A. C. A. S. Holder, Pvt., 1 Cl., Btry. C, 52d C. A. C. B. Whittenberg, Pvt., 16th Sig. Serv. Co.

4th Corps A.: W. F. Train, Pvt., 22d Inf. C. L. Webb, Corpl., 29th Inf. John Drayne, Pvt., 1 Cl., 15th Tank Bn. W. J. Barr, Pvt., 1 Cl., 29th Inf. A. B. Webb, Pvt., 1 Cl., 29th Inf. H. R. Walker, Corpl., 29th Inf. Gordon Singles, Pvt., 1 Cl., 13th C. A. S. B. Kinard, Jr., Pvt., 22d Inf. Elbert Walden, Pvt., 22d Inf. T. R. McDonald, Corpl., 29th Inf. S. A. Belcher, Jr., Pvt., 22d Inf. R. E. James, Pvt., 1 Cl., 7th Engrs. J. H. O'Neal, Pvt., 22d Inf. A. L. Little, Pvt., 22d Inf. G. M. Giffe, Pvt., 22d Inf. Joseph Shremshock, Sgt., 83d Fld. Arty. William Bachre, Corpl., 29th Inf. G. W. Bower, Corpl., 29th Inf. E. C. Fields, Pvt., 22d Inf. R. R. Weber, Pvt., Inf. School, Det. Fort Benning, Georgia.

5th Corps A.: H. S. Salsgiver, Pvt., 1 Cl., Co. L, 10th Inf. C. G. Dickens, Pvt., 18th Sig. Serv. Co. C. E. McConaughy, Pvt., Btry. C, 3d F. A.

6th Corps A.: P. R. Sutherland, Pvt., A. C. T. S., Det. E. H. Eddy, Pvt., Btry. A, 14th F. A. H. G. Roller, Pvt., 1 Cl., Hq.

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Marine Corps Promotion Bill Is Drafted

(Continued from Page 580.)

The proposed bill makes changes in the commissioned officer complement, as shown by the following table:

Comparison of Distribution in Grades of Officers Under Present Law and Under Proposed Law.

Grade	Number in Grade		Percentage in Grade		Change
	Present	Proposed	Present	Proposed	
Maj. Gen.	3*	5*	1/4 of 1%	1/2 of 1%	+ 1/4 of 1%
Brig. (Line)	6	5	11-20 of 1%	1/2 of 1%	-1-20 of 1%
Brig. (Staff)	3†	3‡	(†)	(‡)	none
Colonel	36‡	38‡	3-10%	3 1/2%	+1-5 of 1%
Lt. Col.	44	71	4%	6 1/2%	+2 1/2%
Major	124	131	11-2-5%	12%	+3-5 of 1%
Captain	329	295	30 1/4%	27%	-3 1/4%
1st and 2nd Lts.	551	548	50 1/4%	50%	- 3/4%
Totals	1,093	1,093	100%	100%	

*Including the Major General Commandant.

†The three heads of staff departments are included in the total of 36 colonels, line and staff.

‡The three heads of staff departments, and all colonels holding permanent staff appointments, are in addition to the authorized strength and not included in the 38 colonels. The two colonels now carried as additional numbers are included in the 38.

(service in the reserve does not count for pay) and continue to receive that rate of pay upon transfer to the retired list. Those with less than this service receive, in the case of captains, three years' pay as a lump sum payment at the time of transfer and one-third pay for seven years, and in the

case of first lieutenants two years' pay as a lump sum and one-sixth pay for seven years.

Second lieutenants are promoted first lieutenants after completing three years' service.

Brigadier generals are promoted to major generals by seniority.

Heads of staff departments and colonels holding permanent staff appointments (now three generals and seven colonels) as well as future heads of staff departments and future permanent staff colonels, became additional numbers.

All additional number line colonels (now two in number) have their additional number status removed and retain their present position on the list of colonels.

Provides for the retirement of one line general when in any year there are no vacancies among the generals of the line from other causes.

Provides for the transfer of an extra number staff colonel when he is not on a staff eligible list and when a line officer junior to him is transferred from the active list.

It changes the composition of the board that prepares the eligible lists for heads of the staff departments, revokes the present law that provides for the forced transfer to the retired list of certain colonels and all existing laws that are in conflict with the provisions of this bill.

While the bill does not provide for any increase of the total authorized number of commissioned officers on the active list, it will in effect provide an increase in the total number of trained officers available for use in a national emergency as, by the operation of the bill, there will be eventually a considerable accumulation of officers in the Marine Corps Reserve available for emergency use. These officers will have had at least six years of regular service training and experience and therefore will be of great value in augmenting the active list should the occasion for such a step arise. It is estimated that by the seventh year of the operation of the bill and thereafter there will be in the Marine Corps Reserve a total of 204 such officers, who will be in addition to the present authorized active list of the Marine Corps, and this at a cost of less than that of the active list alone under the present system.

The proposed bill increases the cost over the present system for the first six years by an average yearly amount of \$70,428 and after that starts showing a progressive decrease, so that by the twelfth year a net

More Association Members.

A NUMBER of Service people are still taking advantage of the special privileges afforded by membership in the Association of Army and Navy Stores, Inc., according to Mr. David E. Victor, general manager of the organization.

Recent members among the Service people are as follows: Regular Army—Col. James C. Warren, rtd., Lt. Col. Sanford H. Wadhams, rtd., George A. Hanvey, John W. Kilbreth, rtd., Major Eugene Villaret, Capt. Ernest Clark, Ernest H. Burt, Charles T. Griffith, Howard M. Williamson and Lt. Albert G. Mathews, U. S. A. In the Navy: Comdr. Fred H. Potect, Lt. Comdr. Elwood A. Sharp, Percy T. Wright, Vernon R. Dunlap, Capt. Alexander L. Parsons, Henry L. Wyman, Lts. Kendall S. Reed, Joseph Buchalter, Ens. John D. Reppy, Ch. Carp. William Finlay, U. S. N., and Marine Gunner, Charles H. Earton, U. S. M. C.

NAVY OFFERS BOATS FOR SALE.

EIGHT boats, and the hulks of two submarine chasers are offered for sale by sealed proposals which will be opened at the Central Sales Office, Washington Navy Yard on March 15, 1927.

One yacht, the U. S. S. Herreshoff No. 323, two harbor tugs, a 69-foot motor boat, three coal barges, one submarine chaser and the hulks of two submarine chasers are offered for sale:

ARMY BUILDINGS FOR SALE.

BY order of the Secretary of War, certain Government-owned buildings at the St. Louis Medical Intermediate Depot, St. Louis, Mo., will be sold. Bids will be opened on Feb. 25.

saving of \$32,353 is shown. This decrease in cost continues to accumulate until about the twentieth year when the annual expenditure for the active list, the transferred reserve and the additions to the retired list under the proposed law, all combined, will stabilize at a figure that is \$557,000 less than would be the cost of the active list alone by that year under the present law. The net saving to the Government during this time is well over \$3,000,000.

The Personnel Board appointed by the Major General Commandant to make recommendations to remedy the present conditions affecting the commissioned personnel of the Corps is constituted as follows:

Brig. Gen. B. H. Fuller, president; Col. H. C. Reisinger (A. P. M.), member; D. C. McDougal, member; Lt. Col. R. B. Creecy, member; Maj. R. S. Keyser, member; E. H. Brainard, member; Capt. C. Ubel, member.

Recorders: Maj. S. B. Kennedy (Sept. 28 to Nov. 1, 1926), and Capt. E. F. C. Collier (Nov. 1, 1926, to date).

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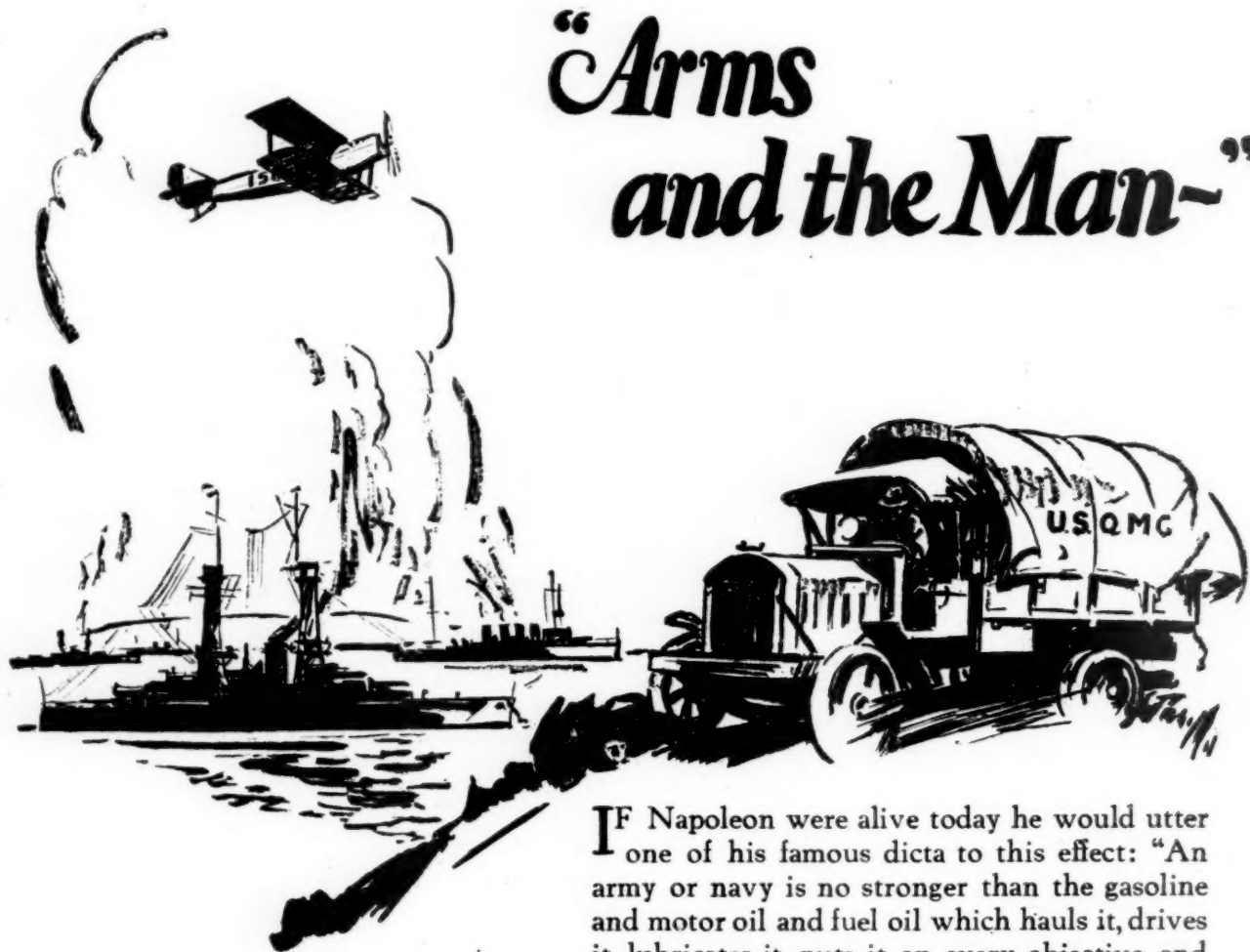
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